

The Chelsea Standard-Herald.

VOLUME XIX. NO. 42.

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN, THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 21, 1907.

WHOLE NUMBER 979

The Chelsea Savings Bank

Presents the following figures for your thoughtful consideration:

Capital,	\$100,000.00
Surplus and Profits,	\$102,503.15
Total Resources, over	\$1,000,000.00

To Thoughtful People looking for a safe place to keep their money, or transact their banking business, these figures mean **MUCH**.

The CHELSEA SAVINGS BANK is the OLDEST and STRONGEST BANK in western Washtenaw county.

Our Capital and Surplus is over three times greater than any other Bank in western Washtenaw county. Our Board of Directors are men of known business ability and integrity, men who have made a success of business, by fair and square business methods, which is evidenced by the fact that they pay more taxes on real estate and personal property than the Directors of any other Bank in Washtenaw county.

Money to Loan on Good Approved Security.

We solicit your Banking business and guarantee prompt, honest and courteous treatment.

THE CHELSEA SAVINGS BANK.

OFFICERS

FRANK P. GLAZIER, President.
W. J. KNAPP, Vice President.
THEO. E. WOOD, Cashier.
A. K. STIMSON, Auditor.
JOHN W. SCHENK, Vice President.
P. G. SCHABER, Assistant Cashier.
GEORGE A. LEHMAN, Accountant.

W. J. KNAPP

We Are Offering Our Furniture Stock at Reduced Prices This Month.

In order to reduce stock will give exceptional bargains in Bedroom suits, Dining Tables, Chairs and Rockers.

Heating Stoves at Prices to Close.

Our prices on Steel Ranges are lower than any other first-class steel range can be bought for.

Harness, Blankets and Robes:

Single and double Harness at prices to close. We carry a full line of Blankets, Robes and Halters.

A few second-hand coal stoves at closing out prices.

W. J. KNAPP.

LITTLE LEGS OF PORK

A full supply of fresh meats will always greet your eye if you look through our neat, clean ice-boxes. We know your wants and know how to meet them with meats of all desirable kinds. Little legs of pork for roasting. Let us deliver one for your dinner; you've never had anything quite so good.

Fresh Fish on sale every Friday.

We will not be undersold. You are invited to call and inspect our meats and be convinced.

ADAM EPPLER.

Photographs for Christmas

We are already making portrait sittings for Christmas Delivery. Sit to-morrow and don't be disappointed. Make engagements for sittings if possible.

E. E. Shaver, Photographer, Chelsea, Mich.

ENLARGING THE SUPPLY OF THE WATER WORKS PLANT.

The Wells Furnish Twenty-four Thousand Gallons of Water Per Hour—Wells on Wagner Property.

The Chelsea municipal water works plant is having its supply of pure water greatly enlarged, by being connected up with the flowing wells on North street. The committee, H. I. Stimson, F. H. Sweetland and O. C. Burkhardt, which was appointed by the common council Monday evening, purchased of J. G. Wagner, Tuesday, the land on which the wells are located. The strip of land has a frontage of four rods on North street and runs north to the center of Letts' creek. The purchase price was \$1000 and the property gives the citizens of this place control of an abundant supply of water.

The two wells have a flow of twenty-four thousand gallons per hour and the water come to the surface with a strong force. The wells are about thirty feet deep and the water come through a good bed of gravel which makes a perfect filter.

T. C. Brooks & Son, of Jackson, have a force of men at work on North street laying a pipe line to the wells and they expect to complete their work next week.

H. Lighthall is superintending the construction of the large reservoir near the power house of the Glazier Stove Co., on North street. The reservoir will be built of cement and has a capacity of one hundred thousand gallons of water.

At the wells a large pump will be installed, which will be operated with a dynamo, the power being supplied from the electric light plant. The new wells with those in use at the present time will give to the citizens of Chelsea a supply of pure water second to none in the state.

A GREAT SUCCESS.

The Indian Opera Powhatan Given Last Week for the Benefit of the Chelsea Schools.

The presentation of the Indian opera, "Powhatan," in the Chelsea opera house by local talent, for the benefit of the Chelsea high school, last Thursday and Friday evenings was attended by large and enthusiastic audiences both evenings.

The opera was one of best entertainments ever given in this place by local talent, and it was handled in a manner entirely satisfactory, both the participants and the audience. The drills and marches by the young ladies and small children were perfect in every respect. The opera was given under the direction of Wm. A. Baker, of Chicago, and reflects great credit upon his ability as a director.

The proceeds of the entertainment has been deposited with the school board and the funds will be used to purchase pictures and statuary for the new high school building. The schools cleared \$61.60 as their portion.

COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS.

(OFFICIAL.)

Chelsea, Mich., November 18, 1907. Board met in regular session. Meeting called to order by W. J. Knapp, president pro-tem. Roll called by the clerk, present, trustees, W. J. Knapp, O. C. Burkhardt, J. W. Schenk, H. I. Stimson, F. H. Sweetland and J. E. McKune. Absent, F. P. Glazier, president.

Minutes of the previous meeting read and approved.

The following bills were then presented and read by the clerk:

Will Wolf labor with team	\$ 18.75
Fred Gilbert labor with team	7.12
Gil Martin labor	10.80
John Ross labor	9.45
Owen Murphy labor	9.45
John Greening labor	9.45
Wm. Faber labor	8.57
Theo. Bucher labor	3.15
Chas. Dean labor	3.15
John Welhoff labor	4.72
Bert Guthrie labor with team	4.87
Sam Trouton labor	12.00
Ohio & Mich. Coal Co. 3 cars coal	101.84
Standard-Herald printing	11.35
C. G. Kaercher repairs	2.15
A. G. Faust repairs	3.82
H. Schumacher labor	5.00
Columbia Lamp Co. lamps	41.22
National Carbon Co. carbons	22.25
R. Williams labor	10.66
John Farrell supplies	25.30
W. T. Nagel Electric Co. lamps	5.50
The J. A. Roe Co. fittings	46.08
The J. A. Roe Co. fittings	14.76
Duncan Electric Mfg. Co. motors	35.72
Lorenz Bagge draying	7.00
F. C. Teal supplies and wire	172.82
L. T. Freeman supplies	1.00
Freeman & Cummings Co. supplies	13.62
M. C. R. R. freight	114.45

Moved by Burkhardt seconded by McKune that the bills be allowed as read and orders drawn on the treasurer for their amounts. Carried.

The bond of Lehman & Bagge was then presented.

Moved by Stimson, seconded by Schenk that the bond of Lehman &

Bagge with Frank Staffan and Dan McLaughlin as sureties be accepted. Carried.

Moved by Stimson, seconded by Burkhardt that we pay Mr. Wagner the sum of one hundred dollars per year for the privilege of crossing his land and using the water from flowing well located on his land, the above amount is to be the limit. Carried.

Moved by Stimson, seconded by McKune that the president pro-tem appoint a committee of three to negotiate with the Meyer's estate relative to purchasing land just west of the present flowing wells to be used for putting down new wells. Carried.

Committee appointed as follows: H. I. Stimson, O. C. Burkhardt and F. H. Sweetland. On motion board adjourned.

W. H. HESLSCHWERT, Clerk.

SILVER ANNIVERSARY

Celebrated at the Home of Mr. and Mrs. Simon Weber Las Sunday—About Forty-five Present.

Last Sunday was the twenty-fifth anniversary of the marriage of Mr. and Mrs. Simon Weber, of Sylvan, and their children invited a number of relatives and friends to the home of their parents and gave them a surprise.

An elaborate dinner was served to about forty-five guests and the occasion was a very enjoyable one for both Mr. and Mrs. Weber and the friends who gathered at their home to celebrate the silver anniversary of their marriage. The couple were presented with a silver tea set as a reminder of the happy event.

Inspiration Institute.

An inspiration institute for school teachers will be held in Dexter, Friday evening and Saturday, November 22 and 23. The Friday evening session will be held in the M. E. church and the Saturday sessions will be held in the high school building. Prof. C. O. Hoyt, of the Normal College, Ypsilanti, will conduct the institute. The following is the program:

FRIDAY EVENING.
Lecture—"Three R's", Prof. C. O. Hoyt.
MUSIC.
SATURDAY FORENOON.
"Lessons from the Great Educators", Prof. C. O. Hoyt.
Class Exercise, Miss L. Belle Winfield.
MUSIC.
"School Government", Prof. C. O. Hoyt.
AFTERNOON SESSION.
MUSIC.
"The Recitation", Prof. C. O. Hoyt.
"Some Ways of Making the School More Efficient", Miss Genevieve Sturman.
MUSIC.
"Language and Reading", Prof. C. O. Hoyt.

Walsh-Ryan.
A very pretty church wedding took place at 8 o'clock Tuesday morning, November 19, 1907, in the Church of Our Lady of the Sacred Heart, when Mr. Elizabeth, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Walsh, of Sylvan, was united in marriage with Mr. Matthew J. Ryan, of Detroit. The couple were attended by Miss Nellie Walsh, a sister of the bride, and Mr. James Dempsey, of Detroit. The bride was dressed in white silk, wore a bridal veil and carried a white prayer book. The bride's maid was dressed in cream silk and carried pink carnations.

The impressive church ceremony was performed by Rev. Fr. Considine and was witnessed by a large number of relatives and friends, who congratulate the young couple upon the happy event. A wedding breakfast was served at the home of the bride's parents which was followed by a reception from 11 a. m. to 3 p. m. The couple will make their home in Detroit.

Elected Officers.
The semi-annual meeting of the Washtenaw county association of the Eastern Star was held in Ypsilanti, Monday evening. About three hundred members of the order were present including several grand lodge officers.

The members of Olive Chapter exemplified one of the degrees and about thirty members of the chapter were present.

The new officers are: President, Mrs. Eva Goodrich, Ann Arbor; vice president, A. Claude Guerin, Chelsea; 2d vice president, Mrs. H. S. Holmes, Chelsea; the worthy matrons of the seven Chapters in this county were chosen as 3d vice presidents; secretary and treasurer, Miss Julia Conklin, of Manchester; chaplain, Mrs. Annie Carpenter, Ypsilanti; and marshal, Mrs. Martin, Dexter. Manchester will be the next meeting place.

Constipation, indigestion, crive away appetite and make you weak and sick. Holister's Rocky Mountain Tea restores the appetite, drives away disease, builds up the system. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets. Freeman & Cummings Co.

THANKSGIVING BANQUET

NEXT TUESDAY EVENING.

For the Benefit of St. Mary's School—All of the Arrangements Have Been Completed.

Rev. Fr. Considine has received positive assurance that Hon. William Thompson, mayor of the city of Detroit, Judge Phalen, of Detroit, Hon. H. C. Smith, of Adrian, and other good public speakers will be present and deliver addresses at the banquet, which is to be held in St. Mary's hall, Tuesday evening, November 26, for the benefit of St. Mary's school.

The ladies who have charge of the banquet have arranged a fine menu for the occasion and those who attend may rest assured that all will be amply provided for.

A number of solos will be given by the Ladies' Quartette, Louis Burg and others, also several instrumental selections will be rendered during the banquet.

The school has been presented with a ladies gold watch which will be disposed of at the close of the banquet. The proceeds of this sale will also be added to the school fund. The price of admission is 50 cents and the banquet will probably be well attended as the proceeds are to be used for a worthy cause. The education of the children.

Church Circles.

BAPTIST CHURCH.

Rev. T. D. Dehman, Pastor.
The subject next Sunday morning will be "Temperance." The usual services will be held in the evening.

ST. PAUL'S CHURCH.

Rev. A. A. Schoen, Pastor.

Rev. J. Neumann, superintendent of the German Orphans Home in Detroit will conduct the morning and evening services at the usual hours next Sunday. The offerings at both services will be for the benefit of the Home.

CHRISTIAN SCIENCE.

The Christian Science Society will meet in the O. A. R. hall at the usual hour next Sunday, November 24. Subject, "Ancient and Modern Necromancy, or Mesmerism and Hypnotism." Golden text: "I will utter my judgments against them touching all their wickedness, who have forsaken me, and have burned incense unto other gods, and worshipped the works of their own hands."

CONGREGATIONAL.

Rev. M. L. Grant, Pastor.

"Some Reasons for Thanksgiving" will be the morning subject next Sunday. The choir will furnish special music. The Christian Endeavor meeting at 6 p. m. will be of special interest as "Michigan Day" will be observed and an interesting program presented.

In the evening the congregation will assist Dr. Holmes in the celebration of his 90th birthday at the Methodist church.

M. E. CHURCH.

Rev. D. H. Glass, Pastor.

At ten o'clock Sunday morning a special Thanksgiving service will be held. Printed programs have been provided. Last Sunday the pastor stated the problem of Foreign Immigration; at this service a solution for the problem will be offered.

The Union Men's meeting is held at 2:30 p. m. These meetings are growing in interest. All men are invited. At the evening service, Dr. Holmes will give a biographical sketch of his life, it being the ninetieth anniversary of his birth. The occasion will give his many friends an opportunity to congratulate the doctor upon his reaching such ripe old age.

The Epworth League Devotional meeting at six o'clock will be of unusual interest. The topic will be "The Evils of Strong Drink." Of the 27,000,000 people who live in the Southland, 18,000,000 have no saloons. It is time for temperance folks to cheer up. Come and get facts concerning the present status of temperance in our country. Leader, Miss Minola Kalmbach.

After the morning service, the men's class will take up a study of the question of immigration. The course will extend through eight weeks, and every voter who possibly can stay during the hour, ought to do so.

Committed Suicide.

Frank Rogers, of Sharon township, committed suicide Monday afternoon at his home by shooting himself. Mr. Rogers was seen in Manchester about noon Monday and his friends in that village were greatly shocked to hear of the incident.

Mr. Rogers and his wife separated some months ago and it is said that he has been despondent most of the time since. It is also reported that this was his third attempt to end his life.

Now is the Time Here is the Place To Begin Selecting Material for the Thanksgiving Day Dinner

Our Supply of Good Things to Eat is Most Complete. Our Prices are the Lowest.

We Offer:

Best Waterloo Flour, sack,	6c	Henkle's Bread Flour, sack,	80c
Jackson Gem Flour, sack,	70c	Pillsbury's 4X Flour, sack,	85c
Ann Arbor Success Flour, sack,	70c	Upper Crust, Saginaw Valley,	70c

Fancy, Late, Howe Cranberries, quart, 12c

New California Walnuts, lb	18c	Fancy, large Queen Olives qt.	50c
New Soft-shell Almonds, lb	20c	Heinz Sweet Spiced Gerkins	pt. 15c
New Mixed Nuts, lb	15c		

New Dill Pickles, Large, 15c doz

Nut Meats, All Kinds, Fresh and Sweet.

Finest New Seeded Raisins, lb	13c	Extra, fancy, large Currants, lb	12c
Cleaned English Currants, lb	10c	Pure Boiled Cider, qt. bottles,	20c

Penang Brand Pure Ground Spices, the best in the land, are sold here at prices no higher than others charge for the dry dusty kind.

Citron, Orange and Lemon, New Stock, 25c lb

Coffee—Our most popular coffee is our famous "Standard" brand, Mocha and Java, the best 25c coffee sold anywhere.

We have a complete line of other grades at prices from 13c to 40c pound.

Large, Ripe Bananas, doz	20c	York State Concord Grapes	basket, 20c
Fancy Malaga Grapes, 2 lbs.	25c		

Florida Oranges, Russet or Bright, dozen 30c and 40c

Largest, Choicest, Layer Figs, pound 20c

Good Layer Figs, pound 10c

New Hallowi Dates, 2 pounds 15c

Fresh, Crisp Celery, Hothouse Lettuce, Hubbard Squash, Jersey Sweet Potatoes.

Sweet Wrinkled Peas, can	15c	Fancy Sugar Corn, can	13c
Early June Peas, can	10c	Good Sugar Corn, can	10c

Finest Full Cream Cheese.

Fresh Oysters.

For Genuine Grocery Satisfaction and Good Things to Eat, This is the Place.

FREEMAN & CUMMINGS CO.

HOLMES & WALKER

Hardware, Furniture, Bazaar Goods, Crockery, China, Confectionery. Everything up-to-date in the Hardware.

STOVES.—We have a few second-hand Heaters at a bargain and all of the best makes in new Stoves, Ranges and Base Burners.

A large line of BLANKETS AND ROBES

We have a bargain in BUGGIES AND HARNESS

FURNITURE.—In this department we have the largest line and the lowest prices in Chelsea.

BAZAAR.—We are receiving new Crockery and China every day in this department. Look at our China before buying.

Now is the time to buy your Dolls and Teddy Bears for Christmas. Look at them before buying. The prices are always right. See our window display.

HOLMES & WALKER

WE TREAT YOU RIGHT.

HOLMES & WALKER

WE TREAT YOU RIGHT.

To say that our Clothes are better than ever is saying a great deal, but it is perfectly true. Try for once and see.

WEBSTER, THE TAILOR.

Try our Job Department for your Printing.

AT THE PURE FOOD STORE

You will find the **BEST GROCERIES** that money can buy and at better prices than any cheap price list published. You can also find the **BEST MEN'S FOOTWEAR** cheaper than can be had in central Michigan. Come and see me.

Home of the **FAMOUS OLD TAVERN COFFEE**

WE ARE NOT IN THE TRUST.

Coats Thread 5c Spool.

JOHN FARRELL.

SERIAL STORY

Mr. Barnes, American

By
Archibald Clavering Gunter
A Sequel to
Mr. Barnes of New York

Author of "Mr. Barnes of New York,"
"Mr. Potter of Texas,"
"That Frenchman," Etc.

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SYNOPSIS.

Burton H. Barnes, a wealthy American touring Corsica, rescues the young English lieutenant, Edward Gerard Anstruther, and his Corsican bride, Marina, daughter of the Padis, from the murderous vendetta, understanding that his reward is to be the hand of the girl he loves. Edith Anstruther, sister of the English lieutenant, the four fly from Ajaccio to Marseilles, on board the French steamer Constantine. The vendetta pursues and as the quarter are about to board the train for London at Marseilles, Marina is handed a mysterious note which causes her to collapse and necessitates a postponement of the journey. Barnes gets part of the mysterious note and receives letters which inform him that he is marked by the vendetta. He employs an American detective and plans to beat the vendetta at their own game. Just the purpose of securing the safety of the women Barnes arranges to have Lady Charris leave a secluded villa at Nice to the party is to be taken in a yacht. Suspicion is created that Marina is in league with the Corsicans. A man, believed to be Corregio Danella, is seen passing the house and Marina is thought to have been in a way. Marina refuses to explain to Barnes which fact adds to his latent suspicions. Barnes plans for the safety of the party and leaves for the coast. The carriage carrying their party to the local landing is followed by two men. One of the horsemen is supposed to be Corregio Danella. They try to murder the American.

CHAPTER IV.—Continued.

Their carriage soon stops near the two small bays upon which are situated the bathhouses. At a little landing place Barnes can just discern in the mist of the water, which adds to the gloom of the evening, a boat with two scullers.

To be certain, he hails and is answered by Emory's voice.

"It's all right," he whispers to the ladies and springs out of the carriage.

The next moment Emory has run up from the landing and is standing beside him. Emory whispers suspiciously to Barnes: "You get the ladies into the boat quick. I told my men not to come near you unless there was danger. I hear their steps coming down. I'll see what they want." Barnes and Edwin carefully escort their charges through the gloom down the little stairs that lead to the boat. Their hand satchels being placed beside them, a carriage robe is carefully tucked by Barnes about Miss Anstruther.

Performing a like service for his wife, Edwin seizes the tiller, seats himself at the stern and remarks comfortably: "Now all's shipshape." As soon as your sleuth is on board will pull out to the yacht. Then he asks one of the two oarsmen: "Have you the Scagli's bearings?"

"Aye, aye, sir. She is lying off about a quarter of a mile high due south of here."

"All right," says Edwin, examining a pocket compass he produces. "She might have been difficult to find in the darkness without her bearings. She's a light up of course."

"A mast-head anchoring, sir," replies the man.

Suddenly Edwin whispers to Barnes: "We've boarded!" and springing up, seizes a book and pushes the cutter away from the dock. "Pull quick, my men!" he commands, for the voice of the American detective rings out in the night air: "Look out for yourselves!" and they hear the patter of feet in the darkness running down the walk mingled with a couple of foreign oaths.

Next there is a splash in the water and Barnes says coolly: "Hold up for a minute, Edwin," and calls: "Is that you, Emory?"

"Yes, thank God!" answers the detective, who is swimming after them. "Very well, if anybody jumps over after you, I think I can catch him even in the darkness." The American's pistol is in his hand.

Twenty seconds after they drag the dripping sleuth into the cutter.

"You have nothing to wait for now," says Emory, spitting out some salt water. "Get me to the yacht where I can find dry clothes of some kind."

At this, Edwin orders the men to give way, which the Scotch sailors do with alacrity.

"By the blessing of God, you all had a mighty narrow escape," remarks Emory, his voice quivering. "Though how the deuce the men who are after potting you took the places of the ones I hired to guard you, is more than I can tell. When I heard the approaching steps, I reckoned there must be danger. I went straight to 'em and by gum, they jumped me. Half a second and I was a dead man."

"At my cry of terror," continues Emory, "the dagger that was right over my breast was stayed, and one of them snarls: 'Diavolo, this isn't the accused murderer, Barnes of New York.' Then they whispered some words to me that I don't care about repeating before the ladies and one of them held the knife over me and the

other sneaked down towards you, but was too late. You had already got the girls into the boat, I reckon. He came back. They cursed me and let me go. But when they saw I was scooting down the wharf, they started after me, so I jumped into the water and made the boat. They are cursing themselves now, I guess, for letting me get away to warn you."

"Well, they'll hardly dare to follow us on board the yacht," smiles Barnes, for Edwin has hailed: "Scagli, ahoy!" to some vessel looming up in the fog.

"Aye, aye," comes the reply, and a moment later the naval officer has laid the boat alongside of the yacht, from which a side ladder has been put over. "This is Andrew Graham, the mate," says Emory, as an alert young Scotchman assists the ladies to the deck.

"You want to get into dry clothes," remarks Burton. "We'll discuss this affair a little further after we have had dinner, which I imagine is prepared."

Five minutes later, Emory having gone forward and procured a change of togs from the mate, they all sit down in the little cabin, which is brilliantly lighted and its table beautifully set with crystal and china, even some fresh flowers adorning it.

"You've done everything mighty nice, Emory," says Barnes, cordially, to the detective, "and I hope your wetting hasn't destroyed your appetite."

"Not a bite," answers the American representative of Pinkerton.

"Why doesn't Edwin come down?" whispers Marina, nervously.

"Oh, he's skipper now," replies Burton. "He's making all shipshape with Mr. Graham and getting under way."

After giving the mate his directions as to the course and bidding him keep a good lookout for steamers coming up from Naples, Nice and other ports to the eastward, Edwin joins the party at table.

Lieut. Anstruther, after a glance at his bride, remarks: "Now, with a deck under my feet, I feel shipshape and ready for either pirates or land sharks," and devotes himself with a sailor's appetite to his meal. Delicate little confections and tarts as well as some magnificent fruit are put upon the table afterwards by the steward, whose fiery red hair and decided Scotch twang indicate he comes from the north of the Tay.

"Altogether," Edith contentedly remarks, "it is about as good a dinner as



one could get at the best restaurant in Paris."

A few minutes later the gentlemen go on deck to smoke their cigars. Edwin takes his stand beside his Scotch mate, saying: "We'll take it water and watch, Graham, until the morning," and sends the young fellow below to turn in.

The two ladies are busily making their arrangements in the cabin. The schooner has a main salon, which is used as a dining-room, and two little quarter staterooms, one of which is assigned to Edwin and his bride, the other to Miss Anstruther.

Under these circumstances, the detective and Barnes have a chance for private conversation. They stroll amidships and seat themselves beside one of the boats.

"How shall I put you on shore?" says Barnes.

"Well, in an hour more we'll be off Bandol, I reckon, and if you'll tell Edwin to drop in to the shore a little, you can put me off in one of the boats."

"All right," replies Burton, and speaking to Anstruther, the yacht's course is changed.

"When you are ashore, you'll get the railway, I suppose, to Marseilles. Pay my hotel bill at the Grand there and remember to meet me at Nice at the time appointed."

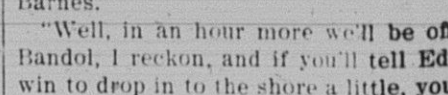
Here the detective dismisses his American employer; he draws slowly: "Yes, but I'd like to give up this matter!"

"Give up this matter?"

"Yes. When that Corsican had his knife over my heart he said a few words of warning, telling me to look out how I got into a blood feud; that this matter was to the death, and if I wanted to live I had better leave it alone."

"You're frightened of the man?" asks Barnes.

"No, not exactly frightened, but mighty cautious of him," replies the Yankee, "for a fellow who can fix it so that my two French sleuths were thrown off the track and he and his pal took their very places and rode behind your carriage unsuspected and only by God's mercy were prevented from jumping you and doing you up as you placed the ladies in the boat, is a man whose brains make him mighty dangerous."



"Suspect Everybody!" Lingers in His Mind.

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"Yes. When that Corsican had his knife over my heart he said a few words of warning, telling me to look out how I got into a blood feud; that this matter was to the death, and if I wanted to live I had better leave it alone."

"Not dangerous enough to cause you to desert these ladies in their extremity. You, an American—I have been told you have a very good nerve."

"Yes, but this kind of an assassination in the gloom is a mighty ticklish business," however, I'll go you again," returns the detective, after a few more whiffs of his cigar. "I'll risk it once more for the sake of the ladies. With such a crafty devil again you, what you want to do is to suspect everybody," continued the detective. "You see you cannot be sure where such a snake fellow will strike you. If it hadn't been for me fortunately walking up that path wondering why my men came down to you, they would have been upon you while you were putting the ladies in your boat, and would have had some of you sure. I know you can shoot quick and straight, but knives at close quarters are better than revolvers, especially in the darkness. You can bless God for having saved you tonight. Suspect everyone!"

"Suspect everyone!" Barnes mutters to himself and turns his eyes about upon the deck as he speaks.

"Oh, they're all safe here—those bra' Scotch sailor laddies. You saw the mate, he is Scotch also and can be trusted. If you'll put me on shore, I'll be at that villa at Nice ready to tell you everything when you make it. Don't you think the lady—I mean Anstruther's wife—could stand a voyage to England through the Bay of Biscay?" The detective's voice shows how anxious he is that his suggestion be taken.

"As a physician, I don't think she could," remarks Barnes. "You see her neurotic state has been added to by the attack upon us at the landing. It is not her fears for herself, but her fears for her husband."

"They are now interrupted by Edwin. 'The lights over there are those of Bandol. We're in ten fathoms of water. I don't want to venture in any further at night.' Then the voice of the young English officer rings out, ordering the cutter to be lowered and manned."

"I go with you as far as the shore," says Barnes.

"No, you stay with the ladies," whispers Emory. "That's what you want to look after. You're the point of danger now. I'll only suffer if I get too high to you." As the Pinkerton man goes over the side, he whispers to Barnes: "Suspect everybody—even your own emotions and doings, and especially those of the women with that crafty cuss who had his dagger so cursed near my heart, working on them."

"Could you recognize the man?" asks Burton eagerly.

"Hardly, but in the struggle my hand caught his face, and I felt a scar over his left eye."

"Great Scott!" ejaculates the American. He is now certain it is Corregio Danella who is bent upon revenge for the blood of his dead brother.

As the Yankee detective is rowed away, Barnes paces the deck.

The night is very fine, though extremely dark, and they being near the land, somewhat misty. The yacht's lights, however, burn brightly and a careful lookout is kept. Barnes thinks he has little fear from the sea while the vessel is in command of Edwin Anstruther. Still the detective's last warning, "Suspect everybody!" lingers in his mind.

Some remarks from the ladies in the cabin indicate that they are not coming on deck this evening.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

NOT SOLID ENOUGH FOOD.

Nuts Seem to Fail to Satisfy the Human Animal.

Next as the darlings of the world, be food reformers come nuts of all sorts, says a writer in McClure's. These are urged upon us with special fervor and enthusiasm by those who regard all foods of animal origin as "tainted money," besmirched by the foul crime of murder. Here, we are told, are foodstuffs—walnuts, hickory nuts, Brazil nuts, pecans, peanuts—of a high degree of toothsome and attractiveness, not excessive in expense, and containing a larger percentage of both protein and fat. Analysis made in the laboratory absolutely confirm the truth of the statement: Fats and proteins are both present in large amounts and in readily digestible form; and yet practically no "unemancipated" specimen of the human race—except the Shawnee Indian in hickory nut time—will attempt to make a meal on nuts, regarding them simply as a bonne bouche, to be taken after the serious business of the meal is over, merely as a dessert. The tact phrase of the walnuts and the wine" expresses precisely where they are in the scale of the normal diet list.

India's Sacred Trees.

There are many sacred trees of India which enter largely into the religious life of the Hindoos. Chief among these is the sam tree, and the trembling peepul. Nearly all the higher hills and rocks in the plains are crowned each by a temple, shrine or sacred tree. The peepul is known as the king of trees. It is the most holy, and the three great spirits of the Hindoos dwell therein. The worship of the tree is the worship of the triad Brahma, Siva and Vishnu. Almost every Indian village has its peepul tree, with a raised platform or altar around it. The devout remove their shoes before it and make obeisance before proceeding on their way.

Evidently a Belle.

"Pauline turns up her nose at offer of marriage." "Why so?" "The only things she considers are abject pleas."

AN OLD-TIME THANKSGIVING DAY BY BERTHA E. BUSH

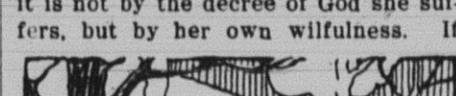
THE parson bath appointed a day of Thanksgiving for this village that the cruel tide of Indian invasion is turned back and our lives are spared," said Mistress Lovejoy Goodwin, bustling into the warm kitchen where her sister-in-law, Mistress Prudence Goodwin sat knitting by the fireplace and her listless daughter, young Mistress Patience Halcomb, bent languidly over the spinning wheel.

Mistress Prudence made a sign for silence, but it was too late. The face of the pale young widow grew whiter, and without a word she rose and glided away.

Mistress Lovejoy looked at her sister-in-law inquiringly.

"Hath she not yet become reconciled to the decree of God?" she asked. Mistress Prudence shook her head.

"Nay," she said. "She saith ever that it is not by the decree of God she suffers, but by her own wilfulness. If



"It is John! It is John!" she cried.

Never had a religious service in Bethlehem Hill been broken up like this one. The minister stopped in the very middle of his most important sentence. The dreaded tithing-man himself, who bore upon his soul the awful responsibility of every man and woman, boy and girl in the meeting-house, forgot it all and cried out like a frightened boy: "It is a ghost!"

But it was not a ghost. It was John Halcomb himself, safe.

The story of the Indian attack on the village of Wyoming in 1778 is a story of marvelous escapes as well as of torture and massacre. No adventure in it seems more marvelous than that of John Halcomb which is one of the well attested stories of history.

With 15 other captives, John Halcomb had been ranged around a large flat stone while a woman fury called "Queen Esther," who seemed at the head of this ceremony of sacrifice of prisoners, crushed the heads of one after the other with a great stone death maul. Two of the captives suddenly leaped to their feet and dashed into the forest. The Indians pursued them but did not shoot, probably because their plan was to bring them

she had not come away from her husband against his desires—so she saith ever—she would at least have died with him."

"That is wicked repining," said the aunt sententiously. "She ought to be dealt with by the meeting. She should be thankful that her life was spared when her neighbors were taken. Doubtless it was a leading of the Spirit that caused her to come here ere the savages fell upon Wyoming. She, above all others, surely has reason to be thankful. You should deal with her, sister, and check this untoward spirit," said Mistress Lovejoy sternly. Mistress Prudence sighed.

"I know not rightly how to do it when she is in such sorrow," she said. "She hath ever been a willful and unreasonable child, but a very loving one."

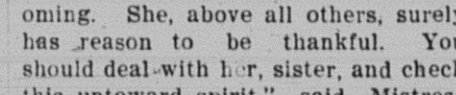
"You have ever spoiled her, and her husband did the same. Perhaps this is a punishment to you both," said Mistress Lovejoy.

Mistress Patience, a bride of a year, had left her home in Wyoming valley for a visit with her mother in an older settlement. She had begged and pleaded to make this visit with a willful demand that would not be denied. It was an unusual occurrence. The journey through the wilderness was too long and toilsome to think of visits. Most of the mothers who said farewell to daughters going to pioneer homes could hardly expect to see them again. But Mistress Patience—who was anything but patient in spite of her name—would not submit to this state of things. She begged and pleaded to go until her husband—to whom her lightest wish was law—gave his consent. He was the more ready to do this as there were ugly rumors of alliance between the British tor forces and the Indians and the settlement of Wyoming, standing on a disputed tract, and not so well protected as other regions was peculiarly liable to attack. But Mistress Patience did not know this or she would not have gone. She was very much in love with this grave, middle-aged husband, who treated his young wife like a petted child. Many of the settlers had shaken their heads over Mistress Patience's going. "He ought not to let her do it," they had said.

"I will only stay a little while. I will come back soon," she had said at the parting, regretful at the last minute for her action. But the savage Indians had come down upon the village of Wyoming and swept it off from the face of the earth. The houses were burnt, the people massacred or carried away captive. Every day brought a fresh story of horror, especially dreadful had been the tale of John Halcomb and 15 companions who had been carried off and sacrificed in a sort of religious ceremony.

"She must be roused. She must see people. I would make her go to the Thanksgiving service," said Mistress Lovejoy. She was a notable manager, and her sister-in-law, with all the village, were wont to submit to her sway; and Patience went to the service.

"There can never more be a day



Bent Languidly Over the Spinning Wheel.

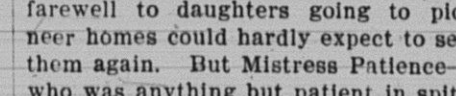
A Figure Appeared at the Doorway.

back alive and torture them to death. One of the two—and it was John Halcomb—tripped on a vine and rolled down the steep river bank. Then he gave himself up for lost. But the fall, instead of bringing him to death, saved his life. He lodged under the heavy branches of a fallen tree and the pursuers, sure that he was ahead, dashed past it without discovering him. He lay concealed in this lucky hiding place until darkness came. Then wounded, lame, and almost famished, he started out on the journey of days through the trackless forest in fested with hostile Indians that lay between him and Patience. A man less brave of heart would have given up a score of times, but there was no give up to John Halcomb. He might be so weakened that he could only crawl, but he crawled on. Tossing, stumbling, crawling, dragging himself along his painful way by inches and in danger of his life all the way, he covered the toilsome miles and came to make for his wife Patience a real Day of Thanksgiving. (Copyright 1907, by Wright A. Patterson.)

Thanksgiving.

Thanksgiving makes our prayers bold and strong and sweet, feeds and enkindles them as with coals of fire.—Luther.

OUR NATIONAL BIRDS.



"May one give us peace in all our States.

The other a piece for all our plates.

of thanksgiving for me," she thought

dearly, as she sat in her widow's weeds in the square wooden pew.

The long prayer was finished. Patience liked the prayer, for in it she could hide her face. It was never too long for her, although a modern church-goer would be agast at having to listen to even a sermon of such a length. The psalms of rejoicing had been sung. These had been harder to bear. The preacher had settled into his discourse. He had turned his hour-glass, and was already at "thirly."

"God in his providence has exceedingly blessed us in delivering us from danger—he was saying. Patience shuddered. What good was it to her to be delivered since John had perished under the Indian tomahawk!

A figure appeared in the doorway. Such a figure! Gaunt, tattered, wild-eyed, unkempt, barefooted, bleeding—a mere skeleton covered with ragged shreds of garments. It stood in the doorway quivering and motioning strangely.

"Patience! Patience!" it cried.

"Tis some crazy exhorter such as used to come and harangue the congregations in my grandfather's time," said Judge Fletcher, whose ancestor had been a judge in the days of the persecution of Anabaptists and Quakers. The tithing-man stalked down the aisle to put out the intruder. Some of the men half rose, but sat down again when they saw that the matter was being attended to. It was a dreadful thing in those days to disturb a meeting. But John Halcomb's widow, unmindful of disturbance, started up at the cry and fairly ran down the aisle.

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OUR NATIONAL BIRDS.

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COULD USE THE ROAD.

Irish Soldier's Great Idea When Cover Was Badly Needed.

The following colloquy is said to have actually occurred during one of the earlier battles in the Philippines: A detachment of American infantry, under orders to support a section of Capt. Reilly's battery, were halted for quite a while on a perfectly flat military road in full view and fine range of the Filipino trenches. Of course, to lie flat on the road was the only available "use of cover."

In this detachment was an Irishman who had served his time with the colors in the British army before he enlisted with Uncle Sam. As a recruit he had been very prone to tell how the British soldiers did everything. As a result he was incessantly pitted with questions as to his experiences. While the bullets were "popping" down the road and kicking up the gravel, a young Yankee suddenly asked:

"Say, Mike, what d's the British soldiers do with their heads in a place like this?"

Quick as a flash came the retort: "A British soldier has no head, sorr!"

After a full two-minute pause, Mike continued:

"However, be that as it may, I wish I could pick up this d— road and stan' it on edge ferinst me!"

FOUND OUT JUST IN TIME.

Or Finger Bowl Would Have Been Put to Novel Use.

The late William Cassidy, one-time editor of the Albany Argus, possessed the traditional Irish wit. On one occasion, a number of years ago, he was a guest at a political banquet in Albany. At that time finger bowls were seldom used, and their correct usage (a passing fad) meant to dip a corner of the napkin in the water and there-with daintily cleanse the finger tips. Most of the men present eyed the innovation, when introduced at dessert, narrowly and uncertainly. One after another ended by plunging the hand into the crystal dish. But Mr. Robert Pruyn, a well-known Albany gentleman, correctly moistened a bit of his napkin and laved his fingers. Mr. Cassidy watched him admiringly, not having as yet touched his own glass. "That's good," he whispered to a neighbor. "That's good. If Pruyn hadn't done that I should have put my foot in it."—Harper's Weekly.

An Acute Observer.

A one-armed man sat down to his noonday luncheon in a little restaurant the other day, and seated on the right of him was a big, sympathetic individual from the rural district.

The big fellow noticed his neighbor's left sleeve hanging loose and kept eyeing him in a sort of how-did-it-happen way. The one-armed man failed to break the ice, but continued to keep busy with his one hand supplying the inner man.

At last the inquisitive one on the right could stand it no longer. He changed his position a little, cleared his throat and said: "I see, sir, you have lost an arm."

Whereupon the unfortunate man picked up the empty sleeve with his right hand, peered into it, looked up with a surprised expression, and said: "By George, sir, you're right."

Couldn't Discharge Him.

When the jury had filed in for at least the fourth time, with no sign of coming to an agreement in the bribery case, the disgusted judge rose up and said: "I discharge this jury."

MICHIGAN LOSES TO PENNSYLVANIA

U. OF M. FOOTBALL TEAM LOSES BIG GAME AT ANN ARBOR BY SCORE OF 6-0.

FIRST MICHIGAN DEFEAT.

Pennsylvania's Only Score, Made in First Half, Was Culmination of Fluke Play, Three Michigan Men Missing Low Kick Over the Line.

Saturday was a day for the shattering of traditions at Ann Arbor. While Princeton, for the first time in its history, was taking its fourth successive defeat in the game that figures big in the eastern championship, Michigan, rosters, gathered in greater number than from any field has ever known, saw a Michigan team defeated for the first time since that bit of turf became the battleground of the eleven that defend the Maize and Blue.

In a way, for those who had followed the fortunes of the Ann Arbor team closely, it was the expected. There was balm in the hour of defeat in the fact that it was by a very small score, and that that score was in a sense, the culmination of a fluke play.

The Michigan goal line, heretofore clear this season, was crossed. But it was crossed but once. That, with the added point that kicking the goal gave, accounts for the six points that are credited to Pennsylvania's account. That was the score, 6 to 0, Michigan, because of the rulings of the officials, being denied a count when once she crossed the Pennsylvania goal marks. She carried the ball over, on the most spectacular play of the day, a beautiful working out of the forward pass. For many a day it will be subject of argument whether the Michigan team erred in the making of this play, or Referee Murphy in the making of his decision.

Child Burns to a Crisp.

When Mrs. Henry Curtis, of Cassopolis, returned from a neighbor's house she found her 4-year-old daughter lying dead on the floor, her clothing, except her shoes, all burned off her body, and her flesh burned to a crisp.

Mrs. Curtis had locked her two daughters, the other 2 years old, in the house, expecting to be gone but a few minutes. During her absence the children secured matches and set fire to some paper, and from this the oldest girl's clothing caught. The flames had died out without setting fire to the floor.

Again After Benjamin.

Deputy Attorney General Chase has been endeavoring to get the House of David at Benton Harbor to either take care of or deport W. L. Cleveland, whom the Flying Rogues brought from Australia and who has become a public charge. It is alleged that Cleveland gave the Israeli leaders, Benjamin and Mary, all his belongings, and now that he has left the fold and is sick and unable to support himself, he is in want. Benjamin and Mary have offered to deport Cleveland, but will not pay the expenses of his wife back to Australia. Proceedings are threatened unless the couple are cared for.

Cut Copper Miners' Wages.

Wage reductions affecting 3,000 men are announced by Lake Superior copper mining companies and additional cuts are expected. The Mass Consolidated Co. at Mass City has cut wages 5 per cent and it is expected the three other principal companies in Ontonagon county will take the same action. The Quincy Mining Co. announced that beginning January 1 wages of surface men would be cut 5 per cent and underground employees 7 1/2 per cent, 1,500 men being involved. The Centennial and Allouez companies, controlled by the Calumet & Hecla, and employing 1,000 men, have cut wages 5 per cent, effective December 1st.

Prevent Forest Fires.

Before adjourning at Saginaw, the Michigan Forestry association adopted resolutions urging the legislature to pass measures rendering it possible and attractive for private owners to engage in forestry, to modify the present method of taxation to encourage forestry and discourage speculation, provide better fire protection and a paid state patrol, pass a law making it obligatory to clean up forest debris, encourage reforestation by law, make the law guarding against forest fires more stringent and set aside all state lands not now suitable for agriculture as forest preserves.

Ludington Has a New Millionaire.

Judging from the increasing number of Ludingtonites who have fallen heir to fortunes of a million or so, the tide of wealth is surely flowing their way. Not long ago a prominent local doctor went to Washington to be handed over his share of a plural million dollar estate left by the death of a Russian relative. Down at Washington they had not heard of the fortune, and the doctor came back. Now it's John C. Jeans, a watch polisher, who has just learned that an "eccentric" aunt has bequeathed him \$1,000,000.

It has just been learned that when the National Purify congress met in Battle Creek in annual session, the Society of Spiritualism made application for membership and was turned down cold. It is said the spiritualists will take the matter up nationally.

In an address before the Knights of Columbus at Saginaw, Congressman John Sharp Williams, of Mississippi, said that the negro must go; that the darky can never be placed on an equal social basis with the white race. "It is a problem the south has been solving and will continue to solve in its own way," he said.

STATE NEWS IN BRIEF.

Another meeting has been called by Pontiac pastors to plan a local option campaign in Oakland county.

The Commercial club, of Kalamazoo, will give an industrial banquet on November 28. Samuel Lemon, of Grand Rapids, will deliver the principal address.

The Port Huron police commission has decided on the purchase of a patrol wagon, mostly for the purpose of making the sight of taking in drunks more edifying.

Reminding the electric roads that they are now under the same supervision as railroads, the state railroad commission has asked the former for annual reports.

Toledo hunters arrested by Deputy Sheriff Jenkins, while shooting rabbits near Monroe, threaten to sue him, charging that rabbits are not protected by the game laws.

Notices have been received by officials of the Allegan branch of the Michigan Central to the effect that all train employees have been granted a small increase in pay.

The Cheboygan Pea Canning Co.'s warehouse stock was damaged by fire. The loss is about \$9,000, fully covered by insurance. A defective stove is thought to have caused the blaze.

Elijah Beninger, of Saginaw, aged 60, administrator of the large estate of his brother, Isaac Beninger, fell down a flight of stairs in Mercer's store and is in a serious condition.

All of the young women at Ceresco are after the appointment as assistant postmistress. Recently the assistant eloped and the girls seem to think the postoffice is a good place for Cupid.

It transpired that Harry Phillips, of Battle Creek, aged 50, who was found unconscious in a shed where he laid for four days, took laudanum because of his son's arrest on a statutory charge.

Another similar complaint has been made at Port Huron against Bernard Cowski, of Detroit, who posed as the famous Dr. Lorenz, by Mrs. Minnie Miller, of Columbia township, and he may be rearrested.

The Westminster Presbyterian church of Bay City will extend a call to Rev. J. Eugene Snook, of Detroit, who has recently returned as missionary to the Philippines and is without a charge at present.

August Antilla, of Republic, aged 16, was killed by the explosion of 40 pounds of dynamite. He is supposed to have accidentally exploded a percussion cap which fired the whole box of dynamite near him.

The home of Mrs. George McNair, daughter of Senator Burrows, was robbed at Scarborough, N. Y., while the family was away and jewels valued at \$6,000 taken. The residence was robbed a year ago.

Robert Melrose, of Battle Creek who lost a leg in a Grand Trunk Western accident at Haskills, Ind., and was given judgment for \$21,700, settled for \$15,000 after the supreme court grant ed the road a new trial.

Dr. Neil Bates' auto broke down on a country road near Ann Arbor. He had to walk home and before he returned to get the machine someone had heaped hay and grass about and set it afire. The auto is ruined.

H. Custard, of Grand Rapids, in a talk to the Independent Telephone Men's association at Battle Creek, said sentiment no longer helped the independents, but that it was a question of who gave the best service. The next meeting will be held in Detroit.

Henry Bell, of Perry, had an experience of the hunter being hunted, which cost him a severe injury. Bell went coon hunting and treed one of the animals in a tall oak tree. He started to climb up to get his quarry, but when 35 feet from the ground met the coon coming down. This so startled Bell that he let go his hold, fell to the ground and broke his leg. The coon got away.

Recently James S. Kennelick, of Crosswell, past 80 years of age, a prominent and prosperous civil engineer of that vicinity, left for his native Ireland, saying, "America is a good place to live in, but I want to die in Ireland." Now comes a letter from the aged man asking that a few dollars be sent him that he may have a decent burial. Needless to say that a purse has been raised and sent.

The village council of Vernon, at a special meeting, granted to the Shawassee Light & Power Co., of Cornuana, a ten-year franchise to furnish ten 2,000 candle power arc lights, at \$50 each, and the privilege of using the village streets for ten years longer. The company has a large water power plant on the Shawassee river, two miles west of Vernon, and furnishes Cornuana, Baurcroft, Morris, Perry, Byron and Vernon, all of which receive light and power from the water plant at Shawassee town.

Since the financial flurry and the refusal of banks to hand out any considerable amount of currency, the forged check industry is booming in Grand Rapids. The latest man to distribute paper of this sort is William Warfield, who is alleged to have realized \$20 on a bogus check given to G. Hosselink, a meat dealer. Warfield had forged the name of Benjamin S. Hanchett, general manager of the local street railway. Warfield was arrested and bound over to the superior court. A well-dressed stranger bought a \$20 overcoat and \$20 suit of the Giant Clothing Co., presented a bogus check and walked out. He hasn't been seen since.

The Michigan State Association of Independent Telephone Managers in session at Battle Creek have received a bid from Mayor Thompson, of Detroit, to hold their next meeting in the City of the Straits. There are now 75,494 independent telephones in use in the state.

Rev. E. W. Bohn, pastor of Zion German Lutheran church at Bay City, has been given a call by the Immanuel Lutheran church in St. Clair, and has tendered his resignation to the local society. Rev. Bohn has been with the Bay City church for five years and his pastorate has been very successful.

ENCOURAGING FACTS

THOSE CONTEMPLATING CHANGE OF RESIDENCE SHOULD READ THEM.

The other day the writer was in the Office of the Canadian Government at St. Paul, Minnesota. On the windows of the building were signs to the effect that homesteads of 160 acres were given free to actual settlers, and in the windows were displays of wheat, oats, barley, other grains and vegetables, which he was told were grown in Western Canada. This could be readily believed for in no other country on the Continent would it be possible to grow such splendid specimens. The world is now pretty well advised that in the growing of such cereals as have been named and vegetables as well the Provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta have no competitor. For several years past specimens have been exhibited at State and County Fairs throughout the State, and these exhibits are looked upon as one of the chief attractions. They have demonstrated what can be done in the climate of a country possessing a soil that will grow things.

But that it was possible to grow vegetables such as were seen there seemed to create some doubt. But it was the case. And apples too. Not of the splendid fruit grown in countries more congenial to such culture, but they were in evidence. Throughout Indiana, the booster farmers were forced to stop and think. When a similar exhibit was placed before them during the past few weeks, many of them were forced to stop and remark: "That is much ahead of anything we can do. The quality of the grain we have conceded, for has not so-and-so sent us samples grown on his own farm the like of which we had never seen before. But to think of the vegetables—such vegetables. Why, we thought everything was frozen up there, and these turnips, cabbages, cauliflowers, beets, mangolds, pumpkins, and squashes are away ahead of anything we ever saw grow." That is the story everywhere. Thousands of Western Canada homesteaders, formerly United States citizens, are growing just such grain, just such vegetables, which yield them a splendid profit with little outlay on the farms that they have secured from the Government of the Dominion of Canada at the nominal cost of \$10 for 160 acres. If adjoining land is wanted it can be secured from the railway companies or from private individuals at moderate prices and reasonable terms. By placing your name and address on a postal card and addressing it to the Canadian Government Agent, whose name appears elsewhere, a copy of "Last Best West" telling you all about it will be sent you free.

FOUR SHAFTS OF HUMOR.

Pithy Remarks from One of the Foremost Jokesmiths.

With the truly artistic temperament the bird in the bush has scant notion of doubling its value by changing to the hand.

A has-been is a man who has spent his time with hair vipers, electric brushes and newspaper recipes, when he should have been winning a laurel wreath to cover his ignominy with.

When you enter a shop state just what you want. For then the merchant can go intelligently to work to sell you something else. The great law of commerce is to sell people what they don't want. What they do want will sell itself.

But, probably it is no harder to live up to your reputation when you are young than it will be to live it down when you are older.—Pack.

ITCHING RASH 18 YEARS.

Girl's Rash Spread and Grew Worse Under Specialist's Care—Perfect Cure by Cuticura Remedies.

"When my daughter was a baby she had a breaking out behind the ears. The doctor said that she would outgrow it, and it did get somewhat better until she was about fifteen years old, and after that she could get nothing that would drive it away. She was always applying something in the way of salves. It troubled her behind the knees, opposite the elbows, back of the neck and ears, under the chin, and then it got on the face. That was about three years ago. She took treatment with a specialist and seemed to get worse all the time. We were then advised to try the Cuticura Remedies, and now I don't see any breaking out. M. Curley, 11-19 Sixteenth St., Bay City, Mich., May 20, 1906."

The Eternal Feminine.
"Did your wife scold you much for getting in so late last night?"
"You bet she did—for about four hours!"

"Whew! What did you do?"
"Fell asleep, as usual, during the lecture."

"But didn't she wake you up?"
"Come to think of it, she did. Wanted to know if I loved her as much as ever—or something of the sort."—Young's Magazine.

Free Advice.
"An old subscriber wants to know what fur is most economical for poor people," said the stenographer of a woman's magazine.

"Tell her bearskin," said the fashion editor, crankily.—Lippincott's.

Nature's Management.
"There is no way, is there, to keep wrinkles from showing?"
"How can there be when wrinkles are head-liners?"

VETERAN OF THREE WARS.

A Pioneer of Colorado and Nebraska.

Matthias Campbell, veteran of the civil war and two Indian wars, and a pioneer of Colorado and Nebraska, now living at 218 East Nebraska Street, Blair, Neb., says: "I had such pains in my back for a long time that I could not turn in bed, and at times there was an almost total stoppage of the urine. My wife and I have both used Doan's Kidney Pills for what doctors diagnosed as advanced kidney troubles, and both of us have been completely cured."

Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

No Nature Fake.
The alleged case of a bird making a splint for its broken leg is no more wonderful than this:

A Welsh rabbit, about to be devoured by an enemy, made itself stringy and tied the strings to a plate, fork and toast in a brave effort to keep from being dragged to its doom.

I saw this with my own eyes but refrain from giving my right name for fear of drawing upon me displeasure.—Herald and Presbyter.

DOCTORS ORGANIZE UNION.

Toronto Physicians Fix Higher Scale of Prices.

Toronto, Ont.—The doctors of this city west of Yonge street have formed a union under the name "No. 11 Territorial Division of the College of Physicians and Surgeons." The objects of the organization are to improve the condition of the profession against quacks, establish minimum fees and amend lodge terms. The lowest fee for medical examination for fraternal societies has been fixed at \$2, while the minimum fee for minor operations has been fixed at \$10, and that for major operations at \$50. For a first visit to a patient \$2 hereafter will be charged, and \$1 for each subsequent visit, while the fee for night visits will be doubled, being fixed at \$3. The charge for an office visit has been made \$1, including prescription, while to give anesthetics \$5 will be charged.

Some of Them.
"Don't you think it is dreadful for society to be taking up any of these esoteric Oriental ideas?"
"Oh, but the Oriental rugs are perfectly lovely!"—Baltimore American.

Important to Mothers.
Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*. In Use For Over 30 Years. The Kind You Have Always Bought.

From the viewpoint of an old bachelor the vocalizing at a wedding is more depressing than the singing at a funeral.

STIFF, YES?
WET AND DAMP CAUSE COLD IN THE JOINTS
ST. JACOBS OIL
TAKES OUT THE PAIN AT ONCE, REMOVES THE STIFFNESS, PREVENTS ITS RETURN, TOO. FINE FOR BRUISES, SPRAINS AND SORENESS.
Price 25c and 50c.

Revillon Freres, Inc.

invite trappers, collectors and shippers to send all their raw furs to Revillon. Because we are the largest manufacturers in the world we can afford to pay highest prices for all your raw skins. Write for our price list immediately and send us a trial shipment to our nearest Fur Warehouse, 133-135 W. 25th St., New York; 158 Wabash Ave., Chicago; 134 McGill St., Montreal, Can. and Edmonton, Alberta, Canada.

Pay Highest Prices for Raw Furs

For old people who suffer from rheumatism, stiff joints, gout, lumbago, neuralgia, sciatica and paralysis Sloan's Liniment gives quick relief. It penetrates through the nerves and tissues, relieves the inflammation and congestion, quickens the blood and gives a pleasant tingling sensation of comfort and warmth. Needs very little rubbing.

At all dealers PRICE 25c 50c & \$1.00 Dr. Earl S. Sloan, Boston Mass.

FREE TO OUR READERS.

Write Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago, for 48-page Illustrated Eye Book and if this paper is mentioned they will send you a Free Bottle Murine for Your Eyes. Write all about Your Eye Trouble and their Oculists will advise as to the proper Application of the Murine Eye Remedies in Your Special Case. Your Druggist will tell you that Murine Cures Eyes. Makes Weak Eyes Strong. Doesn't Smart. Soothes Eye Pain. Aids those Wearing Glasses and Sells for 50c.

Unswallowed.
She had been to her first party and had indulged not wisely but too well in delicacies that cause internal woe when partaken of to excess.

"Why, Geraldine!" exclaimed the anxious mother, as she welcomed the return of her offspring, "how white you are looking; do you feel sick?"
"Oh, no," was the equable reply: "I did feel sick after the ice cream, but I unswallowed myself and I feel all right now."

DOCTORS IN GRAND JURY NET.
Two indicted in Iowa for Conspiracy to Force an Independent Physician from a Surgical Case.

Waverly, Ia.—The Bremner county grand jury, which a few weeks ago indicted fourteen members of the county medical association, alleging violation of the anti-trust law, recently reported additional indictments against Dr. W. A. Rohlf and Dr. O. L. Chaffee on the general ground of conspiracy. Their alleged offense was of forcing an independent doctor from a surgical case, in which he as well as one of the accused doctors had been employed, after he had refused to sign the union scale.

A Certainty.
"Every woman thinks she would make an actress."
"Not every one."
"Yes."
"There is my wife."
"Doesn't she think it?"
"No; she knows it."—Nashville American.

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Pay Highest Prices for Raw Furs

HOW HE FOUND THE KEY.

Brother's Method Was Simple, but Also Somewhat Costly.

Miss Dresswell had just returned, after spending a week with a country friend. Imagine her consternation when she discovered her previously well-stocked wardrobe empty!

"Gracious, George!" she said to her brother. "Where are all my clothes? And what in the world is that great black patch on the lawn?"

The face of George exhibited all the well-known signs of conscious righteousness, and he met her gaze unflinchingly.

"Maria," he replied consolingly, "you wrote to me that if I wanted the key of the billiard room I should find it in the pocket of your bolero."

"Yes, yes!"
"Well, I don't know a bolero from a schu or a box pleat, so I took all the things to the lawn and burnt them. Then I recovered the key from the ashes."

She froze him with a stare, and he is now thawing slowly on the kitchen stove.—Stray Stories.

NATURE PROVIDES FOR SICK WOMEN

a more potent remedy in the roots and herbs of the field than was ever produced from drugs.

In the good old-fashioned days of our grandmothers few drugs were used in medicine and Lydia E. Pinkham, of Lynn, Mass., in her study of roots and herbs and their power over disease discovered and gave to the women of the world a remedy for their peculiar ills more potent and efficacious than any combination of drugs.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

is an honest, tried and true remedy of unquestionable therapeutic value. During its record of more than thirty years, its long list of actual cures of those serious ills peculiar to women, entitles Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to the respect and confidence of every fair minded person and every thinking woman.

When women are troubled with irregular or painful functions, weakness, displacements, ulceration or inflammation, backache, flatulency, general debility, indigestion or nervous prostration, they should remember there is one tried and true remedy, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

No other remedy in the country has such a record of cures of female ills, and thousands of women residing in every part of the United States bear willing testimony to the wonderful virtue of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable compound and what it has done for them.

Mrs. Pinkham invites all sick women to write her for advice. She has guided thousands to health. For twenty-five years she has been advising sick women free of charge. She is the daughter-in-law of Lydia E. Pinkham and as her assistant for years before her decease advised under her immediate direction. Address, Lynn, Mass.

W. L. DOUGLAS

\$3.00 & \$3.50 SHOES

THE FAMOUS "DOUGLAS" SHOES FOR EVERY MEMBER OF THE FAMILY, AT ALL PRICES.

\$25,000 (To any one who can prove W. L. Douglas's shoes do not make & sell more men's \$3 & \$3.50 shoes than any other manufacturer.)

THE REASON W. L. Douglas shoes are worn by more people in all walks of life than any other make, is because of their excellent style, easy-fitting, and superior wearing qualities. The selection of the leathers and other materials for each part of the shoe, and every detail of the making is looked after by the most complete organization of superintendents, foremen and skilled shoemakers, who receive the highest wages paid in the shoe industry, and whose workmanship cannot be excelled.

If I could take you into my large factories at Brockton, Mass., and show you how carefully W. L. Douglas shoes are made, you would then understand why they hold their shape so better, wear longer and are of greater value than any other make.

My \$3.00 and \$3.50 Gill Edge Shoes cannot be equalled at any price. CAUTION: Beware of cheap W. L. Douglas shoes. No substitute. Ask your dealer for W. L. Douglas shoes. Send direct to factory. Shoes sent everywhere by mail. Catalog free. W. L. Douglas, Brockton, Mass.

FREE To convince any woman that Paxtine Antiseptic will improve her health and do all we claim for it, we will send her absolutely free a large trial box of Paxtine with book of instructions and genuine testimonials. Send your name and address on a postal card.

PAXTINE mucous membrane infections, such as nasal catarrh, pelvic catarrh and inflammation caused by feminine list, sore eyes, sore throat, and mouth, by direct local treatment. Its curative power over these troubles is extraordinary and gives immediate relief. Thousands of women are using and recommending it every day. 50 cents at druggists or by mail. Remember, however, IT COSTS YOU NOTHING TO TRY IT. THE R. PAXTON CO., Boston, Mass.

Pain Paint

Has Been Taken in With Our \$30 AN HOUR MERRY GO ROUNDS

We also manufacture Rattle Dances, Strikers, etc. Write to R. PAXTON CO., General Amusement Outfitters, Dept. M., NORTH TONAWANDA, N. Y.

Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna

acts gently yet promptly on the bowels, cleanses the system effectually, assists one in overcoming habitual constipation permanently. To get its beneficial effects buy the genuine.

Manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

SOLD BY LEADING DRUGGISTS—50¢ PER BOTTLE.



LYDIA E. PINKHAM

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

is an honest, tried and true remedy of unquestionable therapeutic value. During its record of more than thirty years, its long list of actual cures of those serious ills peculiar to women, entitles Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to the respect and confidence of every fair minded person and every thinking woman.

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DR. J. T. WOODS,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office in the Staffan-Merkel block.
Night and day calls answered promptly.
CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.
Telephone 114.

B. G. BUSH,
BUSH & CHASE,
PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS.
Offices in the Freeman-Cummings block.
CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

H. W. SCHMIDT,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office hours: 10 to 12 forenoon; 2 to 4 afternoon;
7 to 8 evening.
Night and Day calls answered promptly.
Chelsea Telephone No. 30. 2 rings for office, 3
rings for residence.
CHELSEA, MICH.

A. G. WALL,
DENTIST.
Office over the Freeman & Cummings
Co. drug store, Chelsea, Mich.
Phone No. 222.

A. L. STEGER,
DENTIST.
Office—Kempf Bank Block.
CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.
Phone 82.

W. S. HAMILTON,
Veterinary Surgeon.
Treats all diseases of domesticated animals.
Special attention given to lameness and
horse dentistry. Office and residence Park
street, across from M. E. church, Chelsea.

JAMES S. GORMAN,
LAW OFFICE.
East Middle street, Chelsea, Mich.

TURNBULL & WITHERELL,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW.
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CHELSEA, MICH.

STIVERS & KALMBACH,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.
General Law practice in all courts. No
tary Public in the office. Phone 63.
Office in Kempf Bank Block.
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PARKER & BECKWITH,
Real Estate Dealers.
Money to Loan. Life and Fire Insurance
Office in Hatch-Durand block.

F. STAFFAN & SON,
Funeral Directors and Embalmers.
CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.
Phones 15 or 78.

S. A. MAPES,
FUNERAL DIRECTOR AND EMBALMER.
FINE FUNERAL FURNISHINGS.
Calls answered promptly night or day.
Chelsea Telephone No. 6.
CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

J. S. HATHAWAY,
Cleaning, Pressing and
Repairing
of Gentlemen's Clothing, also Ladies
Jackets, Woolen Dresses, Skirts, Shirt
Waists and White Dress Skirts a special-
ty. All work guaranteed. Phone orders
promptly attended to. Corner of East
Middle and East streets. Phone 47.

OLIVE LODGE, NO. 156, F. & A. M.
Regular meetings for 1907 are as fol-
lows: Jan. 29, Feb. 26, Mar. 26, April 23,
May 21, June 25, July 30, Aug. 27,
Sept. 17, Oct. 15, Nov. 19; annual meeting
and election of officers, Dec. 17. St.
John's Day, June 24-Dec. 27. Visiting
Brothers welcome.
G. E. Jackson, W. M.
C. W. Maroney, Sec.

E. W. DANIELS,
GENERAL AUCTIONEER.
Satisfaction Guaranteed. For informa-
tion call at The Standard-Herald office,
or address Gregory, Mich., r. f. d. 2.
Phone connections. Auction bills and
in cup furnished free.

F. D. MERITHEW,
LICENSED AUCTIONEER.
Bell Phone 62, Manchester, Mich.
Dates made at this office.

THE MONROE NURSERY,
MONROE, MICHIGAN.
900 acres. Established 1817.
I. E. ILGENFRITZ' SONS COMPANY.

We offer one of the largest and most
complete stocks of fruit and ornamental
trees, plants, vines, etc., in the United
States. Orders placed with our agents
will receive our most careful attention.
C. RIEMENSCHNEIDER, Agent,
r. f. d. 4 Grass Lake, Mich. Chelsea phone

Detroit, Jackson & Chicago Ry.
Time Card taking effect June 18, 1907.

Limited cars to Detroit—7:42 a. m.,
1:42 and 4:24 p. m.
Limited cars to Jackson—9:48 a. m.,
2:46 and 5:48 p. m.
Local cars to Detroit—6:36, 8:40, 10:10
a. m. and every two hours until 10:10 p.
m. 11:55 p. m. to Ypsilanti only.
Local cars to Jackson—6:44 a. m., then
7:50 and every two hours until 11:50
p. m.

An Ideal Laxative.
Physics and Cathartics which purge, unload
the bowels, and give temporary relief, irritate
and weaken the digestive and excretory organs.
Laxative from—Doan's Kidney Pills are as different
in effect as truth is from falsehood. They nourish
the bowels muscles and nerves, giving them strength
and vigor to do the work nature intended, thus
effecting a permanent cure by perfectly safe and
natural means. The best laxative for children.
Chocolate coated tablets, easy to take, never gripe
or nauseate. 50c, 25c and \$1.00 at all drug stores.
For sale by L. T. FREEMAN.

"I suffered habitually from constipa-
tion. Doan's Regulate relieved and
strengthened the bowels, so that they
have been regular ever since."—A. E.
Davis, grocer, Sulphur Springs, Texas.

PISO'S

**Conquer That
Cough**

Don't go around with a
mortgage on your chest.
Every day that you let it
remain, the tighter its
grip becomes. The cough
becomes more violent
and exhausting; the deli-
cate bronchial passage
get inflamed under the
constant hacking; the
lungs become lacinated
under the constantly re-
curring paroxysms.

**With
Piso's Cure**

there is a soothing and
heating effect upon the
entire respiratory mu-
cous membrane. It has
stood the test for nearly
half a century as the one
reliable remedy for con-
sumption, colds and all
chest affections. It gives
right to the action of the
tubercle, removes the
cause and aids nature in
restoring healthy condi-
tions. Piso's Cure is
absolutely free from ob-
jectionable ingredients.
Its perfect safety, plas-
tic taste and unequalled
efficacy make it the ideal
remedy for man, woman
and child. If you have a
cough drive it out today.

**Before It
Conquers You**

CURE

FREE TO RHEUMATISM SUFFERERS

A Full-sized 75c Bottle of Uric-O, The
Only Absolute Cure for Rheuma-
tism Ever Discovered.

WRITE FOR IT TODAY

We want every man or woman who
suffers from rheumatism and has lost all
faith in remedies to write us today for
an absolutely free trial of the famous
Smith Prescription, Uric-O, for Rheuma-
tism. Uric-O will cure it and cure it to
stay. No faith is required while taking
this superb remedy. You take it ac-
cording to directions, and you will be
cured in spite of yourself and any
doubts you may have as to its efficiency.
We don't ask you to buy Uric-O on faith.
We'll buy a large 75c bottle for you and
make you a present of it, if you will
agree to take it according to directions.

We could not afford to do this if we
didn't have all the confidence in the
world in Uric-O, and know that after
you are cured you would have no
hesitation about recommending the
remedy to all your friends and acquain-
tances who are suffering from rheuma-
tism. This is the method that has made
Uric-O famous wherever it has been introduced.
The cure of several so-called rheumatic
incurables in a community means a
steady sale of Uric-O in that vicinity.
Uric-O is good for rheumatism and
rheumatism only. It acts upon the
blood by driving the uric and poisonous
rheumatic acid from the system. This
is the only way rheumatism can ever be
cured and it is the Uric-O, but if you
want to test it, cut out this notice and
mail it today with your name and ad-
dress and the name of your druggist to
the Smith Drug Co., 311 Smith Bldg.,
Syracuse, N. Y. and they will send you
a full-sized 75c bottle free.
Uric-O is sold and personally recom-
mended in Chelsea by Freeman & Cum-
mings Co.

THROW OUT THE LINE

Give Them Help and Many Michigan
People Will Be Happier.

"Throw out the life line."
The kidneys need help.
They're overworked, can't get the
poison filtered out of the blood.
They're getting worse every minute.
Will you help them?

Doan's Kidney Pills have brought
thousands of kidney sufferers back from
the verge of despair.
Will cure any form of kidney trouble.
Mrs. N. Morris, living at 226 Sixth
street, Manistee, Mich., says: "Mr.
Morris was well satisfied with the result
obtained from Doan's Kidney Pills
which he used for a serious kidney com-
plaint that had given him much annoy-
ance for several months. The kidney
secretions were irregular, his back ached
badly and there was more or less pain
through his limbs and body. Seeing
Doan's Kidney Pills highly recom-
mended by those who had used them he pro-
cured a box and used four boxes alto-
gether when he was completely cured of
the trouble. We often endorse the
claims made for Doan's Kidney Pills to
people speaking to us about them."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents
Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York.
Sole agents for the United States.
Remember the name—Doan's and take
no other.

Card of Thanks.

Mrs. Mary Glenn, of Chelsea and John
F. Knapp, of Cincinnati, Ohio, grand-
mother and brother, of Anna R. Knapp,
whose funeral was on Friday morning,
desire to thank the many friends, who
have by floral offerings shown their love
and sympathy with respect.

It is deliciously palatable, agrees with
the weakest stomach, contains the most
soothing, healing, strengthening and
curative elements. Makes you well and
happy. Hollister's Rocky Mountain
Tea. 35 cents. Tea or Tablets. Free-
man & Cummings Co.

BREVITIES

The school building in Unadilla
has recently been put in excellent
repair.

Onsted would like to have some
enterprising man start a sauerkraut
factory in that village.

The public school in Gregory
opened again Monday of last week
with Mr. and Mrs. Stackable in
charge.

The common council of Rochester
is considering the proposition of es-
tablishing a public lighting plant in
that village.

The milk dealers in Jackson have
formed a combine and advanced the
rail price of milk from six to
seven cents per quart.

Over \$16,000 in cash of the \$25-
000 capital of the new bank at On-
sted has been paid in and the bank
is now ready to do business.

The ladies of St. Joseph's Catholic
church will hold their annual ban-
quet Thanksgiving night at the
Dexter Opera house, November 28.

The saloon of Patrick McCabe, of
Dexter, was broken into last Sat-
urday night and about \$50 worth of
cigars and liquors, a gun and an
overcoat taken.

The D. T. & I. trains will cease
running over the D. T. & M. be-
tween this place and Dundee after
November 30, as the renewal of the
company's lease with the Lake Shore
people is not satisfactory to them.—
Tecumseh News.

The November crop report says
that the average condition of wheat
in the state is 87, the average yield
of corn was 30 bushels an acre and
the average yield of potatoes in the
southern counties of the state is 84
bushels to the acre.

The annual fair given by St.
John's society with supper, will be
held at town hall December 7th.
A fine chance to secure Christmas
gifts, as there will be numerous
pieces of fine needlework both use-
ful and ornamental for sale.—Clinton
Courier.

Two men hired a livery team of
R. Phelps, of Dexter, one day last
week, and drove through Webster
and Hamburg townships represent-
ing themselves as agents of a de-
partment store in Ann Arbor, and
solicited orders for soap and china.
They secured considerable money and
left the rig in Howell where Sheriff
Sutton recovered it the first of the
week. They were impostors.

A party living near town, who
purchased an overcoat from the
representatives of the Chicago Sup-
ply Co., operating here several weeks
ago, now has five pieces of goods on
his hands and a note for \$49.50 to
pay instead of the original \$9.50.
These swindling hawkers sold this
gentleman cloth for an overcoat,
which he had cut and made, and for
which he said he gave his note for
\$9.50. Following came the other
pieces of goods, not mentioned in
the contract, and his note for \$9.50
had been raised to \$49.50. The
case will be looked up by the au-
thorities.—Homer Vidette. Patron-
ize home merchants and avoid
trouble of this kind.

The Companion as a Christmas Gift.
Nobody is too young, nobody is old,
to enjoy reading The Youth's Companion.
For that reason it makes one of the
most appropriate of Christmas gifts—
one of the few whose actual worth far
outweighs the cost. Welcome as the
paper may be to the casual reader on
the train, at the office, in the public
library, it is, after all, the paper of
the home. The regularity and
frequency of its visits, the cordial
sincerity of its tone, make for it soon
the place of a familiar friend in the
house. Like a good friend, too, it
stands always for those traits and
qualities which are typified in the ideal
home, and are the sources of a nation's
health and true prosperity. Is there
an other Christmas present costing so
little that equals it?

On receipt of \$1.75 the yearly sub-
scription price, the publishers send to
the new subscriber all the remaining
issues of The Companion for 1907 and
the Four-Leaf Hanging Calendar for
1908 in full color.

Full illustrated announcement of the
new volume for 1908 will be sent with
sample copies of the paper to any ad-
dress free.

THE YOUTH'S COMPANION,
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His Dear Old Mother.

"My dear old mother, who is now
eighty-three years old, thrives on Elec-
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about two years and enjoys an excellent
appetite, feels strong and sleeps well."
That's the way Electric Bitters affect
the aged, and the same happy results
follow in all cases of female weakness
and general debility. Weak, puny
children too, are greatly strengthened by
them. Guaranteed also for stomach,
liver and kidney troubles, by Freeman
& Cummings Co., Druggists, 50c.

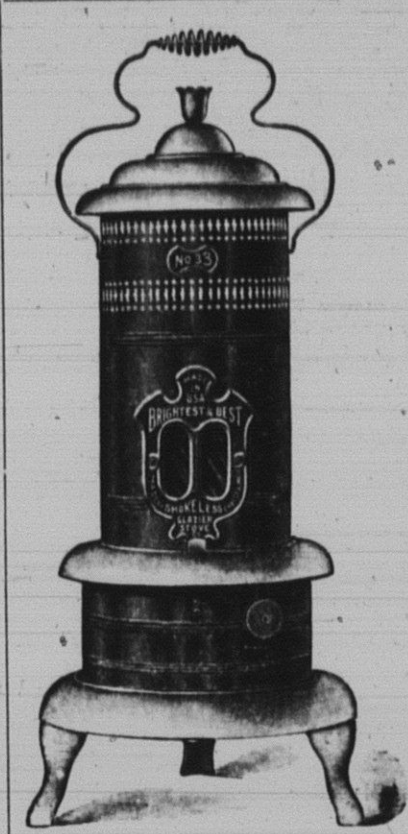
Soothes itching skin. Heals cuts or
burns without a scar. Cures piles,
eczema, salt rheum, any itching. Doan's
Ointment. Your druggist sells it.

NOVO STEEL RANGES.

We have now been selling NOVO Ranges for more than six months with the most gratifying results.
There is no range made which will give better service and the design is recognized by every one who sees it as
the most beautiful in the market. All doors are ground and fitted by experienced workmen until they are absolutely
tight. Thick asbestos plates line the flues entirely around the oven giving more scientific asbestos insulation than
ever before in a steel range. You will surely be disappointed if you buy another range first and see the NOVO
afterwards.



NOVO STEEL RANGE.



No. 33 B & B HEATER.

B & B OIL HEATERS.

Brightest and Best Oil Heaters give you the heating capacity of a hot air register within two minutes after
lighting. Easily moved to any room where required. Especially desirable in the chilly, raw weather of fall and
spring when the furnace or coal stove cannot be run to advantage.

Buy the B & B and secure the benefit of our automatic wick stop which prevents turning the wick too high
and so prevents smoking. All Heaters fitted with automatic indicators showing the amount of oil in the fount.

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**Overcoats
for Young
Men**



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"Standard"**

IT'S the wish and ability of the maker
that marks the difference between
stylish clothing made to serve, and
common kinds made to sell.
It's through more effort, experience,
newer methods and better work,
that Ederheimer, Stein & Co.
get the results that distinguish
their garments from the ordinary.
There is individuality and style in
this make, a greater measure of con-
sistent value, the sort of workman-
ship that produces perfect fit and the
certainty of correct appearance.

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selection and sale of such clothing
that makes this the real, live Young
Men's store. Come and be fitted.

The "Longworth" is a medium length coat
that is roomy, comfortable, stylish. The
"Standard" is slightly longer, but equally
fashionable and distinctive. Sizes 30 to
38. Prices \$15 to \$30.

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Watches, Clocks, Rings, Chains,
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THE JEWELER.

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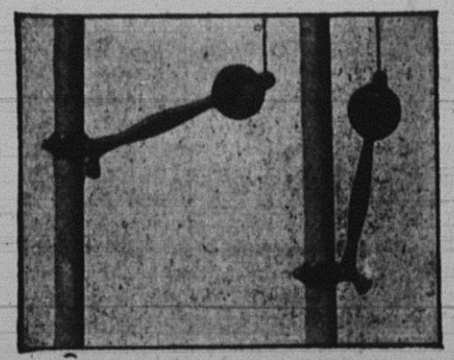
Parents should see to it that their children have one
natural, easy movement of the bowels each day.
Do not dose the child with salts or griping pills, as
they are too powerful in effect, and literally tear
their little insides to pieces, leaving the bowels
weak and less able to act naturally than before.
Laxative Iron-ox. Tablets tone and strengthen
the bowels, and stimulate all the little organs to
healthy activity. Chocolate coated tablets, easy to
take, never gripe or nauseate. 50c, 25c and \$1.00.
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isfaction. Send \$1.00 and we will send you sample. State size of pipe.
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Guardian,
Trustee, or
Receiver,

the Union Trust Com-
pany of Detroit gives
that prompt and efficient
attention which pro-
duces the best and most
satisfactory results, at a
minimum of cost.

Probate Order.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss. At a session of the Probate Court for said County of Washtenaw, held at the Probate Office, in the City of Ann Arbor, on the 1st day of November, in the year one thousand nine hundred and seven.

Present, Emory E. Leland, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of Philip H. Schneider, deceased.

On reading and filing the duly verified petition of Martha H. Riemschneider, daughter, pray-
ing that administration of said estate may be
granted to Mrs. Minnie Alper, or some other
suitable person, and that appraisers and com-
missioners be appointed.

It is ordered, that the 30th day of November
next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said
Probate office, be appointed for hearing said
petition.

And it is further ordered, that a copy of this
order be published three successive weeks
previous to said time of hearing, in the Chelsea
Standard-Herald, a newspaper printed and cir-
culating in said County of Washtenaw.

EMORY E. LELAND,
Judge of Probate.

(A true copy)
H. WIRT NEWKIRK, Register.

Probate Order.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss. At a session of the Probate Court for said County of Washtenaw, held at the Probate Office, in the City of Ann Arbor, on the 1st day of October, in the year one thousand nine hundred and seven.

Present, Emory E. Leland, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of August Ne-
burger, deceased.

On reading and filing the duly verified petition of Anna Marie Ott, praying that an
order be made determining heirs in said estate.

It is ordered, that the 2nd day of November
next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said
Probate office, be appointed for hearing said
petition.

And it is further ordered, that a copy of this
order be published three successive weeks
previous to said time of hearing, in the Chelsea
Standard-Herald, a newspaper printed and cir-
culating in said County of Washtenaw.

EMORY E. LELAND,
Judge of Probate.

(A true copy)
H. WIRT NEWKIRK, Register.

Probate Order.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss. At a session of the Probate Court for said County of Washtenaw, held at the Probate Office, in the City of Ann Arbor, on the 1st day of October, in the year one thousand nine hundred and seven.

Present, Emory E. Leland, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of George Trimb-
deceased.

On reading and filing the duly verified petition of Fred H. Trimb, administrator of said
estate, having filed in this court his final
account, and praying that the same may be
heard and allowed.

It is ordered, that the 10th day of November
next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said
Probate Office, be appointed for hearing said
account.

And it is further ordered, that a copy of this
order be published three successive weeks
previous to said time of hearing, in the Chelsea
Standard-Herald, a newspaper printed and cir-
culating in said County of Washtenaw.

EMORY E. LELAND,
Judge of Probate.

(A true copy)
H. WIRT NEWKIRK, Register.

Chancery Order.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, ss. At a session of the Circuit Court for the County of Washtenaw, in Chancery—Whereas
Edwin A. Dancer is complainant and the
unknown heirs at law of John Jones de-
fendants. Satisfactory proof appearing to
the court by affidavit on file that the
defendants are unknown, it is hereby
ordered, that said defendant appear and
answer the bill of complaint filed in said
cause within six months from the date
of this order.

Dated, November 14th, 1907.
Stivers & Kalmbach,
Solicitors for Complainant.
Business address, Chelsea, Mich.

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and trouble.

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catalogue it will pay you to come and
get one.

ELMER E. WINANS.

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—"Chrysanthemums."
Chrysanthemums in all sizes and colors
from 50c to \$2.00 per dozen. Any one
buying \$1.00 worth of cut Chrysanthem-
ums may have two roots of any kind
desired.

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Stands ready to help young men and
women to win independence and success.
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thousands of young people. It can give it
to you. Write for catalogue and give us a
chance by spending the next six months
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President, R. F. Bennett, C. A. F. E. F.
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The Standard-Herald want ads
suits. Try them.

We shall be frank about it—we shall say that we are carrying things with a high hand in Korea. We have gone over into the back yard of our neighbor and are telling him to kindly move on—simply because we need his home, writes Adachi Kinnasuke in Review of Reviews. We are doing this just as the Americans have done to the Indians, the rightful owners of America; just as the British have done to the Hindus; just as the Russians have done to the tatars and the Chinese; as Germany in Africa and Kiau-Chau, and France in Cochinchina and northern Africa have done. Nippon has joined the household of great powers; she has become civilized. When England absorbed India her home isles contained about 16,000,000 people; when Russia played her clever game, through Maraviev, and ran away with the treaty of Aigun and with Siberia, she was supporting about 68,000,000 people on her 5,000,000 square miles; when Kaiser Wilhelm heard from the gods of his ancestors that he was to be the military Emmanuel to the benighted African races, and forthwith went down there to establish an empire in the name of all the Christian virtues, Germany had less than 40,000 people on 205,830 square miles. Now Nippon goes over to Korea. She is supporting about 50,000,000 people on about 160,000 square miles, of which the possible arable land is less than 20 per cent; and the actual cultivation is 13.8 per cent; that is to say, about 15,000,000 acres. She has heard the logic of necessity.

American Names.

If we have some growing sense of a desire to touch with poetry the terminology of our American towns we have succeeded so far only in securing a slightly poetic grove atmosphere such as is given off by Lakewood or Riverside. The rich sentimentalism of the real estate dealer has done what it could, says the Atlantic, considering the hurry he is in. If we have a new manufacturing suburb the chances are we shall be too lazily and flatly patriotic, call it Lincoln and be done with it, or too crudely romantic, in which case the secretary of the company will report to the directors that he has had the place incorporated as Ivanhoe. With the slightest dash of poetry in his soul he might keep true to the strenuous character of the place with all its prospective labor agitations, and at the same time give a tinge of beauty to the situation forever by calling it Fretley. Or if it is a place where hammers are to ring from morning to night, why not call it Stroke instead of naming it Smithville, after the present chief stockholder of the concern?

Transmission across the Atlantic of press and commercial messages by wireless telegraphy has started off as quietly and unassuming as though the enterprise were merely the opening of a new short land line. Yet the occasion marks what really is the beginning of a new epoch in communicating between distant points. To send successfully messages through the air for thousands of miles is a marvelous achievement, even in this age of marvels. Yet the system seems to have "made good." The management explains the lack of display and ceremony attending the beginning of business by saying the real "opening" was two years ago, when the first messages were flashed over the ocean, the interval having been spent in perfecting details. At all events wireless telegraphy is now to have its most conclusive test as a factor in the everyday life of the world.

Most persons have been amused at one time or another by the sight of a returned American traveler, with head held high and a look of studied unconcern on his face, carrying a hand-bag or suitcase almost covered by foreign hotel and transfer company labels. The desire to advertise is so plain that spectators at all times smile. The London Railway Review, in calling attention to this common vanity, attributes to it most of the difficulties which travelers have with lost baggage. The trunks and bags are so covered with tags that baggage men cannot tell which one contains the proper address. The Review mentions one little bag a foot long and eight inches wide which bore 42 labels. Pride is nearly always a high-priced luxury.

The clergymen who are going to be required to pay full fares on the railroads will have the consolation of thinking that if they are killed while journeying their widows will be able to collect full damages.

Paris policemen at railway stations are obliged to speak English and German, though the ability to pronounce French properly is regarded as a liberal education in the female seminaries of other land.

THE NEW PRIMARY LAW

FULL TEXT OF THE MOST IMPORTANT ACT PASSED AT THE SPECIAL SESSION OF THE LEGISLATURE.

COVERING NOMINATIONS, CHOICE OF DELEGATES, CONVENTIONS, AND REGULATING THE SAME.

AN ACT
Relative to the nomination of party candidates for public office, and delegates to political conventions; to regulate primary elections and to prescribe penalties for violation of its provisions.

The People of the State of Michigan enact:

Section 1. Whenever an election shall be held in any city, county, legislative or congressional district in this state, pursuant to the provisions of this act, at which a majority of the enrolled voters of any political party shall vote in favor of the direct nomination of its party candidates in such city, county or district, thereafter the nomination of all candidates of such political party, to be voted for at a November or city election, except ward offices, shall be made by direct vote of the enrolled voters of such political party in such city, county or district, in the manner hereinafter provided, and such method of nominating the candidates of such political party for said offices shall continue until a majority of the enrolled voters of such political party in any such city, county or district, voting thereon, shall vote against such method when re-submitted to them under the terms of this act: Provided, That any political party which has adopted and is operating under the direct nominating system provided for in act number one hundred eighty-one of the Public Acts of nineteen hundred five, in any city, county or district, shall not be required to submit or re-submit the question of direct nomination of party candidates in order to operate under the provisions of this act, but all such political parties shall hereafter nominate party candidates by direct vote in the manner herein provided until otherwise determined as provided in this act.

Section 2. No person shall be permitted to vote at any primary election unless he shall have been enrolled, in the manner herein provided, as a member of a particular political party. The proposition of direct nomination of party candidates may be submitted or re-submitted and decided by a majority of the enrolled voters of any such city, county or district, on the first Monday in April preceding any November election: Provided, That an election may be held for the submission or re-submission of the question of direct nomination of party candidates of any political party for city offices on the first Monday of April of any year. All provisions herein made for the submission of the proposition in the first instance shall apply to the re-submission of the said proposition so far as applicable.

Section 3. A primary election for the nomination by direct vote of party candidates shall be held in several election precincts of any city, county or district, as the case may be, in which any political party has adopted the provisions of act number one hundred eighty-one of the Public Acts of nineteen hundred five, or the provisions of this act, on the first Tuesday in September preceding any November election. In the case of any city in which local officers are not elected at the November election, a primary election for the nomination of party candidates for city offices, other than ward offices, shall be held on the second Tuesday preceding the day on which the officers of said city are to be elected.

Section 4. All primary elections shall, except as herein otherwise provided, be conducted and regulated as near as may be, in every particular as prescribed by law for the regulation and conduct of general elections. The provisions of the general election law shall apply to primary elections with respect to the giving of notices of enrollment and election, in fixing places for holding such elections, providing ballot boxes and the necessary equipment and supplies, and all officers required to perform similar duties under the general election law shall be required to perform such duties under this act with like power and compensation. All expenses of primary elections shall be defrayed from the same funds from which are defrayed the expenses of a general election.

Section 5. The voters in the various political parties shall be afforded an opportunity to become enrolled voters of the particular political party with which they are affiliated on the Saturday preceding the first Monday of April preceding the September primary, and on the Saturday preceding the city primary in cities in which any political party is operating under the primary election system provided for in this act: Provided, That in cities having a registration day, or days, prior to the Saturday preceding the first Monday in April, the voters of the various political parties shall be afforded an opportunity for party enrollment on such registration day or days. It shall not be necessary for the electors who were enrolled under act number one hundred eighty-one of the Public Acts of nineteen hundred five to again enroll under the provisions of this act, if they reside in the same voting precinct in which they resided at the time of enrollment under said act number one hundred eighty-one of the Public Acts of nineteen hundred five.

Section 6. The various boards of registration provided for by the provisions of the general election, or

other law shall constitute an enrollment board under the provisions of this act. The said enrollment boards shall be in session in every voting precinct in this state on the days prescribed in this act and during the same number of hours that the said boards of registration are required to be in session. Notice of the time when and the place where said board shall be in session shall be given in a meeting of the board of registration is given: Provided, That the notice of the time when and where qualified electors may be enrolled on the Saturday prior to the first Monday in April may be included in the notice of voters under the general election law.

Section 7. The enrollment herein provided for shall be made in a suitable book in which the names shall be enrolled in alphabetical order. Such books shall be furnished by the Secretary of State to the county clerk and by him delivered to said enrollment boards, if such books have not been provided under authority of act number one hundred eighty-one of the Public Acts of nineteen hundred five, at the same time and in the same manner as is now provided by law for the delivery of blanks for use at general elections, and shall be prepared substantially in form as follows:

Party Enrollment of the Voters in
.....County
.....City
.....PrecinctWard
.....Township
Date. Enrolled. No. Name.
Residence. Street No.
Party Removal. Affiliation.
(In cities having street number.)

Said enrollment book shall also contain blank forms of certificates to be used by the enrollment board in making its return of such enrollment in the manner herein provided. It shall be the duty of the Secretary of State to prepare and forward to each voting precinct in this state blank leaflets upon which the necessary corrections in any party enrollment heretofore taken, or which may hereafter be taken, one copy of which shall be forwarded by the enrolling clerk to the county clerk and one copy to the Secretary of State.

Section 8. For the purpose of accuracy and to expedite the making of the enrollment, blanks upon which the applicant may write his name, residence, street number in cities, and party affiliation, may be used. The blank to be used shall be in the following form:

Application for Primary Election Enrollment.
Name.....
Residence.....
Street No. (in cities having street number).....
Party Affiliation.....
If such blank is used prior to any enrollment day it shall be the duty of any member of the enrollment board to receive same, when properly filled out and signed in the handwriting of the applicant. It shall be unlawful for any member of the enrollment board to take or receive any application for enrollment unless presented by the applicant in person. The applications for enrollment so received by members of the enrollment board prior to any enrollment shall be presented to the enrollment board on the next enrollment day. Upon receipt of such applications it shall be the duty of the enrollment board to enroll the names of all such applicants, if satisfied that such applicants are entitled to enrollment without such applicants being present in person. If such application blank is presented by the applicant on enrollment day, it shall be the duty of the enrolling board to receive same personally from the applicant and to see that the applicant has properly answered all questions before accepting same. No such application shall be received or accepted by the enrolling board on any enrollment day unless personally presented by the applicant. When such application is accepted by the enrolling board, it shall date and number the same and make the proper entries in the enrollment book provided therefor.

Section 9. The legal custodian of the general registration book of each election precinct shall be custodian of the party enrollment book provided for herein. Such custodian shall, within ten days after any party enrollment, or correction of the enrollment book, forward under seal to the county clerk of his county and to the Secretary of State, one copy of the party enrollment, or the corrections and additions made in the enrollment book, to each of which copies he shall attach his certificate that the same is a true and correct copy of the party enrollment, or of the corrections and additions to the same.

Section 10. On the dates named herein for the enrollment of voters, the various enrollment boards shall review the enrollment book and correct the same in the same manner as provided for in the registration book for said precinct, provided for under the provisions of the general election law: Provided, That in precincts in which no election is held on the first Monday in April, the enrollment board thereof shall not be required to be in session on the preceding Saturday.

Section 11. At the close of enrollment on enrollment day, it shall be the duty of the chairman of the board having in charge the party enrollment in any election precinct, to cause two black lines to be drawn across the page under the last name enrolled under each alphabetical letter in the party enrollment book, and shall cause to be written between said lines the words "Last name enrolled under this letter, the.....day of....., 19.....," filling in the date of enrollment.

Section 12. Any qualified elector in any election precinct in this state, who failed to have his name enrolled on any enrollment day by reason of sickness, unavoidable absence from the election precinct, or other reasonable cause, and who is a qualified elector in said precinct on a primary election day, or any person who may have become twenty-one years of age or a qualified elector after enrollment day, may have his name enrolled by the board of primary election inspectors on any primary election day upon making oath as provided in the general election law relative to the registration of electors on election day. Any person who was duly enrolled in the manner herein provided, but who has changed his residence to any election precinct other than that in which he was enrolled, may be enrolled in the new election precinct and may vote therein: Provided, That he has resided in the election precinct in which he seeks to be enrolled for a period of twenty days and that he obtained from a member of the enrollment board in which he formerly resided a certificate stating that he was duly enrolled in such district and that he is entitled to enrollment in the new district, which certificate shall contain all of the data set forth in the enrollment book; or that he satisfy the said enrollment board or board of primary election inspectors, in any other manner, of the existence of such facts.

Section 13. Whenever an enrolled voter has changed his party affiliation and desires to be enrolled as a member of another political party, he may personally make application on any enrollment day, or on any primary election day, for re-enrollment, to the enrollment board, or the board of primary election inspectors, and said board shall thereupon re-enroll the name of said enrolled voter and at the same time draw a pen mark through the name of said enrolled voter as previously enrolled and, opposite said name as previously enrolled shall write the word "re-enrolled" and the date of said re-enrollment: Provided, That when an enrolled voter shall become re-enrolled under authority of this section, the said re-enrollment of such enrolled voter shall not affect the validity of any petition theretofore signed by such enrolled voter as a member of a particular political party.

Section 14. The question of the direct nomination of party candidates of any political party for city, county, legislative or congressional offices may be submitted or re-submitted by the enrolled voters of such political party within such city, county or district upon petition therefor, signed by a number of enrolled voters of such political party within such city, county or district, which number shall constitute not less than twenty per cent of the total number of enrolled voters of such political party in such city, county or district.

Section 15. The petition referred to in the preceding section relative to city offices shall be addressed to the city clerk; and relative to a county or legislative district wholly within one county, shall be addressed to the county clerk; and petitions relative to legislative or congressional district offices, comprising more than one county, to the Secretary of State, and shall be delivered to the city clerk, county clerk or Secretary of State, at least thirty days before the first Monday of April upon which the proposition is to be voted upon by the enrolled voters of the particular political party.

Section 16. Such petition shall embrace but one object: That, party candidates for representative in congress, for state senator, for representative in the state legislature, for county or city or county offices, shall each be petitioned for on separate petitions. The said petition shall be in substantially the following form:

To the City Clerk, County Clerk or Secretary of State:
We, the undersigned, enrolled voters of the.....party of the.....of.....(township or city) and county of.....respectfully petition that the question of direct nomination of party candidates for.....shall be submitted (or re-submitted) to the enrolled voters of the said political party in said (city, county or district) on the first Monday of April, next.

(Signed).....
Section 17. The said city clerk, county clerk or Secretary of State, as the case may be, shall examine said petition and if it is found that a sufficient number of enrolled voters have signed said petition, he shall give notice, as near as possible, in the manner now provided by law for giving notice of general elections in this state, that at an election to be held pursuant to the provisions of this act on the first Monday in April thereafter, the proposition will be submitted or re-submitted to the enrolled voters of the particular political party in said city, county or district, referred

to in such petition or petitions, whether the nomination of party candidates of that political party for the offices named in said petition or petitions shall thereafter be made in such city, county or district, by direct vote, and the proper board of election commissioners under the general election law shall cause to be printed on the ballot to be used at such primary election, in substance, the following words:

Instruction: Make a cross in the square to the left of the words "Yes" or "No" on each proposition submitted.

Direct nomination of candidates of the.....party for.....offices. () No. () Yes.

All such propositions may be submitted upon one ballot to the enrolled voters of a particular political party. Whenever more than one proposition is submitted upon one ballot, each proposition shall be separated by a black line one-sixth of an inch wide to enable each proposition petitioned for to be voted upon by itself. The color of the ballots shall be the same as is herein prescribed for the official primary election ballots. The size and form of the ballots, other than as herein directed, shall be prescribed by the said board of election commissioners. The votes cast at such election shall be canvassed, and returns thereof made in like manner as is provided for the canvassing of votes and the making of returns of any general election held in such city, county, or district, by the terms of existing law.

Section 18. A general primary election, for all political parties, shall be held in every election precinct in this state on the first Tuesday of September preceding every general November election, at which time the enrolled voters of each political party shall vote for party candidates for the office of Governor, Lieutenant Governor, and United States Senator: Provided, That no nomination for the office of United States Senator shall be made unless such office is to be elected at the next session of the legislature.

Section 19. In any congressional district in this state in which the enrolled voters of any political party have decided, or in which the enrolled voters of any political party shall hereafter decide, in accordance with the provisions of this act, in favor of the direct nomination of a candidate for representative in Congress, there shall be nominated at the said September primary election, by direct vote of the enrolled voters of such political party within such district, a party candidate for representative in Congress, in any senatorial district in this state in which the enrolled voters of any political party have decided, or in which the enrolled voters of any political party shall hereafter decide, in accordance with the provisions of this act, in favor of direct nomination of party candidates for state senator, there shall be nominated at the said primary election, by direct vote of the enrolled voters of any political party within such district, a party candidate for state senator. In any representative district in this state in which the enrolled voters of any political party have decided, or in which the enrolled voters of any political party shall hereafter decide, in accordance with the provisions of this act, in favor of the direct nomination of party candidates for representative in the state legislature, by direct vote of the enrolled voters of such political party within such district a party candidate or candidates for representative in the state legislature. In any city or county in this state in which the enrolled voters of any political party have decided, or in which the enrolled voters of any political party shall hereafter decide, in accordance with the provisions of this act, in favor of direct nomination of party candidates for city or county offices, when the officers thereof are to be voted for at the November election, there shall be nominated at the said primary election by direct vote of the enrolled voters of any such political party within such city or county, party candidates for such city or county offices. Whenever the enrolled voters of any political party within any county shall decide to nominate party candidates for county offices to be voted for at the November election, by direct vote, or in case the enrolled voters of any political party have so decided one of the Public Acts of nineteen hundred five, there shall also be elected at the September primary, by direct vote of the enrolled voters of such political party in such county, as many delegates as such political party in such county shall be entitled to by the call issued by the county committee of such political party for the county convention thereafter to be held by such political party in said county in that year for the purpose of electing delegates to the state convention called for the purpose of nominating party candidates for state offices. In case of any vacancy in any delegation from any election precinct, township, or ward, to the county convention, such vacancy shall be filled by the delegates present from the ward or township in which the vacancy occurs. The state central committee of each political party shall, at least thirty days before the September primary herein provided for, certify to the board of election commissioners of each county and to the chairman of the county committee of such party, the number of delegates to which such county shall be entitled in the state convention of such party, and the said state central committee shall apportion such delegates to the several counties in proportion and according to the number of votes cast for the candidates of such party for counties respectively at the last preceding November election. The name of any candidate for delegate to the county convention shall not be printed upon the official primary election ballot. The provisions of this act shall not be construed to apply to or be operative in the counties of Alpena, Kent, Muskegon and Wayne, except where such counties or parts of counties form and constitute a part only of a congressional or legislative district, in which case the provisions of this act shall be operative in said county, or parts of counties, relative to the

nomination of party candidates for representative in Congress, state senator, or representative in the state legislature, and except in regard to the nomination of party candidates for Governor, Lieutenant Governor and United States Senator. Whenever this act is operative in the said counties of Alpena, Kent, Muskegon and Wayne, all penal provisions of this act shall be effective and shall be enforced in the same manner as in any other county in the state.

Section 20. It shall be the duty of the board of election commissioners of each county in this state to prepare and furnish the necessary official primary election ballots which may be required for use by any political party at the September primary. Such ballots shall contain the name of the political party for which they are to be used, the voting precinct, city or township, and county and the instructions as to the method of voting. Said ballots shall be printed on different colored paper for each political party, but no party ballot shall be printed on yellow paper. Ballots for the Republican party shall be printed in black ink upon a good quality of white paper. Ballots for the Democratic party shall be printed in black ink upon a good quality of blue paper. Ballots for the Prohibition party shall be printed in black ink upon a good quality of red paper, and if there are other political parties, the board of election commissioners shall print ballots therefor in black ink upon a good quality of a different colored paper from that as above designated. Such names under heading of the board of election commissioners, according to the provisions of this act, shall not be used, cast or counted in any election precinct, at any such primary election. It shall be the duty of the election commissioners to cause instruction ballots for each party to be printed on yellow paper, not exceeding ten per cent of the number of official ballots printed for each party in each precinct, and to distribute said instruction ballots in the same manner and at the same time provided for the distribution of official primary ballots. Said yellow ballots shall have printed at the head thereof the words: "Instruction Ballots for Primary Election." The size of all official ballots shall be such as the said board of election commissioners shall prescribe.

Section 21. The said ballots so prepared by the board of election commissioners in each county shall include the names of all candidates for the particular political party for the offices of Governor, Lieutenant Governor and United States Senator, and shall also include the names of all candidates for city, county or district offices in each city, county or district in which the direct nominating system has been adopted by such political party. No candidate shall have his name printed upon any official primary election ballot of any political party in any voting precinct in this state unless he shall file nomination petitions according to the provisions of this act, and all other requirements of this act have been complied with in his behalf. If the enrolled voters of that particular political party have voted in favor of direct nomination of party candidates for county offices, the said ballots shall also contain as many lines as there are delegates to be elected to the county convention. Such lines, upon which may be written the names of proposed delegates to the county convention, shall be printed under the title "Delegates County Convention," and no ballot of a delegate to a county convention of any such political party shall be counted unless prepared and voted under authority of this act.

Section 22. The chairman of the county committee of each political party, the enrolled voters of which have decided in favor of direct nomination of candidates for county offices, shall certify to the board of election commissioners of his county at least twenty-five days before the holding of such primary election, the number of delegates to which each election district of said county will be entitled at the county convention of said political party to be held in said county in said year for the purpose of electing delegates to a state convention called for the purpose of nominating party candidates for state offices. It shall be the duty of the board of election commissioners of any city in which city officers are not elected at the November election, in which any political party has adopted the provisions of this act, to prepare the necessary primary election ballots for use of the enrolled voters of such political party. The said city board of election commissioners shall be governed by the same rules as are prescribed for the preparation of ballots by the board of election commissioners of the county.

Section 23. The number of ballots to be printed for the use of a political party at a primary election in any election precinct shall be at least fifty per cent more than the total number of votes cast therein at the last preceding election by such political party for Secretary of State. Provided, That the number of official primary election ballots which shall be prepared for any new party shall be such number as the chairman and secretary of the city, county, district or state committee of such new party of election commissioners shall be necessary for use at said primary election: Provided, further, That unless ballots are required for new parties in the manner herein provided, it shall be unnecessary for any board of election commissioners to prepare ballots for any such new political party even though there may be candidates who have filed nomination petitions. Proof copies of the official primary election ballot shall be sent to the office of the county clerk, or city clerk, as the case may be, for public inspection at least three days prior to the primary election.

Section 24. It shall be the duty of the Secretary of State to cause to be printed pamphlet copies of this act and to furnish to the county clerk of each city and to the city clerk of any city in which any political party adopts the provisions of this act, a sufficient number of copies thereof to enable said clerks to furnish at least two copies to each board of primary election inspectors in the particular city or county at the same time that

other supplies for an election are furnished.

Section 25. The official primary election ballots shall be prepared in the following manner: There shall be printed at the top of the ballot in large type the words "Official Primary Ballot." Underneath "Official Primary Ballot" the date of the election at which the ballot is to be used, followed, when necessary, by the designation of the political subdivision, as county, district, city, ward, etc. Then shall follow, in bold-face type, the name of the party, below which shall appear in the square to the left of the name for each office as indicated on the title of such office. The name, numbered consecutively, as provided for the numbering of ballots by the general election law. All names shall be printed on a separate ballot, and said ballot shall be in one or more columns, as may be determined by the election commissioners in making up the same. The order of the names on the ballot shall be the same, as far as may be, as is required by law in making up the ballot for a general election. The title of the office shall be immediately above the names of the candidate or candidates for such office, and under such title the words, "Vote for," followed by the word "one," "two," or a word designating the number of candidates under head to be voted for. The names of the different candidates shall be arranged from each other by a left-hand rule, with a square at the left of the name, and the spaces devoted to the several offices shall be separated by a black-faced rule so as to be separate each office division clearly. If two or more columns are used on a ballot, the columns shall be separated by a black line one-sixth of an inch wide. The names under heading designating each official position shall be alternated on the ballots of each party casting at least five per cent of the vote cast in the county or political subdivision at the preceding November election, and printed in the following manner:

First, The forms shall be set up with the names of such candidates arranged alphabetically, in order according to surnames. In printing each set of tickets for the several election precincts, the positions of the names shall be changed in each office division, as many times as there are candidates in the office division in which there are the most names. As nearly as possible an equal number of tickets shall be printed after each change. In making the changes of position, the printers shall take the line of type at the head of each office division and place it at the bottom of the division, and shove up the column so that the name that before was second shall be first after the change. After the ballots are printed, and before being trimmed, they shall be kept in separate piles, the one pile for each change of position, and shall then be piled by taking one from each pile and placing it upon the pile to be trimmed, the intention being that every other ballot in such pile shall have the names in a different position. After the pile is made in this manner, the ballots shall be numbered consecutively on the upper right hand corner upon the front of the ballot, with a perforated line across said corner, underneath the said number, so that the corner with the number shall be torn off. After that the ballots shall be trimmed and done up in sealed packages and distributed for use at the primary election the same as is required by law for the distribution of ballots at the general election. The ballots shall be prepared in substantially the following form:

OFFICIAL PRIMARY BALLOT.
Primary Election.....
Make a cross (X) in the square in front of as many names for each office as is indicated under the title of such office.
NATIONAL.
United States Senator.
Vote for one.
GEORGE J. GLASIER.
JAMES H. ROACH.
FRANK H. RILEY.
STATE.
Governor.
Vote for one.
EDWARD H. SMITH.
RICHARD ROSE.
JOHN ROSWELL.
Lieutenant Governor.
Vote for one.
JAMES H. HEALY.
ROBERT M. LYAN.
JOHN SMITH.
Representative in Congress—District.....
Vote for one.
THOMAS J. BURGESS.
WILLIAM DUNN.
JAMES MAIRA.
LEGISLATIVE.
State Senator—District.....
Vote for one.
WILLIAM H. BURNETT.
MICHAEL J. MURRAY.
RICHARD ROE.
CASPER J. DUNN.
Representatives in State Legislature—District.....
Vote for one.
JAMES W. WHITE.
OWEN GIBBONS.
OWEN DOLAN.
HENRY ROACH.
JOHN H. RUSH.
CHARLES WHITE.
COUNTY.
Judge of Probate.
Vote for one.
FRANK CAMPBELL.
CHARLES SCULLIN.
HENRY J. WILKINSON.
Vote for one.
FRANK ANDREWS.
GEORGE L. DENNIS.
WILLIAM DENNIS.
HUGH GARMON.
Circuit and District Commissioners.
Vote for two.
HARRY SELSBEE.
ORR C. TRASK.
HENRY ROACH.
CLIFFORD BISHOP.
CLIFFORD CROOK.
Delegates to County Convention.
Vote for.....
Section 26. To obtain the printing of the name of any candidate of a political party for United States Senator or for Governor or Lieutenant Governor upon the official ballot in this primary election held in this state, pursuant to the provisions of this act, there shall be filed with the Secretary of State nomination petitions, signed by a number of state and county voters residing in the election district in which the candidate is to be elected, a sufficient number of said party, equal to not less than two per cent nor more than four per cent of the number of votes that such

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NEW PRIMARY LAW

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Section 27. To obtain the printing of the name of any candidate of any political party for any district office upon the primary election ballots in the various voting precincts of the district where such district is comprised of one county or less, nomination petitions, signed by a number of enrolled voters who are enrolled in the party enrollment of said party in said district, equal to not less than two per cent nor more than four per cent of the number of votes that the party cast in said district for Secretary of State at the last preceding November election, shall be filed with the county clerk of said county, and in the case of a district office, in a district comprising more than one county, to obtain the printing of the name of any candidate of any political party upon the primary election ballots of said district, there shall be filed with the Secretary of State, nomination petitions, signed by a number of enrolled voters, who are enrolled in the party enrollment of said party and who reside in the county, equal to not less than two per cent nor more than four per cent of the number of votes that such political party cast in such county for Secretary of State at the last preceding November election. To obtain the printing of the name of any candidate of any political party for a city office on the official primary election ballots of use in such city, there shall be filed with the city clerk of such city such candidate's nomination petitions signed by a number of enrolled voters of such political party and who reside in such city, equal to not less than two per cent nor more than four per cent of the number of votes that such political party cast therein for Secretary of State at the last preceding November election. All of said nomination petitions may be signed by enrolled voters of the particular political party residing in any part of a city for a city office, or any part of a county for a county office, or any part of a district for a district office, or any part of the state for a state office.

Section 28. To obtain the printing of the name of any candidate of a new political party for United States Senator or Governor or Lieutenant Governor on the official primary election ballot, nomination petitions signed by at least three hundred qualified voters residing in the state shall be filed with the Secretary of State. To obtain the printing of the name of any candidate of a new political party for a district, county, or city office, on the official primary election ballots, such candidate shall file nomination petitions with the Secretary of State, county clerk, or city clerk, as the case may be, signed by at least twenty-five qualified electors residing in such district, county or city. Provided, that any qualified elector, whether enrolled under any party name or not, but who resides in the particular district, county, or city, as the case may be, may sign the nomination petitions of any candidate representing a new political party. Provided, further, that it shall not be necessary for the members of any new political party not in existence on the first Monday in April preceding any November election to submit the proposition of direct nomination of party candidates as a condition precedent to the right of any candidate of such new political party to file a nomination petition.

Section 29. All nomination petitions shall be in the following form: We, the undersigned enrolled voters (or if a new party, qualified electors) of the city of _____ party of _____ or the township of _____ in the county of _____ and state of Michigan, hereby nominate _____ who resides at No. _____ Street, city of _____ or in the township of _____ in the county of _____ as a candidate of the _____ party for the office of _____ to be voted for at the primary election to be held on the _____ day of _____ as representing the principles of said party, and we further declare that we intend to support the political party herein named.

Name, Residence, Street number (in cities having street numbers), Date of signing.

Section 30. It shall be unlawful for any enrolled voter to sign more than one such nominating petition for the same office, when there are two or more candidates to be nominated for the same office, when he may sign as many petitions as there are persons to be elected to such office. The same rule shall apply to qualified electors in the signing of petitions of candidates of a new political party. It shall also be unlawful for any candidate to willfully and intentionally procure more names upon nomination petitions than the maximum number prescribed in this act. The various county clerks and city clerks shall prepare and keep on hand blank forms of nomination petitions for use by the voters and candidates in said city or county. Nothing herein contained shall be construed to prohibit any candidate from having his own nomination petitions printed, but they must comply substantially with the above form. All such nomination petitions shall be open to public inspection and subject to examination after being filed in the office of Secretary of State, county clerk, or city clerk, in

accordance with such reasonable rules and regulations as may be prescribed by such officers. The various officers herein named shall keep a public record of the nomination petitions filed, in a book for that purpose, which record shall indicate the names of the candidates, the offices sought, and the dates when such nomination petitions were filed.

Section 31. The Secretary of State and the various county clerks and city clerks of cities in which city officers are to be elected at the November election shall receive nomination petitions filed in accordance with the provisions of this act up to four o'clock, standard time, in the afternoon of the fifteenth day before the election; primary, and in cities where local officers are elected at a time other than the November election, the city clerk thereof shall receive nomination petitions filed in accordance with the provisions of this act up to four o'clock, standard time, in the afternoon of the eighth day before the time designated for holding a primary election in such city. The Secretary of State, or county or city clerk, shall forthwith prepare and publicly expose in his office a list of the candidates for offices named in the nomination petitions filed in his office, as near as may be, as they will appear upon the official primary election ballots. Provided, that if any nomination petitions contain more than the necessary percentage of names hereinbefore referred to, the excess over and above the necessary four per cent shall not be considered nor counted. Provided, further, that any names constituting the excess herein referred to shall not be counted on any other nominating petition. The said Secretary of State, or county or city clerk, shall forthwith, after the last day herein named for receiving and filing nomination petitions, certify to the proper board or boards of election commissioners the names of all party candidates whose petitions meet the requirements of this act, together with the name of the political party and the office for which they are candidates. In case it is determined that the nomination petitions of any candidate do not comply with the requirements of this act, or if for any other cause such candidate is not entitled to have his name printed upon the official primary election ballots, it shall be the duty of the Secretary of State, or county or city clerk, to immediately notify such candidate of such failure, together with a statement of the reasons why his name was not certified to the respective boards of election commissioners.

Section 32. All primary elections for the nomination of party candidates for office shall be held by election precincts the same as general elections are held, and the polls thereof shall be kept open in the respective precincts for the same length of time: Provided, that in any city of five thousand population, or over, the common council may direct that the polls of the primary election shall be kept open until eight o'clock p. m., standard time.

Section 33. Each primary election shall be presided over by a board of primary election inspectors, which board shall be composed of the members of the board of election inspectors provided for under the general election law. The official primary election ballots herein provided for, together with the necessary pencils, tally sheets, etc., necessary to carry on any election, provided for in this act, shall be delivered by the board of county election commissioners to the county clerk, and by the county clerk delivered to a member of the board of primary election inspectors of each ward, township, or voting precinct, in the county at least three secular days prior to any election or primary election day. The provisions of the general election law relative to the furnishing of ballots, tally sheets, pencils, ballot boxes, arrangement of booths, balloting of ballots, powers and duties of inspectors, manner of conducting the election, and all other matters shall be applicable hereto, except in so far as the provisions thereof may be inconsistent herewith.

Section 34. After the polls are open at a primary election, any elector who is legally qualified and enrolled as hereinbefore provided, and who has entered the polling place with which he is enrolled, and no other. It shall be incumbent upon him to state to the inspector who has the ballots in charge, the party ballot he desires, which, if he is enrolled as a member of the party represented by said ballot, and if his right thereto is not challenged, shall be delivered to him forthwith. Any voter enrolled as a member of any political party for which no ballots have been prepared, shall not be permitted to vote any other party ballot at such primary election. It shall be competent for any enrolled voter or primary election inspector present to challenge the right of any offering to vote, on the ground that he is not a legal voter in the precinct, or that he belongs to a political party other than that represented by the ballot for which he has asked. When the right of an enrolled voter to a ballot is challenged he shall be required to take and subscribe an oath that he is a qualified enrolled voter and has the qualifications of a voter and that he believes in the principles of the political party represented by the ballot for which he has asked. Such oath shall be in the following form: I hereby solemnly swear (or affirm) that I am a resident and qualified elector, and possess the qualifications of a legal voter, and that I am enrolled as a member of the _____ party, in the township of _____ or in the _____ ward of the _____ city of _____ and that I believe in the principles of the said _____ party.

(Signature) _____

Subscribed and sworn to before me this _____ day of _____, 190____.

Notary Public or officer authorized to administer oaths.

If the challenged voter takes and subscribes to the above oath he shall then receive the ballot for which he has asked and be entitled to vote it, the same as if his vote has not been challenged; but unless a challenged voter takes and subscribes to the above oath, he shall not be permitted to vote at such primary election. If any person who takes the foregoing oath, swears falsely, he shall upon conviction thereof, be subject to all the pains

and penalties of perjury. The provisions of section three thousand five hundred twenty-two of the Compiled Laws of eighteen hundred ninety-seven are expressly made applicable hereto. A record shall be kept of any primary ballot cast by any voter whose right to vote has been challenged, in a similar manner to that provided in the general election law.

Section 35. The enrolled voter after having received his ballot, shall enter a booth, and while there concealed from view prepare such ballot by making a cross in the square at the left of the names of such candidates as he may desire to vote for, but in no case for more candidates for any office than is indicated under the title of such office. He may, however, vote for any person whose name is not printed on the ballot by inserting such other name in such manner as shall make a substitute for any name which is printed thereon or where no candidate's name appears upon the ballot. He shall then fold the ballot so that the perforated corner having within ballot number shall be on the outside, and present it to the proper inspector, who shall tear off the number and deposit the ballot in the ballot box. When an enrolled voter asks for a ballot the inspector shall enter his name upon the poll list, the name of the political party and the number of his ballot, before the same is given to voter, and the inspector receiving the ballot shall, before depositing it in the box, ascertain by comparison with the poll list whether it is the same ballot given to each voter, and if it is not the same ballot he shall reject it and such voter shall not be allowed to vote at such primary election. If any enrolled voter shall, after marking his ballot, so expose it to any person as to reveal the name of any candidate voted for thereon, such ballot shall be rejected and such enrolled voter shall forfeit the right to vote at such primary election, and a brief minute of such occurrence shall be made in the enrollment book and upon the poll list opposite the name of such enrolled voter. Challengers appointed by the several political parties shall be allowed to be present with the same powers as are provided by law for general elections.

Section 36. After the closing of the polls on the day of holding of any primary election, the ballots shall be counted as provided by law for the counting of the ballots of any regular election. In counting such ballots only those candidates for nomination to office who have a cross made in the square at the left of their names shall be deemed to have been voted for, and any ballot upon which more candidates for any office have been voted for than may, by law, be elected to such office, shall be rejected as to all names appearing for that office. The required number of voters for delegates to the county convention of any political party shall be declared by the board of primary election inspectors to be elected. Said board shall certify to the county clerk the names of the electors so elected as delegates, naming the political party upon whose ballots such electors were elected. Said board shall also certify to each delegate so elected his election as such delegate. The county clerk shall certify to the chairman of each political party of the county the delegates elected by each such political party as delegates to the county convention.

Section 37. After the votes at any primary election in any election precinct shall have been counted, the officials counting the same shall publicly declare the result, and forthwith make and certify a written detailed statement, such as are required by law for general elections, except as hereinafter provided, showing the whole number of votes cast in such election precinct for each candidate voted for on each party ballot, and shall certify, subscribe and seal in a separate envelope such statements and one of the tally sheets, and write thereon the name and number of the election precinct, if any, and deliver such statements and tally sheets to such persons and at such times as are required by law for general elections. As soon as they have completed the counting of the votes of their respective precincts they shall return all the ballots voted to the ballot boxes, which shall be locked and sealed, and such ballot boxes, and all sealed and subscribed ballots, supplies, lists and unused ballots shall be sealed and returned in the manner provided for by law governing general elections.

Section 38. The returns of said primary election shall be canvassed and the results declared in the same manner and within the same time after the primary election and by the same officers as is provided by general law for canvassing the returns of and declaring the result in city, county, district and state elections, except that in the case of nominations for United States Senator, Governor, or Lieutenant Governor, for officers from districts comprising more than one county, the county clerk of each county affected shall transmit to the Secretary of State, within ten days after the primary election, certified copies of the number of votes received by each of the candidates for the nomination of any of the said offices. The Secretary of State shall appoint a meeting of the board of state canvassers at his office not later than twenty days after the primary election, which date shall be certified to the chairman of the state central committee of each political party, for the purpose of canvassing the votes of the candidates for such office. The said board shall proceed in the same manner in canvassing the votes, certifying, recording and determining results, etc., for nomination for United States Senator and Governor and Lieutenant Governor as is done in canvassing the votes in the case of election of state officers. In canvassing the votes of Congress, state senators and representatives in the legislature, in districts composed of more than one county, said board shall proceed in the same manner as is done in the canvassing of votes cast for members of Congress.

Section 39. The candidate of each political party for nomination for Governor or Lieutenant Governor who receives a plurality and at least forty per cent of the total vote cast by his particular party at such primary election shall be the nominee of such political party for said office at the next

ensuing general November election. If, however, no candidate for Governor or Lieutenant Governor receives a plurality, and at least forty per cent of the total vote cast by his particular party, the candidate of that political party for Governor or Lieutenant Governor shall be nominated at the ensuing state convention called for the purpose of nominating state officers. In all other cases the candidate of each political party for nomination for any office who receives the greatest number of votes cast for candidates for any such office as set forth in the returns or as determined by the board of canvassers on the receipt by it of said ballots, shall be declared the nominee of that political party for said office at the next ensuing general November election, or at the next city election, as the case may be, and the board of canvassers shall forthwith certify such nominations to the respective boards of election commissioners affected thereby. Provided, that in the case of a candidate for the office of United States Senator, the board of state canvassers shall certify the result of the primary election to the next succeeding legislature on the first day of the session.

Section 40. Any candidate voted for at any primary election provided for in this act, who conceives himself aggrieved on account of fraud or error by the board of primary election inspectors, in the count of the votes cast, or the returns made by said board, may, on or before the close of the day or days upon which the board of state, city, or county canvassers meet, present to and file with the chairman of the particular board, a written or printed petition, which shall set forth, and shall set forth as near as may be, the nature of the errors or fraud complained of, and the particular township, ward, or precinct in which the alleged irregularities occurred and ask for a recount of the votes cast therein. Such petitioner shall at the same time deposit with the chairman of said board the sum of ten dollars for each and every township or ward, the vote of which he requests to have recounted by said board. Provided, that no candidate shall be required to deposit more than one hundred dollars. When said petition is filed and the amount herein prescribed is deposited, and after giving at least twenty-four hours' written notice thereof to the opposing candidate, by handing to such candidate a copy of the petition, or if such candidate cannot be found, by leaving such copy at his place of residence, with some person of suitable age, it shall be the duty of said board of canvassers to designate a time and place when the facts set forth in said petition shall be investigated and when the ballot boxes used in such election in such township or ward shall be brought before it. The said board shall thereupon, in some public place where the interested candidates and their counsel may be present, if they so desire, proceed forthwith to open the ballot boxes from such townships or wards as to such candidates, and make a correct and complete return in writing showing the full number of votes cast and the names of the candidates and the number of the votes given to each. When the recount of each box is completed the said board shall at once re-employment on account of any person turn the ballots thereto, carefully look and seal same, and deliver the ballot boxes to the officer having the care and custody thereof. The returns made by the said board of canvassers upon such recount shall be deemed to be correct, anything in the previous return for such township, ward or precinct, to the contrary notwithstanding. If all cases where by reason of such recount, the petitioner succeeds in establishing fraud or mistake sufficient to change the result, the money deposited by him shall be refunded; otherwise it shall be turned into the treasury of the state, county or city, as the case may be. Two or more candidates of the same political party are tied for the same office, the tie shall be determined by lot to be cast then and there as the canvassing board may direct.

Section 41. The several boards of election commissioners shall cause to be printed upon the official election ballots to be used at the November election, or at the city election, as the case may be, the names of the candidates for offices selected under the provisions of this act. Provided, that when any candidate shall die or shall withdraw as such candidate before the printing of the ballots, after having been nominated as herein provided, then the proper board of election commissioners shall cause to be printed or placed upon such ballot in place of the name of such candidate, the name of the candidate which shall be selected by the proper party committee as shown by the certificate of its chairman and secretary, in the manner provided for in the general election law. When such death or withdrawal shall occur subsequent to the printing of the official ballots, it shall be the duty of the said board of election commissioners, if time permits, to forward the various returns of election inspectors, a slip containing the name of the candidate so certified by the chairman and secretary of the particular political party in the manner herein provided, which slip shall be pasted in the proper place upon the official ballot by the board of election inspectors. If in any case a person is nominated for any office by more than one political party, it shall be his duty to elect within five days after the official canvass of the returns of said primary election upon which ticket he wishes his name to be placed, and unless such election is made, and unless such election is made by such candidate's name shall not be printed on any ballot. Provided, that the offices of a political party whose enrolled voters have not adopted the provisions of act one hundred eighty-one of the Public Acts of nineteen hundred five or the provisions of this act, shall be nominated in convention and the names of such candidates certified to the proper board of election commissioners and placed upon the official election ballots in the manner provided for by existing law.

Section 42. The county conventions of all political parties for the election of delegates to a state convention for the nomination of delegates to district conventions, and for the nomination of candidates for county offices, shall be held within fifteen days after the first Tuesday in September preceding

the November election. All such county conventions of any one political party shall be held on the same day throughout the state, which day shall be designated by the state central committee of such political party in its call for the state convention to nominate candidates for state offices. The time and place of meeting of such county convention shall be designated. In the call issued therefor by the political county committees of such county, which such county is entitled either at the state convention or at any district convention of which the county constitutes a part, shall be chosen at such county convention. The day upon which any district convention is to be held shall be designated in the call issued by the respective district committees of such political party. If candidates of such political party for county offices are not selected by a direct nominating system, candidates for county offices shall also be selected at such county convention.

Section 43. The state convention of all political parties for the nomination of candidates for state officers shall be held within forty days after the September primary, but not less than ten days after the day appointed for the meeting of the board of state canvassers for the purpose of canvassing the primary election returns mentioned in this act. The particular day and time and place of meeting shall be designated by the state central committees of the various political parties in the calls for said state conventions, which calls shall be issued at least thirty days prior to the first Tuesday in September preceding a November election.

Section 44. Whenever the enrolled voters of any political party in any city shall decide to select party candidates, except candidates for ward offices, pursuant to the provisions of this act, the petitions for submission of the question, the submission of the question itself, the nomination of candidates, the printing of ballots, the conducting of the primary, and any other provisions for city nominations shall be governed, in so far as applicable, by the provisions of this act relative to the nomination of party candidates for county or district offices.

Section 45. Every person who, directly or indirectly, by himself or by any other person in his behalf, gives, lends, or agrees to give or lend, or offers, or promises any money or valuable consideration, or promises or endeavors to procure any money, or employment, to or for any voter, or to or for any person on behalf of any voter, or to or for any person in order to induce any voter to vote or refrain from voting, or opposing any candidate on account of such voter having voted or refrained from voting at any primary election in this state; every person who through any means, receives, agrees or contracts for any money, gift, fee, loan or valuable consideration, office, place, appointment or employment, for himself or any other person, for voting or agreeing to vote, or for refraining or agreeing to refrain from voting in a particular manner at any such primary election; or who after any primary election in this state, directly or indirectly by himself or by any other person in his behalf, gives or receives any money or valuable consideration or place, position or having voted or refrained from voting, or having induced any other person to vote or refrain from voting at any such primary election; or who in behalf of any firm, partnership, association or corporation, gives, lends or receives, or agrees to give, lend or receive, or offers, or promises any money or valuable consideration, place, position or employment, or promises or endeavors to procure any money or valuable consideration, in order to aid or promote the nomination of any particular candidate; or any state officer, whether elective or appointive, or appointee of any state board, or any state employee who, directly or indirectly, solicits votes for any candidate for Governor, Lieutenant Governor or United States Senator, on primary election day or any time prior thereto, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars or by imprisonment for a period of not less than thirty days nor more than six months, or by both such fine and imprisonment, in the discretion of the court.

Section 46. Any person who shall, while the polls are open, at any polling place on any primary day, solicit votes in the said polling place, or within one hundred feet thereof; any person who shall offer or give to any other person any intoxicating liquors, or drink any intoxicating liquors within any such polling place; any person who shall violate any of the requirements or provisions of this act for which a penalty is not herein otherwise provided; any person who shall refuse or neglect to perform any duty enjoined upon him by law; or any person who shall vote, or attempt to vote more than once, or in more than one election district at the same primary election, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be subject to the punishment prescribed in section forty-six.

Section 47. When by this act any act or duty is required to be done or performed by or under the direction, supervision or authority of any officer, and such act or duty shall not be done or performed, then the officer who shall neglect to perform such act or duty, or who shall be responsible for such neglect, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be punished as provided in section forty-six.

Section 48. No prosecution for any offense mentioned in this act shall be commenced unless it shall be commenced within six months after the date of the primary election in connection with which the offense is alleged to have been committed. Neither the complaining witness, nor any other person who may be called to testify in any such proceeding, shall be liable to criminal prosecution under this act for any matters or causes in respect to

which he shall be examined or to which his testimony shall relate, except to prosecution for perjury committed in such testimony.

Section 49. It shall be the duty of the county clerk of each county to cause to be printed large posters containing verbatim the whole of sections forty-six, forty-seven and forty-eight of this act, and shall furnish two of such posters to the board of primary election inspectors of each election precinct in his county at the same time that the official ballots for use at primary elections are delivered, and the board of primary election inspectors shall cause the said posters to be posted in conspicuous places in the polling place so that the same can be plainly seen and read by all persons at any primary election. It shall be the duty of the clerk of any city, township or village, in which this act is operative to deliver to the board of primary election inspectors of each election precinct within his jurisdiction, before the time for opening of the polls on primary election day, the register of electors and the party enrollment book and the blanks for poll lists and returns and any other supplies necessary to carry out the provisions of this act.

Section 50. The day on which any primary election shall be held pursuant to the provisions of this act, shall be deemed to be an election day in any city, county or district where such primary election is held within the meaning of section seventeen of act number three hundred thirteen of the Public Acts of eighteen hundred eighty-seven, entitled "An act to provide for the taxation and regulation of the business of manufacturing, selling, keeping for sale, furnishing, giving or delivering spirits and intoxicating liquors, and malt, brewed or fermented liquors, and various liquors in this state, and to repeal all acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act."

Section 51. Act number one hundred eighty-one of the Public Acts of nineteen hundred five, entitled "An act relative to the nomination of party candidates for public office and delegates to political conventions, in certain cases, to regulate and protect primary elections, and to prescribe penalties for violations of the provisions hereof," is hereby repealed, except that the enrollment of voters had thereunder shall continue in force as herein provided.

President of the Senate
Speaker of the House of Representatives
Governor

Approved: _____

The Demand of To-Day.

The horn of plenty was all right as a conventionalality of classic art, but it is emblematic of nothing in a day when plenty has long since ceased to be enough. Plenty, indeed, is hopelessly bourgeois. Even too much, unless it is very much too much, is fast getting to lack distinction.—Puck.

Dyspepsia.

A rational diet, regular meals, plenty of exercise in the open air, copious draughts of pure water between meals, with frequent and regular bearing exercises, constitute a treatment for dyspepsia that will in time enable the dyspeptic to toss bottles and pills out of the window.

True Refinement.

The woman of refined instincts will have nice surroundings if her abiding place is only a tiny room at the top of some tall building. There will be an indefinable air of cleanliness, order and comfort, combined, that will make one forget to look for flaws.

As the Mother, So the Girl.

A daughter is, in nine cases out of ten, the reflection of her mother. The training of the girl of 15 is shown in the woman of 50. A son may, by contrast with the rough world, sometimes outlive his early home influences—a daughter rarely does.

Self-Denial.

Self-denial is the first lesson to be learned, and poverty of spirit is entitled to the first benediction. The foundation of all other graces is laid in humility. Those who would build high must begin low.—Matthew Henry.

Overfeeding.

If I should name the greatest danger of childhood I would unhesitatingly say, Overfeeding. More babies are drowned in milk than sailors in salt water.—Dr. Oswald.

Uncle Allen.

"Many a man," said Uncle Allen Sparks, "who goes hustling and bustling through this world has nothing to show for it but a lot of barked places on his shins."

Information Wanted.

Homeless and vagrant earthquakees ought to be taught to leave their addresses when they register on the seismographs.—Chicago Daily News.

Diamonds Vanish Completely.

If you should burn your diamonds you would not even have ashes left as a memento. After combustion the diamond leaves absolutely nothing.

Wine Sold on Time Limit.

In the south of France wine is now sold by the half-hour. On payment of two cents one can go into a wine cellar and stay there for half an hour.

Large Sum for Amusement.

An English statistician has just demonstrated that England expends annually on theaters and music halls almost \$38,500,000.

Glasses Cure Stammering.

Cases of stammering are reported by English opticians to have been cured by fitting glasses to correct defects of the eyes.

AMPLE CASH IF RELEASED

Cortelyou Says If Hoarding Stopped Conditions Would Be Normal in a Day.

"I believe," said Secretary Cortelyou to the Merchants' association in New York, "that if the money of the country, wherever hoarded, were at once put back to fulfill its functions in the channels of trade, there would be within 24 hours an almost complete resumption of business operations."

It is upon the situation thus referred to that attention converged in the financial world during all of the past week.

The premium on currency is increasingly understood to be, in reality, a discount on bank checks, caused by the dislocation of exchange operations growing out of the widening effects of the shock of the upset in banking affairs following the runs on trust companies in New York. It is acutely observed, however, that the payments for the currency and for the premiums in these transactions have been made in certified checks on banks and that the proceeds of the transactions have found their way into bank deposits, notwithstanding that the holding of the currency was supposed to involve a distrust for the banks.

Increase in Circulation.

The monthly statement of the treasury department showed the amount of all kinds of money in circulation on November 1 to be \$2,876,368,000, which was an increase compared with October 1 of upward of \$75,000,000, represented largely by the deposits of government funds which were made with the banks after the crisis developed in October.

Since that time receipts from abroad of upwards of \$33,000,000 of gold and a rapid expansion of bank note issues has liberally replenished the November 1 supply. With the stream of incoming gold running still at full tide, early relief is looked for from the present condition.

Moreover, with this evidence of distinct relief it is expected that all barriers will quickly fall which are at present withholding cash from the channels of activity and the return flood will come with a rush. The time when this will happen depends on a state of mind of the whole people rather than on events in the material world.

Millions for Defense.

Estimates of appropriations aggregating \$23,461,911 are made by Gen. Alexander Mackenzie, chief of engineers of the army, for fortifications work during the fiscal year 1909. This contemplates work in the United States proper, Cuba, Honolulu, Porto Rico and the Philippines. It includes: Gun and mortar batteries, at sea coast, fortifications, \$1,000,000; sites for fortifications and sea coast defenses, \$3,478,500; searchlights for harbor defense, \$1,000,000; preservation and repair of fortifications, \$300,000; sea coast batteries at Guantanamo, \$1,020,000; Honolulu and Pearl Harbor, \$1,110,000; Manila, \$6,488,000; installation of electric plants at these places and at Subic Bay, \$502,992; for searchlights at San Juan, Porto Rico, Guantanamo, Pearl Harbor, Honolulu, Guam and in the Philippines, \$502,000; torpedo structures at defenses of Honolulu and Pearl Harbor, Hawaii, \$129,000.

The modern works of defense now constructed represent an expenditure of approximately \$28,000,000 for engineering work alone.

THE MARKETS.

Detroit—Cattle—Steers and heifers, 1,000 to 1,200 lbs., \$4 50@4 65; steers and heifers, 800 to 1,000 lbs., \$3 75@4 25; steers and heifers that are 500 to 1,000 lbs., \$3 25@3 50; steers and heifers that are fat, 500 to 700 lbs., \$3 25@3 50; choice fat cows, \$3 50@3 65; fat cows, \$3 25@3 50; common cows, \$2 50@2 75; canners, \$1 25@1 50; choice heavy bulls, \$3 50; fair to good hogs, \$3 50; light to medium hogs, \$3 25; stock hogs, \$2 50; choice feeding steers, 800 to 1,000 lbs., \$3 25@3 50; stock hogs, 500 to 700 lbs., \$2 50@2 75; stock hogs, \$2 25; milkers, large, young, medium age, \$4 50@5 00; common milkers, \$2 50@3 00.

Veal calves—Best, \$7 50; others, \$2 50@6 50.

Milk cows and springers—Steady. Sheep and lambs—Best lambs, \$6 25@6 50; fair to good lambs, \$5 25@5 75; light to medium lambs, \$4 50@5 00; fair to good butcher sheep, \$4 50@5 00; culled and common, \$2 50@3 00.

Hogs—Butchers, \$4 50; pigs, \$4 75; light Yorkers, \$3 75; roughs, \$4 25; stags, 1-3 off.

Grain, Etc.

Detroit—Wheat—Cash No. 2 red, 95 1/2c; December opened off at 96 1/2c, worked down to 97 1/2c, advanced to 98 1/2c and declined to 98 1/2c. No. 3 red, advanced to \$1 05 1/2c and declined to \$1 05 1/2c. No. 3 red, 95 1/2c; No. 1 white, 98 1/2c.

Corn—Cash No. 3, 62c; No. 3 yellow, 2c; 4c; 5c; 6c; 7c; 8c; 9c; 10c; 11c; 12c; 13c; 14c; 15c; 16c; 17c; 18c; 19c; 20c; 21c; 22c; 23c; 24c; 25c; 26c; 27c; 28c; 29c; 30c; 31c; 32c; 33c; 34c; 35c; 36c; 37c; 38c; 39c; 40c; 41c; 42c; 43c; 44c; 45c; 46c; 47c; 48c; 49c; 50c; 51c; 52c; 53c; 54c; 55c; 56c; 57c; 58c; 59c; 60c; 61c; 62c; 63c; 64c; 65c; 66c; 67c; 68c; 69c; 70c; 71c; 72c; 73c; 74c; 75c; 76c; 77c; 78c; 79c; 80c; 81c; 82c; 83c; 84c; 85c; 86c; 87c; 88c; 89c; 90c; 91c; 92c; 93c; 94c; 95c; 96c; 97c; 98c; 99c; 100c; 101c; 102c; 103c; 104c; 105c; 106c; 107c; 108c; 109c; 110c; 111c; 112c; 113c; 114c; 115c; 116c; 117c; 118c; 119c; 120c; 121c; 122c; 123c; 124c; 125c; 126c; 127c; 128c; 129c; 130c; 131c; 132c; 133c; 134c; 135c; 136c; 137c; 138c; 139c; 140c; 141c; 142c; 143c; 144c; 145c; 146c; 147c; 148c; 149c; 150c; 151c; 152c; 153c; 154c; 155c; 156c; 157c; 158c; 159c; 160c; 161c; 162c; 163c; 164c; 165c; 166c; 167c; 168c; 169c; 170c; 171c; 172c; 173c; 174c; 175c; 176c; 177c; 178c; 179c; 180c; 181c; 182c; 183c; 184c; 185c; 186c; 187c; 188c; 189c; 190c; 191c; 192c; 193c; 194c; 195c; 196c; 197c; 198c; 199c; 200c; 201c; 202c; 203c; 204c; 205c; 206c; 207c; 208c; 209c; 210c; 211c; 212c; 213c; 214c; 215c; 216c; 217c; 218c; 219c; 220c; 221c; 222c; 223c; 224c; 225c; 226c; 227c; 228c; 229c; 230c; 231c; 232c; 233c; 234c; 235c; 236c; 237c; 238c; 239c; 240c; 241c; 242c; 243c; 244c; 245c; 246c; 247c; 248c; 249c; 250c; 251c; 252c; 253c; 254c; 255c; 256c; 257c; 258c; 259c; 260c; 261c; 262c; 263c; 264c; 265c; 266c; 267c; 268c; 269c; 270c; 271c; 272c; 273c; 274c; 275c; 276c; 277c; 278c; 279c; 280c; 281c; 282c; 283c; 284c; 285c; 286c; 287c; 288c; 289c; 290c; 291c; 292c; 293c; 294c; 295c; 296c; 297c; 298c; 299c; 300c; 301c; 302c; 303c; 304c; 305c; 306c; 307c; 308c; 309c; 310c; 311c; 312c; 313c; 314c; 315c; 316c; 317c; 318c; 319c; 320c; 321c; 322c; 323c; 324c; 325c; 326c; 327c; 328c; 329c; 330c; 331c; 332c; 333c; 334c; 335c; 336c; 337c; 338c; 339c; 340c; 341c; 342c; 343c; 344c; 345c; 346c; 347c; 348c; 349c; 350c; 351c; 352c; 353c; 354c; 355c; 356c; 357c; 358c; 359c; 360c; 361c; 362c; 363c; 364c; 365c; 366c; 367c; 368c; 369c; 370c; 371c; 372c; 373c; 374c; 375c; 376c; 377c; 378c; 379c; 380c; 381c; 382c; 383c; 384c; 385c; 386c; 387c; 388c; 389c; 390c; 391c; 392c; 393c; 394c; 395c; 396c; 397c; 398c; 399c; 400c; 401c; 402c; 403c; 404c; 405c; 406c; 407c; 408c; 409c; 410c; 411c; 412c; 413c; 414c; 415c; 416c; 417c; 418c; 419c; 420c; 421c; 422c; 423c; 424c; 425c; 426c; 427c; 428c; 429c; 430c; 431c; 432c; 433c; 434c; 435c; 436c; 437c; 438c; 439c; 440c; 441c; 442c; 443c; 444c; 445c; 446c; 447c; 448c; 449c; 450c; 451c; 452c; 453c; 454c; 455c; 456c; 457c; 458c; 459c; 460c; 461c; 462c; 463c; 464c; 465c; 466c; 467c; 468c; 469c; 470c; 471c; 472c; 473c; 474c; 475c; 476c; 477c; 478c; 479c; 480c; 481c; 482c; 483c; 484c; 485c; 486c; 487c; 488c; 489c; 490c; 491c; 492c; 493c; 494c; 495c; 496c; 497c; 498c; 499c; 500c; 501c; 502c; 503c; 504c; 505c; 506c; 507c; 508c; 509c; 510c; 511c; 512c; 513c; 514c; 515c; 516c; 517c; 518c; 519c; 520c; 521c; 522c; 523c; 524c; 525c; 526c; 527c; 528c; 529c; 530c; 531c; 532c; 533c; 534c; 535c; 536c; 537c; 538c; 539c; 540c; 541c; 542c; 543c; 544c; 545c; 546c; 547c; 548c; 549c; 550c; 551c; 552c; 553c; 554c; 555c; 556c; 557c; 558c; 559c; 560c; 561c; 562c; 563c; 564c; 565c; 566c; 567c; 568c; 569c; 570c; 571c; 572c; 573c; 574c; 575c; 576c; 577c; 578c; 579c; 580c; 581c; 582c; 583c; 584c; 585c; 586c; 587c; 588c; 589c; 590c; 591c; 592c; 593c; 594c; 595c; 596c; 597c; 598c; 599c; 600c; 601c; 602c; 603c; 604c; 605c; 606c; 607c; 608c; 609

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BY G. C. STIMSON.

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PERSONAL MENTION.

J. J. Galatian is spending a few days at Milan.

W. D. Arnold and wife were Detroit visitors Friday.

Miss Anna Mast was the guest of Detroit friends Monday.

W. W. Wedemeyer, of Ann Arbor, was a Chelsea visitor Monday.

Geo. B. Klink and family were guests of Delhi relatives Sunday.

Fred Artz and wife spent Sunday at the home of A. E. Johnson.

Miss Edith Kyte, of Saline, is a guest at the home of her sister, Mrs. C. E. Foster.

Fred Rheinfrank, of Detroit, was the guest of his uncle, Wm. Rheinfrank, Sunday.

Dr. Fred Johnson, of Greenville, was a guest at the home of A. E. Johnson, Sunday.

State Oil Inspector Neal, of Northfield, was the guest of Archie W. Wilkinson Tuesday.

Clarence Gage, of Pennsylvania, has been visiting at the home of J. J. Galatian and family.

E. R. Sullivan and wife, of Union City, were guests at the home of John McKernan and family Sunday.

W. C. Boyd, of Battle Creek, was a guest at the home of his parents, M. Boyd and wife, Sunday.

Mrs. Ralph Holmes and son, of Battle Creek, were the guest of Chelsea relatives the first of the week.

Mrs. Eugene Burkhardt, of Fowlerville, was a guest at the home of Aaron Burkhardt, Saturday and Sunday.

Miss Lelia Burkhardt, of Ypsilanti, spent the first of the week at the home of Aaron Burkhardt and wife.

Mrs. Mary Winans, who has been the guest of her son, William, for the past week returned home Wednesday.

Geo. Ranciman and wife, of Williamston, were guests at the home of C. T. Conkin and wife Sunday and Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Corey, of Union City, were guests at the home of G. S. Davis and family Friday and Saturday.

Misses Murray and Neva Galatian and their brother, Russell, attended the football game at Ann Arbor, Saturday.

Oscar Miller and wife and Miss Kathleen Bolles, of Jackson, were the guests of Wirt S. McLaren, Saturday and Sunday.

J. C. Haynes, of Boston, and Leon Dunklee, of Detroit, were the guests of Misses Mary and Sadie VanTyne the first of the week.

Mrs. L. Riggs, of New London, Wisconsin, who has been a guest at the home of her brother, Luke Reilly and family, for the past three months returned home Monday.

SUGAR LOAF LAKE.

Lewis Mayer spent Sunday at the home of Chas. Ranciman.

Geo. Beeman and family spent Sunday in Chelsea at the home of his parents.

George Runciman and wife, of Williamston, are visiting relatives in this vicinity.

Thos. Russello is moving, from the T. Howe farm to the Dwelle farm near Grass Lake.

Mrs. Agnes Ranciman attended the Walsh-Ryan wedding and reception Tuesday.

The farmers in this vicinity are threshing their beans. The yield is light and quality poor.

James Howlett and wife and W. J. Howlett and wife spent Sunday at the home of E. E. Rowe.

The Gleaners of Waterloo Arbor will initiate several members this evening after which they will serve a supper.

Rudeness of Mother Earth.

There's a lot of contrariness about our Mother Earth," said the woman. "You'd think if we loved her she'd be good to us, but she isn't. This is what she did to me all right enough. I went down to lie on her sands for a week and lo! in her ocean. For a few days she was lovely; then she put sand in my ears and made me deaf as a post for awhile; then she sicked her jellyfish on me so it was absolute agony to go in the water. This wasn't enough, so she ended by handing me an underdone soft-shell crab that sent me straight home to the doctor."

CORRESPONDENCE.

SOUTHWEST SYLVAN.

Mrs. M. Merkel spent Monday in Ann Arbor.

Celia Weber visited relatives in Detroit recently.

Miss Mary Weber, of Ypsilanti, visited here Sunday.

Marsh Barke and son, of Chicago, spent last week with relatives here.

Miss Libbie Monks was the guest of her sister in Francisco, Friday.

Herbert Harvey and family visited at the home of John Wals, Sunday.

Joseph Weber has moved his household goods to Chelsea, where he will make his future home.

NORTH SHARON.

Mrs. Wm. Krause is on the sick list.

The W. H. M. S. met with Mrs. E. D. Huston, Wednesday.

Prof. Fred Irwin, of Detroit, spent Sunday with his parents here.

Miss Edith Lawrence visited her aunt, Mrs. R. Waltrous, of Chelsea, last week.

Mrs. B. VanArmon and children are spending some time with her parents, C. C. Dorr and wife.

Mrs. T. Wortley, Mrs. Otto Steinbach and daughter, of Chelsea, and Lewis Lemm, of Detroit, spent Sunday at the home of J. R. Lemm.

I ain't feeling right to-day. Something wrong I must say; Come to think of it, that's right. I forgot my Rocky Mountain Tea last night. Freeman & Cummings Co.

SHARON.

Mrs. C. C. Dorr is on the sick list. Mrs. H. O'Neil is spending some time in Adrian with her son, Charles who is sick.

Fred Lehman, of Manchester, and Ira Lehman, of Chelsea, spent Sunday at home.

Rev. Wulffmann, of Manchester, preached at the Lutheran church here Sunday.

Floyd Nicolai, of Midland, and August Reno, of Freedom, spent Sunday at H. J. Reno's.

The Ladies' Aid Society of the Lutheran church met with Mrs. J. Klein last week Thursday.

Jas. E. Cavanaugh held an auction Monday selling his personal property. He and his family will move to Jackson.

FRANCISCO.

M. Kalmbach is still unable to be out.

Rev. J. J. Bokstahler, of Detroit, was in this vicinity Monday.

Ella Schweinfurth is spending some time with Jackson friends.

H. Musbach and wife visited relatives in Ann Arbor and Ypsilanti over Sunday.

B. C. Whitaker and family returned Monday from a few days visit with friends at Leslie.

John Alber and family, of Chelsea, spent Sunday with the Misses Martha and Carrie Riemeerschneider.

Chris. Kaiser, who has been visiting his mother and sister here returned to his home in Omaha last Monday.

The pupils of Miss Rena Notten in district No. 2, will render a Thanksgiving program at the school house November 27, at 7 p. m. Every one invited. Come and encourage the teacher and pupils by your presence.

The ladies of the German M. E. church will serve a Thanksgiving supper at the home of Fred Kalmbach November 28. A literary and musical program will be rendered. Everybody invited to come and partake of the chicken pie supper and have a good time generally.

A Criminal Attack

on an inoffensive citizen is frequently made in that apparently useless little tube called the "appendix." It's generally the result of protracted constipation, following liver torpor. Dr. King's New Life Pills regulate the liver, prevent appendicitis, and establish regular habits of the bowels. 25c at Freeman & Cummings Co.'s drug store.

Death and Love.

Death and love are two wings which bear men from earth to heaven.—Michael Angelo.

A Possibility.

"Oh, mamma!" exclaimed little Mary, looking out of the window at her first big snowstorm, "won't the angels be cold after losing all their feathers?"

EAST SYLVAN.

Michael Heselschwerdt and family were guests of J. Scouten and wife Sunday.

James and John Scouten spent Sunday with their uncle, U. Haschle, at Sharon.

Miss Clara Dresselhouse, of Sharon, is the guest of Mrs. Bertke for a couple of weeks.

Fred Haschle and wife, of Manchester, spent Sunday with their daughter, Mrs. Ben Wedemeyer.

Little Alice Heselschwerdt spent the past week with her grand parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. Scouten.

The merry hum of the corn husker is heard in this neighborhood. A great deal of soft corn is reported.

August Feldkamp, J. Bertke, wife and two daughters, of Freedom, spent Wednesday at the home of H. Bertke and wife.

SOUTHWEST MANCHESTER.

Mrs. Lottie Bowins is on the sick list.

Albert Green was a Jackson visitor Saturday.

Frank Trollz and family visited in Sharon, Sunday.

Wesley Noggle and wife visited Thursday in Jackson.

Oscar Palmer spent Sunday with his brother, Sam Palmer.

There were no services at the Iron Creek church Sunday as the pastor is attending a convention in Kalamazoo.

Mrs. Anna Green is seriously ill. Miss Olive Sutton, Richard Sutton, Ethel Bean and Wm. Green and wife were Ann Arbor visitors Saturday.

Miss Lula Palmer, who has been teaching in district No. 4, resigned and Hannah VanWinkle takes her place.

NORTH LAKE.

F. A. Burkhardt lost a fine fat hog one day last week.

There was a good attendance at the church Sunday.

S. A. Mapes, of Chelsea, was a pleasant caller here one day last week.

Only one farmer in this community reports that he has his corn all husked.

A number of the corn growers in this vicinity will have their corn threshed.

Jackson parties installed a furnace in the residence of F. A. Glenn the first of the week.

Ottis Webb, of near Unadilla, got his supply of winter apples from G. Webb the past week.

Rev. and Mrs. Morrison entertained the residents of North Lake Tuesday evening of this week.

The masons are rushing the work on the church and the edifice will soon be ready for occupancy.

Miss Florence Noah was in Chelsea Saturday after her grandmother, who has been spending some time in that place.

Herbert Hudson with his team is helping Byron Hopkins operate his hay press, corn husker and wood sawing machine.

Peter Gorman has taken his threshing outfit home for needed repairs. He will return later and complete the jobs he has taken on this street.

Herman Hudson accidentally stepped on a board with a nail in it which badly lacerated his foot and he is having quite a serious time as a result of the accident.

The ladies about here are going back to the olden times. Going to town on a lumber wagon. Well they are on hand when the checks are cashed. The rest is easy.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, } ss.
Lucas County.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of one hundred dollars for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

A. W. GLEASON
Notary Public.
Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials free.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.
Sold by all Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Have Vowels in Order.

"Abstemious" and "facetious" are the only words in English having the vowels in their order.

Hard Times in Kansas.

The old days of grasshoppers and drouth are almost forgotten in the prosperous Kansas of today; although a citizen of Codell, Earl Shamburg, has not yet forgotten a hard time he encountered. He says: I was worn out and discouraged by coughing night and day, and could find no relief till I tried Dr. King's New Discovery. It took less than one bottle to completely cure me. The safest and most reliable cough and cold remedy and lung and throat healer ever discovered. Guaranteed by Freeman & Cummings Co.'s drug store. 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottle Free.

The Chelsea Markets.

Chelsea buyers offer today, the following prices:
Wheat, red or white..... 85 to 88
Rye..... 72
Oats..... 45
Barley per hundred..... \$1 35
Beans..... 1 60
Steers, heavy..... 4 00
Stockers..... 3 00 to 3 50
Cows, good..... 3 00
Veals..... 6 00
Hogs..... 4 50
Sheep, wethers..... 3 00 to 4 50
Sheep, ewes..... 3 00 to 3 50
Chickens, spring..... 08
Fowls..... 08
Butter..... 22 to 23
Eggs..... 22
Potatoes..... 45
Onions..... 40 to 60
Apples..... 75 to 1 00
Cabbage per dozen..... 45

Out of Sight

"Out of Sight, out of mind," is an old saying which applies with special force to a sore, burn or wound that's been treated with Bucklen's Arnica Salve. It's out of sight, out of mind and out of existence. Piles too and chilblains disappear under its healing influence. Guaranteed by Freeman & Cummings Co., Druggists, 25c.

Feel languid, weak, run-down? headache? stomach "off"? Just a plain case of lazy liver. Burdock Blood Bitters tones liver and stomach, promotes digestion, purifies the blood.

Destroys Hair Germs

Recent discoveries have shown that falling hair is caused by germs at the roots of the hair. Therefore, to stop falling hair, you must first completely destroy these germs. Ayer's Hair Vigor, new improved formula, will certainly do this. Then leave the rest to nature.

Does not change the color of the hair.

Ayer's
Formula with each bottle
Show it to your
doctor
Ask him about it,
then do as he says.

Recent discoveries have also proved that dandruff is caused by germs on the scalp. Therefore, to cure dandruff, the first thing to do is to completely destroy these dandruff germs. Here, the same Ayer's Hair Vigor will give the same splendid results.

Made by the J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

NO. BELLE BOY 61685



COLOR—CHERRY RED.

The Duroc Jersey swine are the leading and most profitable hogs to raise. They are very gentle and are noted for their quick growing qualities and great weight.

I own the above thoroughbred registered Duroc Jersey stock hog. His services are very reasonable.

E. J. WHIPPLE.



In the Days
of the Pilgrims

paper was scarce and important documents as well as Thanksgiving letters were written upon vellum which was very expensive. Now-a-days you can buy, for ordinary letter-writing purposes

Eaton's Hot-Pressed Vellum
a beautiful writing paper with a perfect writing surface, delightful to the touch and sight. Remind us to show it to you when you come in.

Price Per Box 40 Cents.

Freeman &

Cummings Co.

SALE OF

Women's and Misses' Suits

At Greatly Reduced Prices.

We are closing up our Women's Suit business for the fall and are offering all Suits at prices that will close out stock quick. Notice the prices. Every Suit is this season's make.

Women's and Misses' \$15.00 pure worsted suits, satin lined coats, in all plain colors and fancies, now \$10.00 and \$11.50

\$20.00 Suits, New York styles, all colors, same as city stores sell at \$25.00 and \$27.50, our closing price \$15.00

Every Suit is marked for quick sales and we predict they will be closed out in a few days. We never carry any thing over in this department.

JUST RECEIVED.

10 Women's full satin lined coats, black only, 50 inches long, velvet and braid trimmed, regular \$13.50 value, now \$10.00

ASK TO SEE OUR FUR STOCK.

New Muffs and Neck Pieces at low prices.

Special display of SCOTCH TABLE LINEN in 2 1/2, 3 and 3 1/2 yard lengths with Napkins to match.

SPECIAL SALE

Of Women's Fleece Dressing Sacques, and Kimonos at 50c, 75c, 98c and \$1.25.

Women's Extra Heavy Vests and Pants, for a few day only at 29c each

These are as good as many stores sell at 50c each. Special values in our Children's Underwear department.



H. S. HOLMES MERCANTILE COMPANY

This month's Butterick Patterns are 10c and 15c—none higher.

ATHENÆUM JACKSON, MICH.

Friday, November 22
THE MAN OF THE HOUR.
Prices, 50c to \$1.50.

Saturday, November 23
WHEN KNIGHTHOOD
WAS IN FLOWER.
Prices, 25c to \$1.50.

Monday, November 25
PRINCE OF PILSEN
Prices, 25 to \$1.50.

THANKSGIVING
OUR NEW MINISTER.
Prices, 25 to \$1.50.

Saturday, November 30
HAP WARD
IN
NOT YET BUT SOON.
Prices, 25 to \$1.00.

WANT COLUMN

RENTS, REAL ESTATE, FOUND
LOST WANTED ETC.

FOR SALE—A four-year old Durham cow with calf by her side. This is a fine animal and the price is right. Inquire of Jas. Sweeney, R. F. D. 3, Chelsea.

TO RENT—Rooms for roomers or light housekeeping. Inquire of Mrs. Mary O'Connor, south Main street. Phone 208.

WANTED—A good young Jersey cow. Inquire of W. K. Guerin, R. F. D. 4, Chelsea.

Cheapest accident insurance—Dr. Thos. mas' Electric Oil. Stops the pain and heals the wound. All druggists sell it.

Clothcraft Fracts

200 (9)

The manufacturers of Clothcraft Clothes were the first ones to make—to advertise—and to guarantee all-wool clothes.

Doing so fully three years before any other manufacturer in the country.

They were ahead of the procession then—as now.

Suits - \$10 to \$25
Overcoats \$10 to \$25

DANCER BROS.,
Chelsea, Michigan.

WANTED—A few desirable boarders. Inquire at Burg's cigar factory. 41tf

FOR SALE—Small coal stove. Suitable for office. Inquire of Dr. Wall in the Freeman-Cummings block. 41tf

FOR SALE—At prices that will close them. Several bike rubber-tire road wagons, runabouts, surreys—new and second hand, lumber wagons. I am building 40 buggies and wagons and want to make room, so I will sell at a sacrifice prices to close them quick. This is the largest out on prices I have ever made since I have been in Chelsea. For particulars call on A. G. Faist. 41tf

FOR SALE—Cook stove in good repair. Inquire of Mrs. Thos. Fletcher. 42

FOR SALE—Three houses and lots on McKinley street, will be sold part payment down and balance same as sea, Mich. Inquire of J. A. Maroney, Chelsea. 40tf

FOR SALE—One handsome black walnut bedstead, set springs, one mattress also baby carriage. Inquire of Mrs. J. S. Gorman. 38tf

WANTED—Live poultry every Tuesday forenoon. H. L. Wood & Clark.

WANTED—Hay and straw. We are in the market to buy and ship your hay and straw. For particulars call on Joseph and Lewis Liebeck, Chelsea. Phone 151-11-18. 34tf

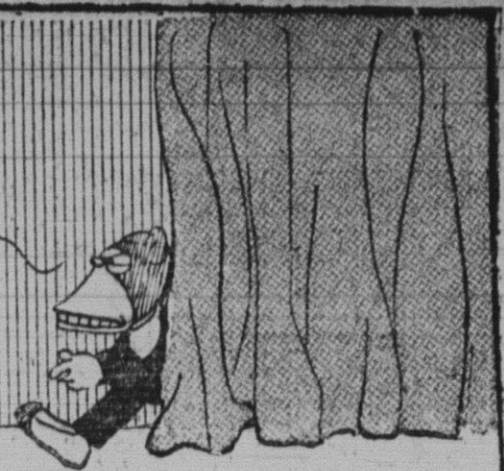


AW-COME ON!
JEST ONE
KISS-HUH?

THE CHELSEA STANDARD-HERALD

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN, THURSDAY,

Nov. 21, 1907



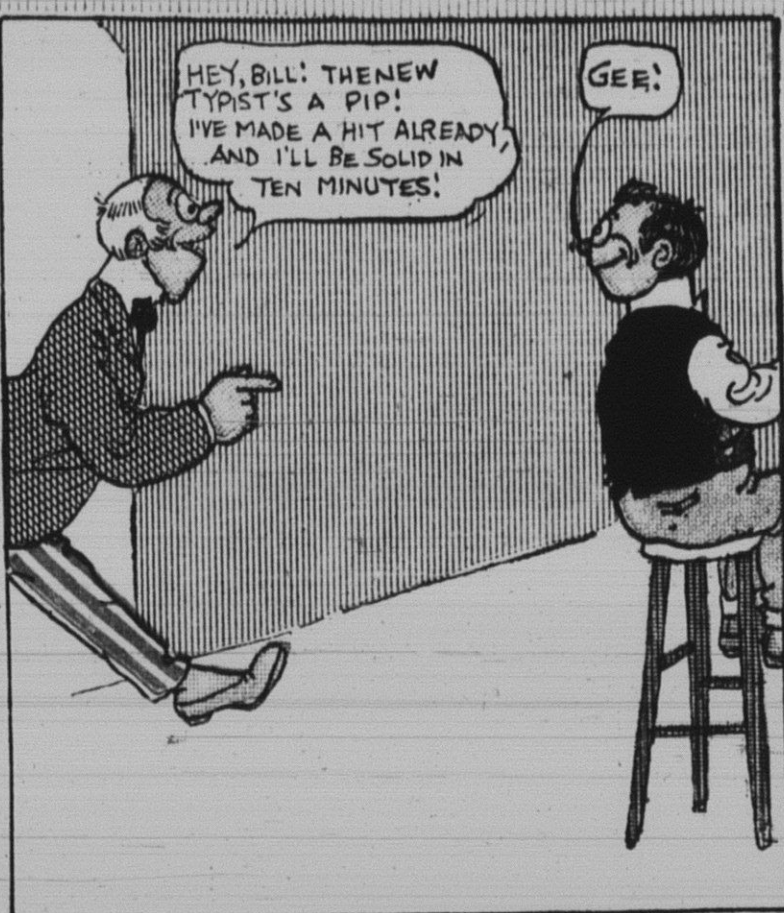
AW! NIX, KID!
TELL THAT BIG
BOOB TO GO
CHASE!

SALLIE SNOOKS ~ STENOGRAPHER BY DINK



I'M MISS SNOOKS,
THE NEW STENO-
GRAPHER... ARE
YOU THE MANAGER?

NO, THE BOSS IS OUT
O' TOWN, BUT I'M
IN CHARGE WHILE HE'S
GONE!



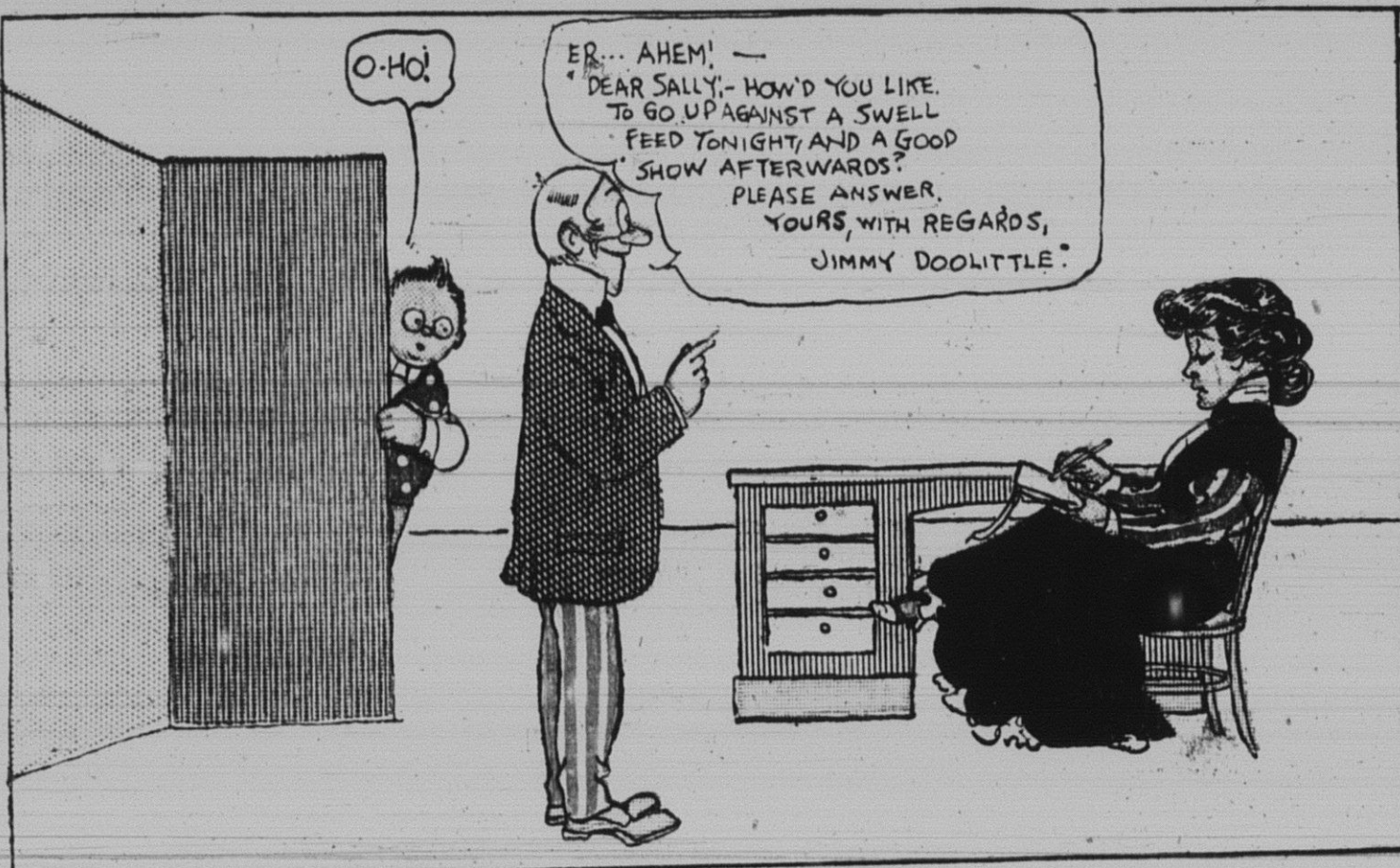
HEY, BILL! THEN NEW
TYPIST'S A PIP!
I'VE MADE A HIT ALREADY,
AND I'LL BE SOLID IN
TEN MINUTES!

GEE!



WILL YOU PLEASE TAKE A
DICTATION, MISS SNOOKS?

CERTAINLY!



O-HO!

ER... AH! —
DEAR SALLY, — HOW'D YOU LIKE
TO GO UP AGAINST A SWELL
FEED TONIGHT, AND A GOOD
SHOW AFTERWARDS?
PLEASE ANSWER,
YOURS, WITH REGARDS,
JIMMY DOOLITTLE.

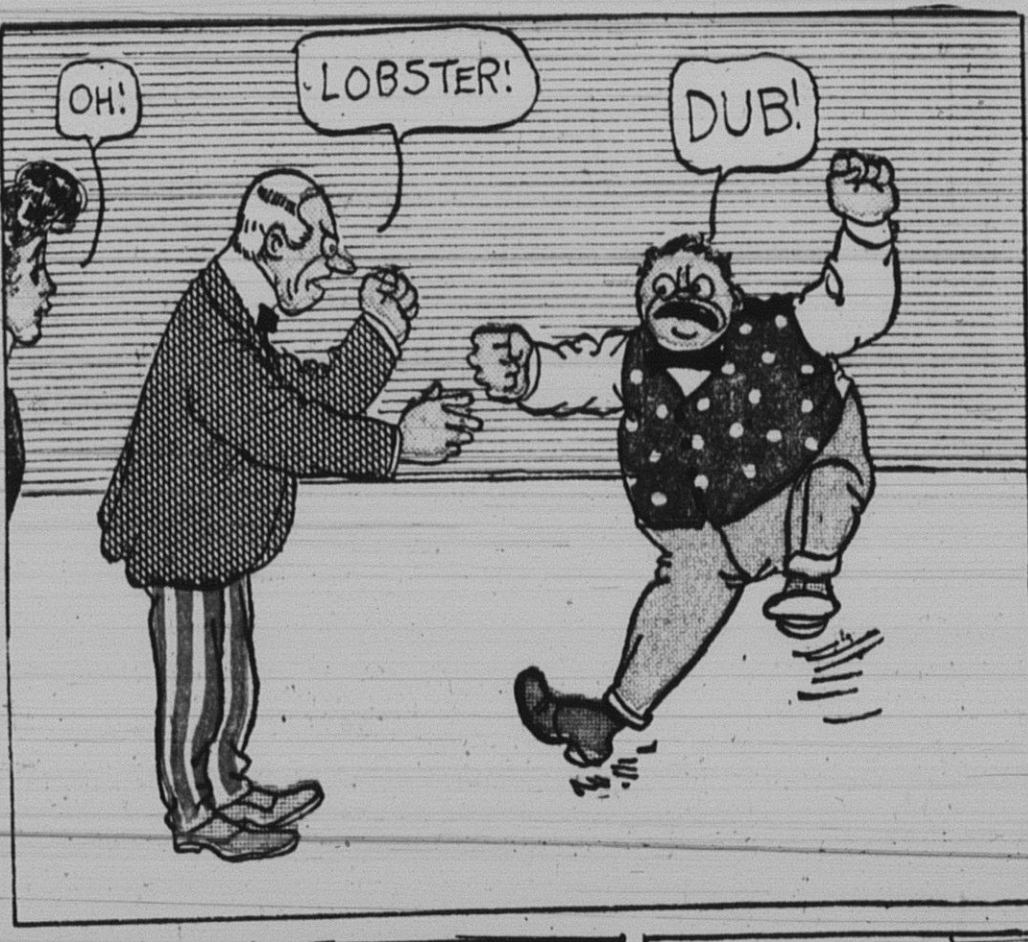


THE NERVE!
I'LL FIX HIM!

WILL YOU PLEASE TAKE THIS LETTER?
DEAR OLD SALLY — HOWABOUT A NICE SPIN
IN MY BIG RED BUZZ-WAGON! AND A
LOVELY LOBSTER AND FIZZ-WATER AT
THE ROAD-SIDE INN? ANSWER QUICK!
LOVINGLY, YOURS,
FREDDY SASSY-BOY!



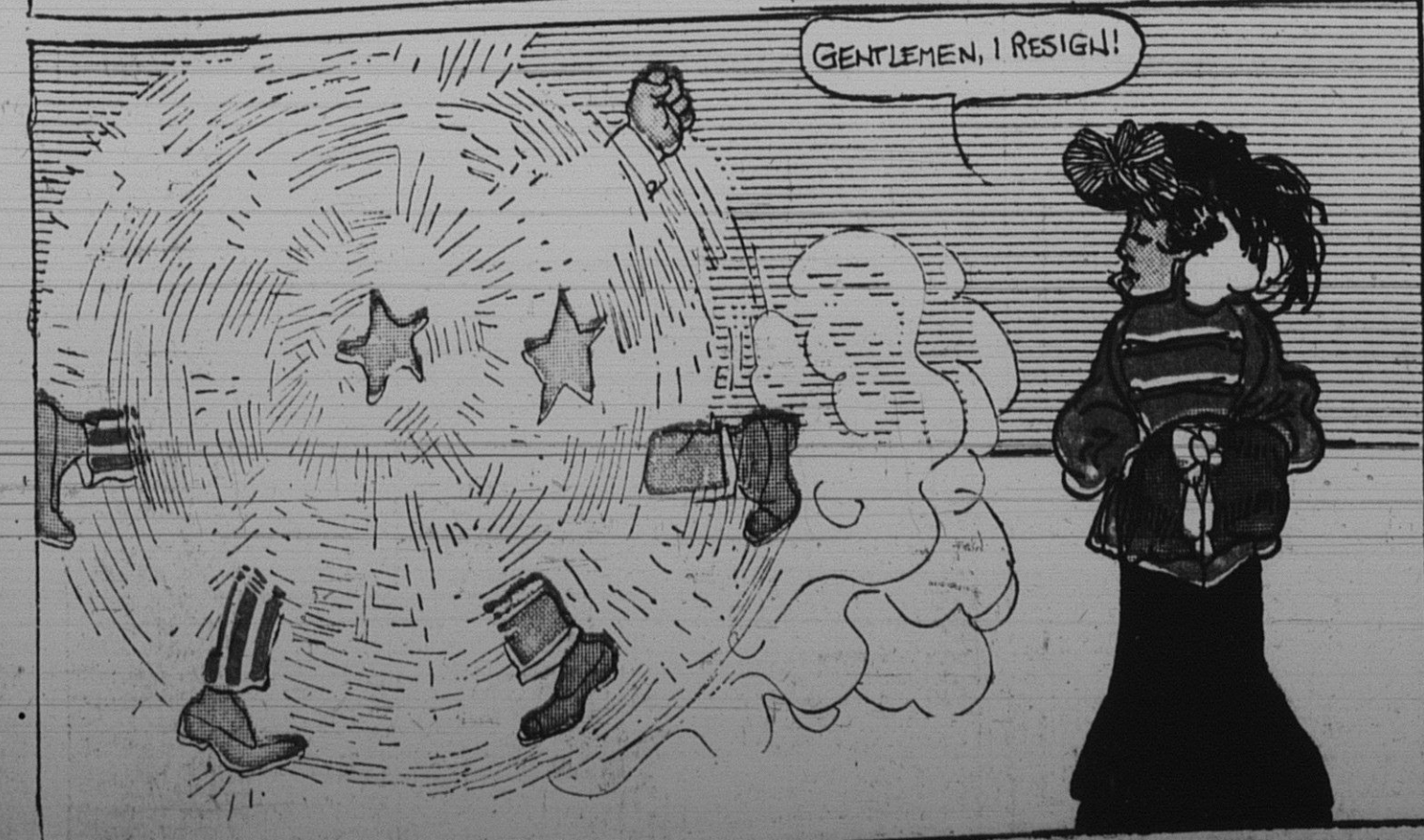
PLEASE TAKE THIS DOWN: —
DEAR SALLY, — ANY GUY WHO WOULD
BUTT IN ON A FRIEND'S PRIVATE AFFAIRS...
WOULD ROB HIS OWN GRAND MOTHER...



OH!

LOBSTER!

DUB!



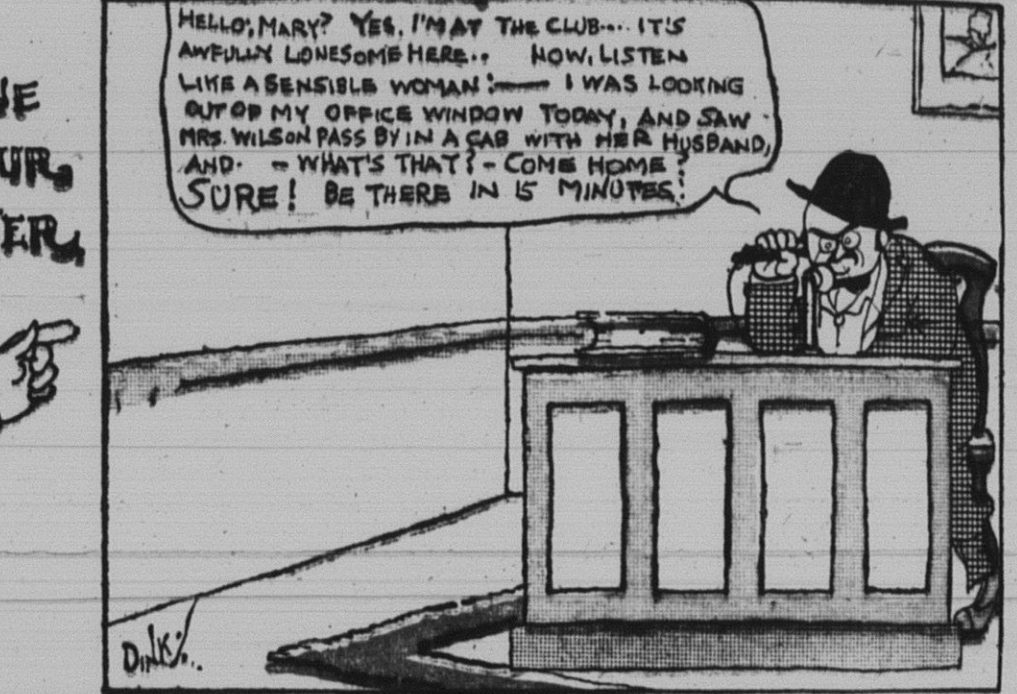
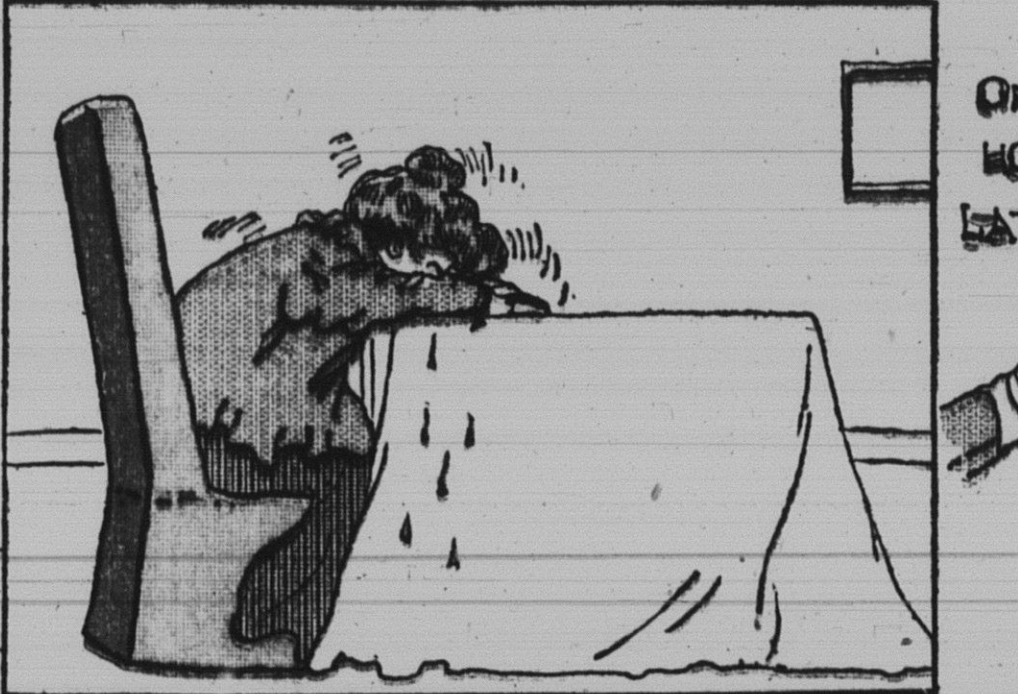
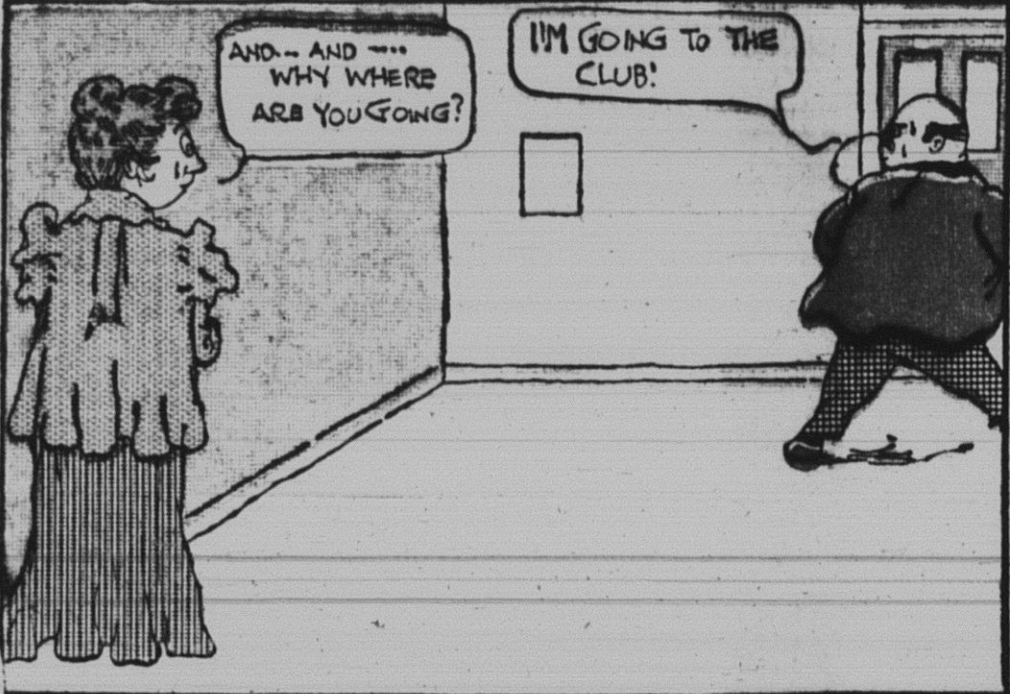
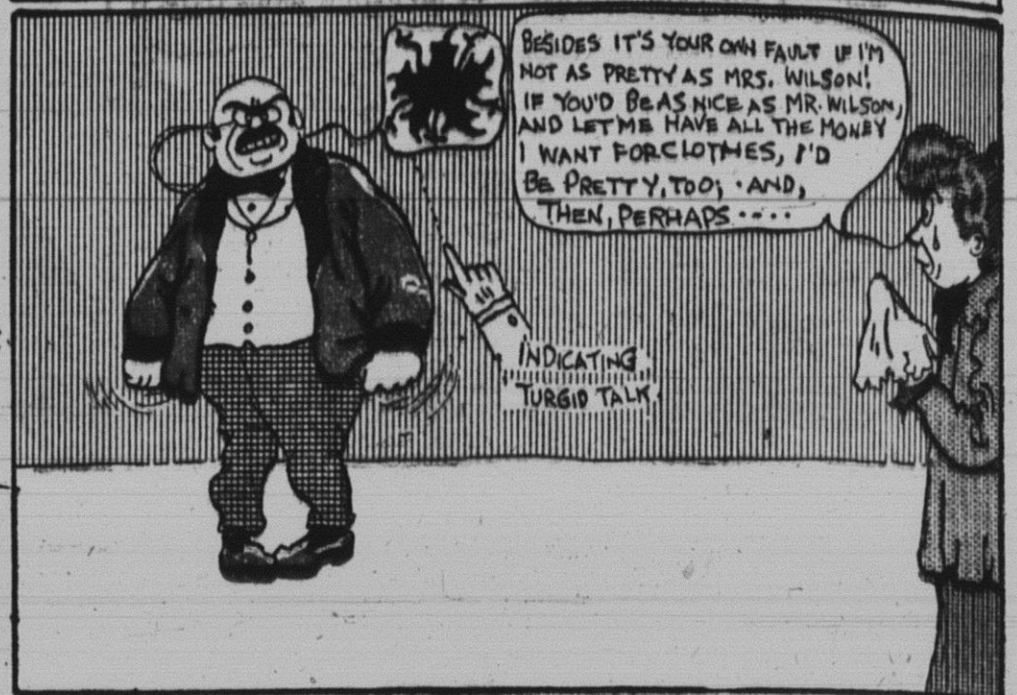
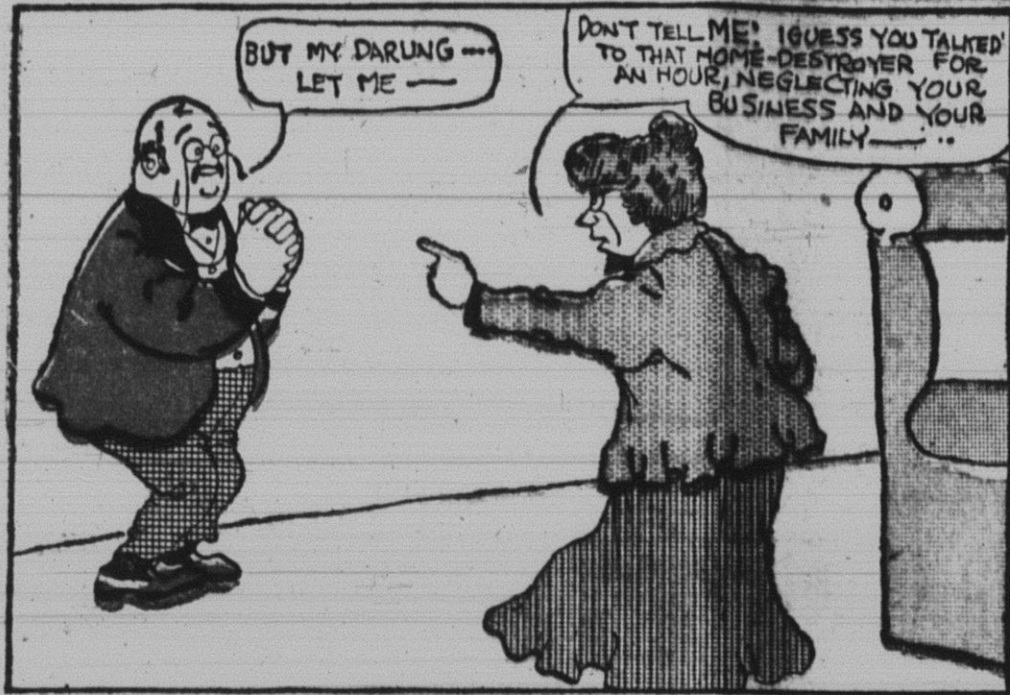
GENTLEMEN, I RESIGN!



SHE'S GONE!

GEE!

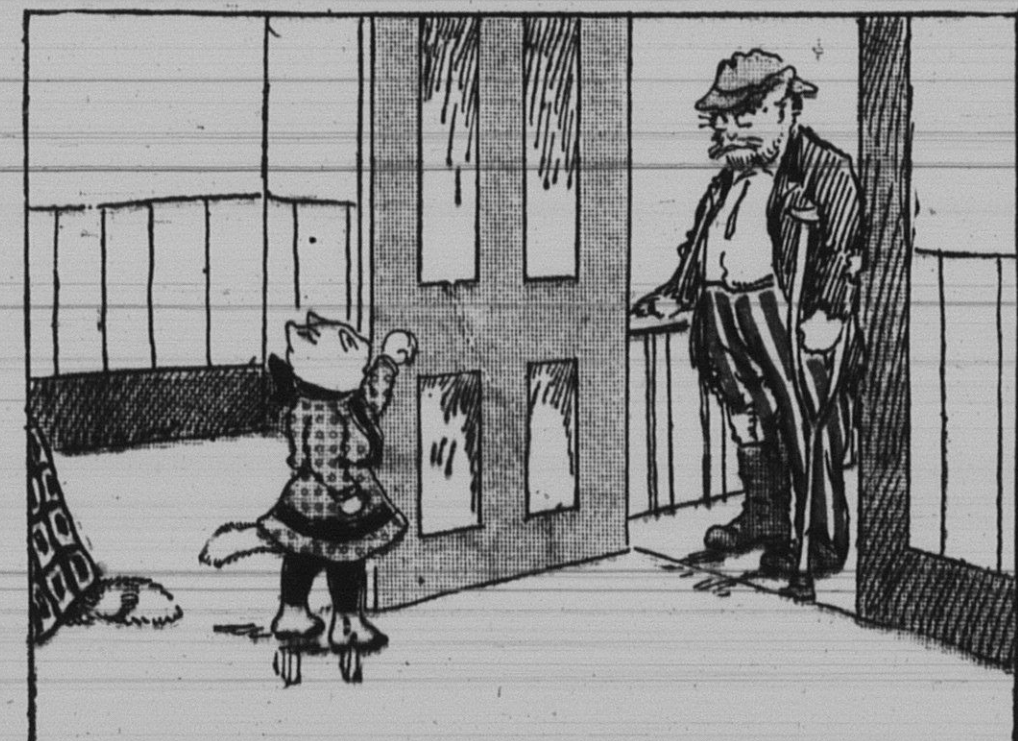
WHY SMITH LEFT HOME



PINKIE PRIM



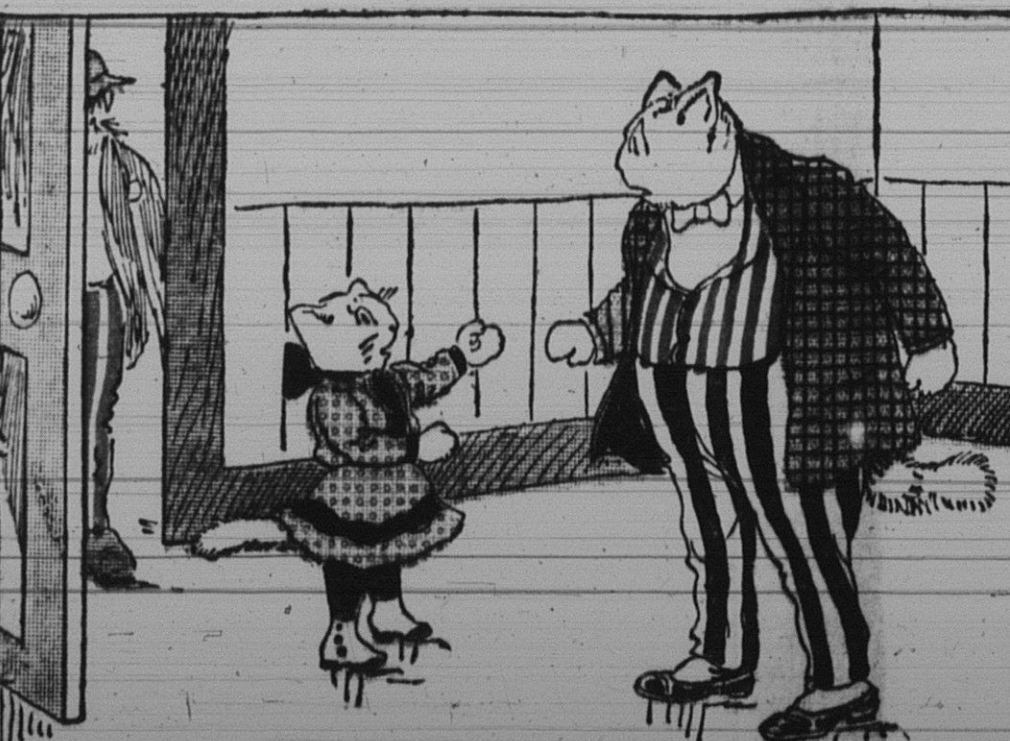
Very early morning 'twas;
A knock came at the door.
Maw was cooking breakfast.
Across the kitchen floor



Pinkie glided, light of foot.
And, what did she see there?
A poor, old, ragged hobo!
With tousled beard and hair.



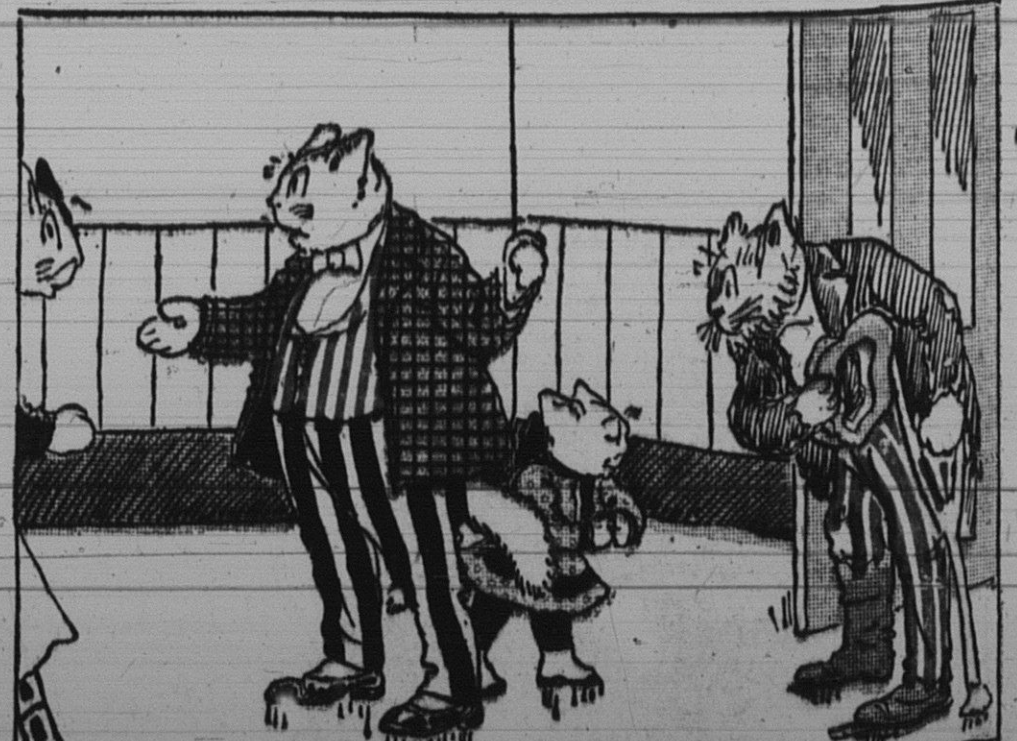
Papa Prim heard voices, and
He laid the paper down.
"Hobo! Tramp!" snorted he,
"I'll run you out of town!"



"Patience, Papa, patience, please,"
Did Pinkie Prim reply.
"Although he's but a hobo,
Perhaps there's reason why."



"Good & wife as ever lived,
I had," the hobo said.
"Children, five. Now, none alive!
My wife and brood are dead."



Papa Prim at Pinkie looked,
And then at Mama Prim.
Next at sons in dining room;
And said, "All right, feed him."

Home and Fashion

THE SEWING CIRCLE

Buttonhole worked in the corner of the dishcloth will be found better than a loop by which to hang up, because a buttonhole will last longer as the cloth itself, whereas loops often get pulled off.

Since sofa pillows have become a necessity in every well-furnished room or apartment it is well to know that down that comes from cattails in seed is a useful filling. It is claimed that no insect infests it and that, unlike feathers, it does not rot or hold dampness.

It is a good plan to run the heels of toes of silk and lisle stockings in fine soft silk before wearing them at all; though care must be taken to use only silk that exactly fits the stocking.

To prevent "torn out" buttons the buttonholes in both sides of garments. Make a narrow band of firm white goods, or colored goods if preferred for dark clothes, the band of about four thicknesses and a little wider than buttonholes. Sew the buttons on this band, as far apart as buttonholes are, at hand on inside of garment and at buttons through buttonholes on other sides. When the garment is worn the band can be taken out and next day, until it becomes soiled, when it can be washed and ready for use again. Two of these bands will suffice.

In making bands on children's underwear it is a good idea to allow an inch at each end to turn back before the buttonhole, as this makes the band much stronger and there will be less tearing of the garments.

Neat lace caps for babies are made using white lace allover, drawing the fullness at the back with ribbon run through a tiny hem. The edges of the bonnets are trimmed with lace ruffles, while the long rings are made of fine lace inserted about three inches wide.

For hatpin holders—Another new item which is made on the test-tubes, is a large silk rose made of ribbons fastened at the top of a tube. The tube is wound with various colors of green ribbon in basket weave, and fastened to it are several artificial rose leaves.

If your mattress is a new one, make two white slips, just the right size, with a two-inch lap at one end. In this lap work several buttonholes, and on the slip sew the buttons. Then cover your mattress with these slips the ticking will be clean as long as the mattress is in use. Having two cases enables you to have one laundered whenever necessary.

It will be interesting to those who have not known that the new vogue of that a bed covering made of squares of organdy, dimity and daintily lawn squares is considered quite pretty. Not only is the old industry of making patchwork quilts in favor, but rags are sewed together and from them are woven the pretty rugs that are so much in favor. One woman does not take the trouble to stitch "pieces" together by hand, but sews them on the machine, making a "square" or other geometrical figure whenever enough pieces have accumulated for it.



FROM FASHIONDOM

One of the attractive features of the season is the separate waist which will be the velvet or heavy broadcloth skirt topped with a waist of sheer material.

The elastic belts studded with beads, jewels or cut steel are so satisfactory that undoubtedly they will remain, as they are now, in the front rank of popularity.

The late constitution limits the tax levy of the county and the statutes fix the maximum for the city. In consequence the continual increases granted the various park commissioners were practically taken from.

For afternoon gowns the daintily checked voiles in two-toned effects are exceptionally attractive, when fashioned with a garniture of silk, which gives them body.

Ball fringe, very large gretots, long and ornate tassels, cords of silk and chenille and any number of detached to motifs in passementerie or braid ornament the new costumes.

Such bizarre sleeves as are being worn, some of them drawn down under the high belt and fastened with buttons to the skirt, some draped across on to the back of the bodice and fastened with buttons there. They are really not sleeves, but draperies, and clever indeed is the way in which they are managed.

A hand-painted lace will be used for blouses during the coming season. It is fashioned of course, hand-made fashion, adorned with flowers of muslin applique to the net after the fashion of Carrickmacross lace. The flowers are delicately hand painted in natural shades, the trails of roses, lilacs, etc., with the trellis work background having a particularly natural and charming appearance.

One of the graceful small hats is a round crown with the back brim a trifle wider than the front. The brim is rolling and is slightly tilted over the face by means of a shallow bandeau in the back. The crown is banded with velvet to match the felt of the hat, while three short, fluffy plumes decorate the back. This is a street hat, seen in black, blue, gray and brown, also white felt.

Much has been said both pro and con of the long sleeves, but the extension below the elbow shall be close-fitting and detachable. All of the new separate undercoats are well defined in shape and lavishly trimmed. A group of tucks, then a band of insertion and a tiny ruffle of lace both top and bottom of the insertion is a favorite idea for these undercoats. When something more elaborate is desired hand embroideries are impressed into service, with and without lace.

A former rector of Holsworthy, England, left money to be given to the most deserving and prettiest young woman most regular in her attendance at church. This year the gift has fallen to Miss Jane Maynard, daughter of a late sexton, and it was presented to her at the church porch.

ODDS AND ENDS

Worth Knowing.

When windows are difficult to open or close, rub the cords with soft soap, when they will run smoothly.

To remove milkweed rub common yellow soap on the damaged article and then lift the starch on that. Rub well and put out in the sunshine.

To remove paint stains from a floor soak for a while with benzine or turpentine, then rub with emery paper or a little pulverized pumice stone.

Every kitchen outfit should have a measuring glass that is marked to measure tea, spoonfuls, tablespoonfuls and gills, as well as halves, thirds and quarts.

Household and hair brushes last much longer if taken care of and washed regularly. Remember that they never should be allowed to rest on the bristles.

When cleaning a range add a few drops of turpentine to the black lead and a better polish will result. This method also serves to keep the grate from rusting when not in use.

Hanging Skirts.

When one is compelled to hang a skirt against the closet wall instead of on hangers extended from the ceiling let the back of the skirt rest against the wall, then if there is any wrinkling it comes at the back where it is not noticeable.

Washable Cover for Quilts.

To cover heavy quilts or comforters which cannot be washed and which in time will get too soiled for use, we take ten yards of best cheesecloth and make a cover the size of quilt, just as you make a pillow slip. The end that is open can be tied with large loops and buttons or buttons, just as one likes, but we find the buttons are best or less trouble. Slip on the quilt and

run a basting thread along the edges to keep it in place. This cover can be taken off and washed when soiled and another slipped on. In this way quilts are kept clean and new for years.

Burning Feet.

Take one pint of bran and one ounce of bicarbonate of soda; put into a pail and add one gallon of hot water. When cool enough soak feet in this mixture fifteen minutes. The relief is instantaneous. This must be repeated every night for a week. The bran and bicarbonate should be made fresh after a week's use. The burning sensation is produced by the pores of the skin being closed so that the feet do not perspire.

Baby's Bottle.

To clean baby's bottles put the nipples in a pan of cold water, set pan on the stove and let come to a boil. Boil two or three minutes, then wash in cold water. Put one teaspoonful of soda in each bottle; fill bottles with boiling water; let stand until cool enough to handle. Shake well and rinse in clear, cold water.

Lace Curtains Easily Washed.

To launder lace curtains without stretchers spread newspapers over the carpet and stretch them with a tack in the open work of each scallop. Keep straight by the seams of the carpet, and the next curtain will go over the other and save work. Use new tacks to prevent rust. Your curtains will look like new, and your fingers will not be blistered with pinning each one down.

To Dry Clothes Properly.

In hanging clothes out to dry first hang up the thickest part, waist or neckbands, etc., because if hung by the thinner part the water will run down the thick part, lodge there and take longer to dry. Second, hang up everything wrong side out, so that any accidental soil will not do so much damage as if it appeared on the right side.

CARE OF TABLE LINEN

It matters not how neatly one may have the table arranged, if the table linen is not spotlessly white the appearance is marred by the defect. Care must be taken of fine table linen or it soon gets the yellow "dip" so much dreaded by careful housewives.

The first mistake is made by throwing the tablecloth in the laundry bag with napkins which are damp and they always are when finger bowls are used. Each piece should be dried and stains removed before placing it away for washing. To properly wash them they cannot be made pure and white if placed in with other clothes. This is a warning to heed. Soak the linen in tepid water for three-quarters of an hour and always wring the pieces by hand for wringer creases do not come out at times even under a heavy hot iron. Next put the clothes in a good suds, wash carefully and put in a boiler of cold water which has nothing but borax to soften it. Bring the water to a boil, give the pieces a second suds, then carefully rinse. Two persons should stretch the long tablecloths and place on a line, hanging them perfectly even. In ironing they must be rather damp. Fold side to side with one seam only. Iron perfectly dry until a gloss appears. They must not be starched, since good linen is stiff enough when properly ironed. Hang the pieces over a rod where they hang perfectly straight and allow to dry before they are put away. Now would you know why it is that some women have their table linen always looking new? It is done in folding the ironed pieces. Boards such as are used to fold dress goods on are what you will need. Cover the pieces with any old muslin and the pieces will roll the table cloth on this, carefully roll the table cloth carefully

fold the edges toward the center. Put in the linen closet and when ready for use you have a new-looking piece for the table. Do not comb fringe on pieces, but use a moderately stiff bristle brush for the purpose. In ironing monograms lay the



CREAM OF CELERY SOUP—Wash and cut into small pieces three heads of celery. Cover with a quart of water; cook slowly half an hour and press through a colander. Put this in a double boiler with one quart of milk. Rub together three tablespoonfuls of butter and flour; add to the soup and cook until smooth and thick. Add a teaspoonful and a half of salt and a dash of pepper.

BREAD ECONOMY—When cutting bread save all the crumbs, also all broken pieces from the table. When warming over hot-plate place the bread crumbs in the warm pan and stir it until dry and does not stick to the kettle. Take it from the fire and stir in one egg, lemon rind, and sugar; after it has cooled stir in the remainder

Are you really living, or are you letting the precious days slip by, with nothing in them of interest?

Remember that life is long, and that this beautiful old world is full of wonderful things for those who take the trouble to look for them. Not a day passes but that we do not have a chance to learn something if we keep our eyes open.

The dreamers must wake up, for, while they are building their air castles, life is hurrying by.

Youth is the time to learn—the mind is eager and plastic. Keep your eyes and ears open. When you are traveling in the train don't go off into a day dream over the new hat you are going to buy; watch the people; they are far more interesting than the grandest clothes that parade the street.

Whatever you do, don't stagnate. Try and learn something from every one you know.

You may work all day and be dead tired by nightfall, but try and do a little reading every day, even though you may only have ten minutes to devote to it.

Read the newspapers, and such magazines as you can get hold of. But especially read books that are worth reading. Once you cultivate a fondness for good reading, the most delightful world will open to you. If you watch the papers you will see many good, free lectures advertised where men and women of the greatest culture are to be found.

Cultivate a tad for some sort that at least will keep you wide awake and interested.

The more you know, the more interesting you will be to others. It is only necessary to be intelligent.

Any intelligent face is better than one which has only prettiness to distinguish it.

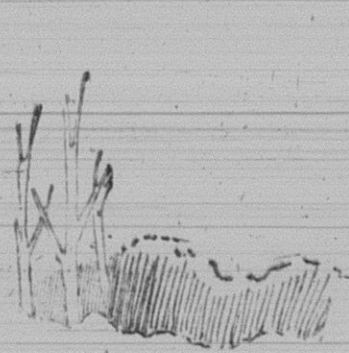
Men are fond of declaring that girls can talk of nothing but admir-

ers and clothes. That is not so, of course, and it is every girl's duty to be a living contradiction to that theory.

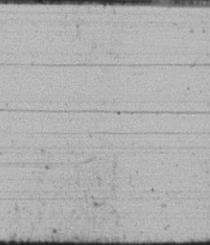
ODD SLEEVES.

Sleeves of quite a different color from the dress have made a distinct furore of late in a very few notable cases and are the introduction of an artist in modes whose genius is of world-wide renown. At one of the last great functions of the Paris season an American beauty, who is always a la mode, wore a black tulle evening toilet with tulle sleeves of that peculiar shade of pink, soft and vivid, known as ceylan. Another of the most striking and beautiful robes that have been made for a daytime occasion is a dress of white mousseline-de-soie with sleeves and fichu of black mousseline, the latter with ends flowing to the extreme edge of the trained skirt. This dress was worn with a huge white hat plumed with black-and-white feathers and a black-and-white parasol.

Braid and fringe of all descriptions are much seen.



right side down on a Turkish towel and the letters will be beautifully ironed in this manner, which is an improvement over the soft blanket method.



JELLIED TONGUE—Boil fresh tongue until tender and remove skin. Peel and slice one lemon and place in a dish. Slice tongue and place over lemon. Dissolve box of gelatin in one cup warm water and pour over meat. Place in ice box and serve in slices on platter.

COOKIES—To two cups of white sugar add one cup lard and butter mixed, one cup soft cream, one teaspoon each of cloves, cinnamon and allspice, one heaping teaspoon soda, one cup chopped raisins and flour to make soft dough; roll thin, sprinkle with sugar, and bake in a quick oven.

LEMON BALLS—One-half cup butter, two cups sugar, three eggs, one cup milk, two and one-half cups of sifted flour. Bake in long pan so as to cut in squares when cold. Roll squares in melted butter and then in peanuts chopped fine.

PASTRY SHORTENING—Render out equal portions of lard and cut together. When partly cold beat vigorously for ten minutes; then set aside to harden. This makes a white, creamy shortening for pastry or biscuits that is more delicate than lard or butter.

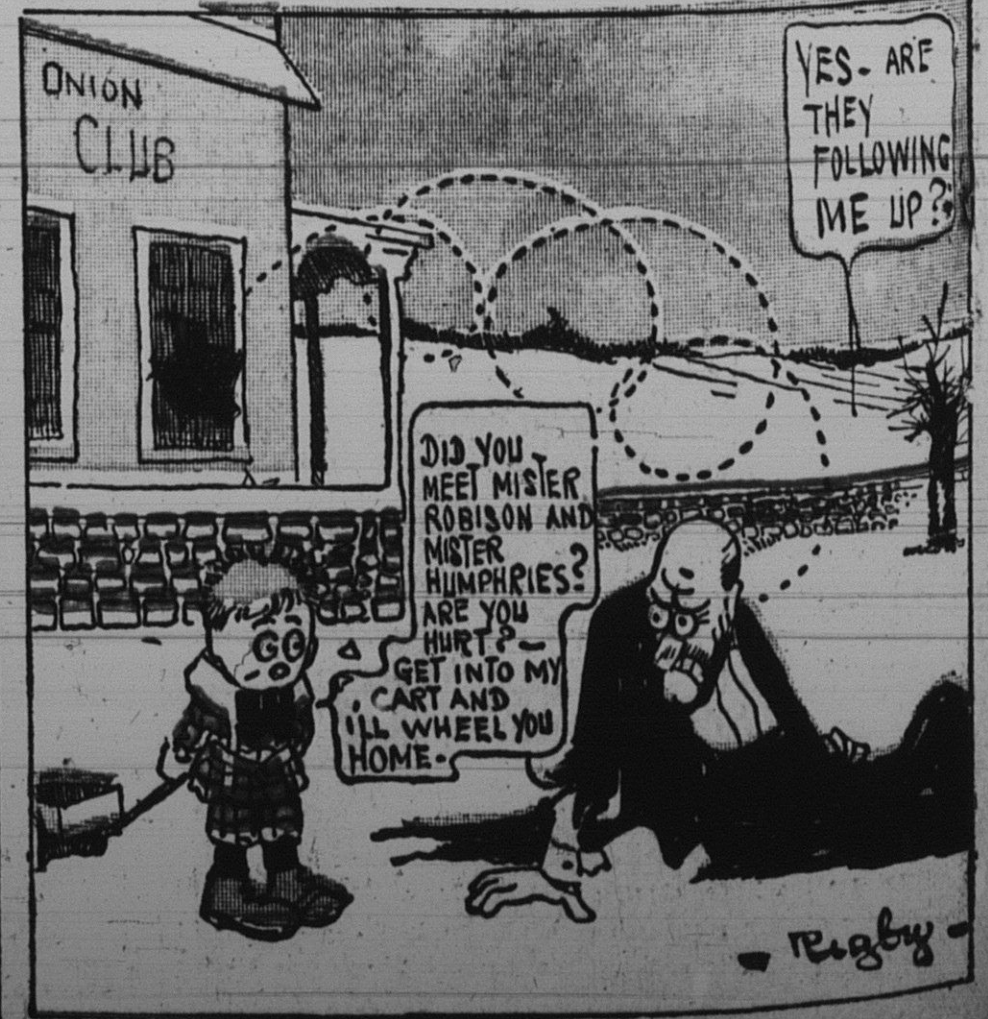
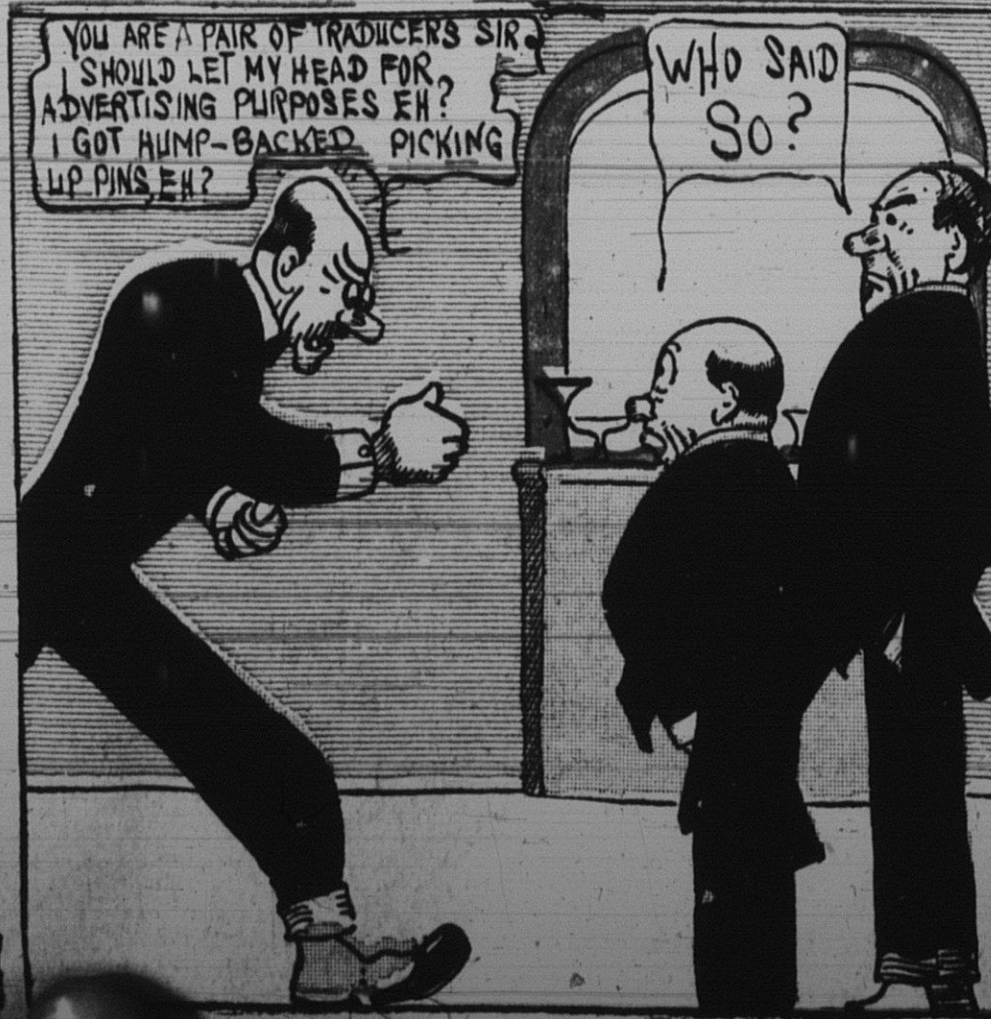
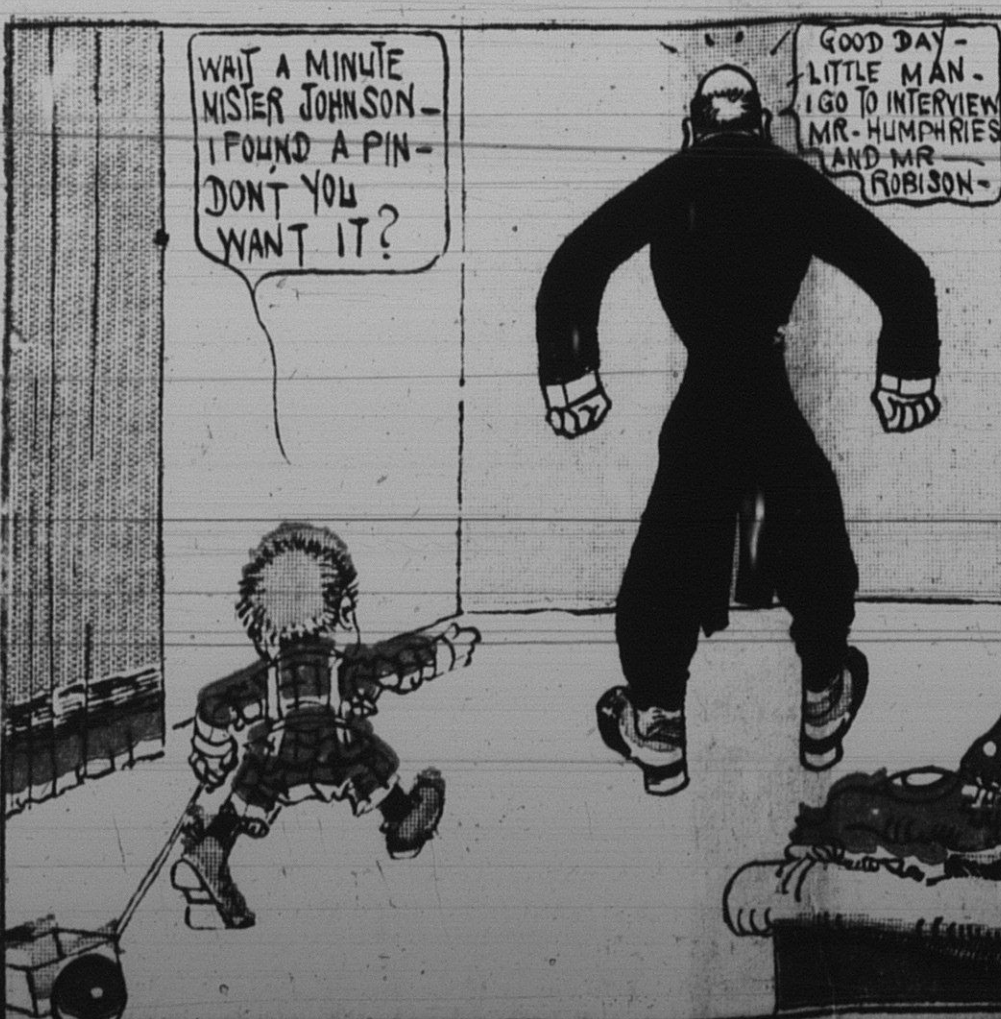
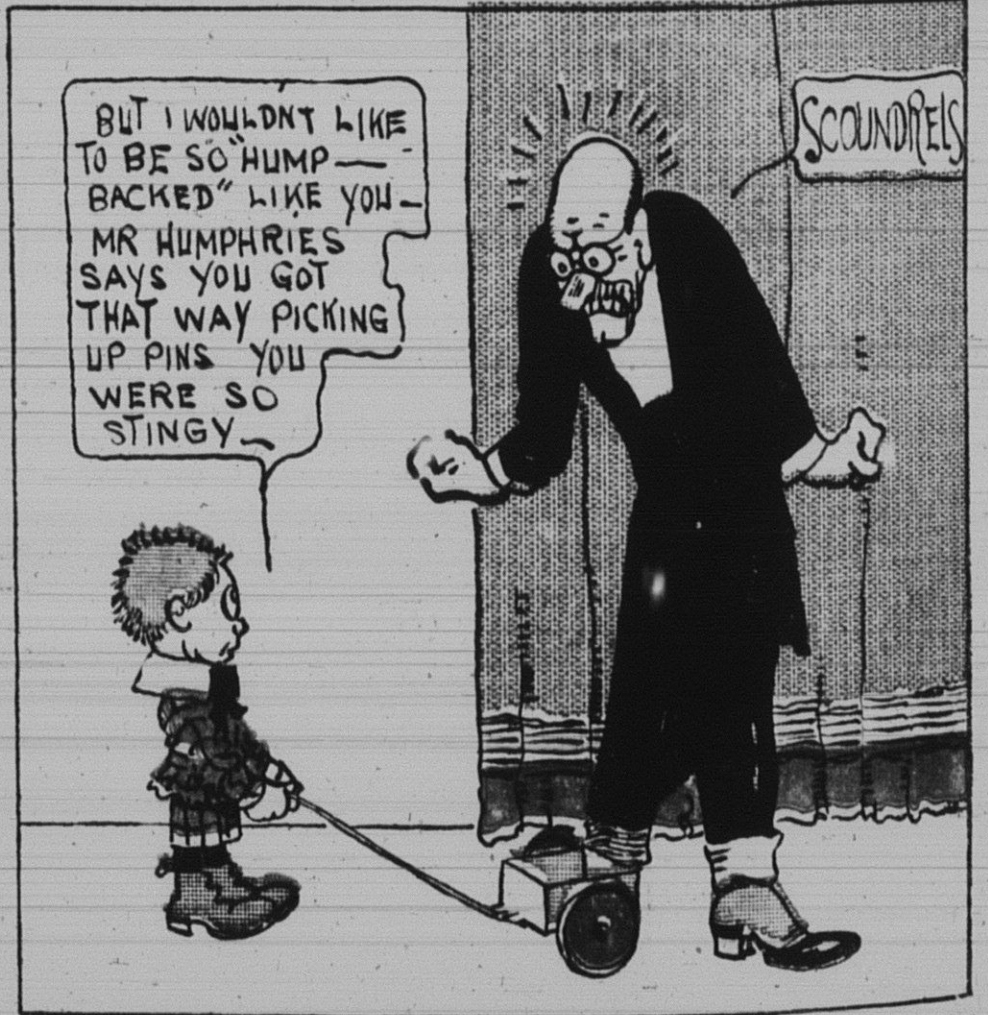
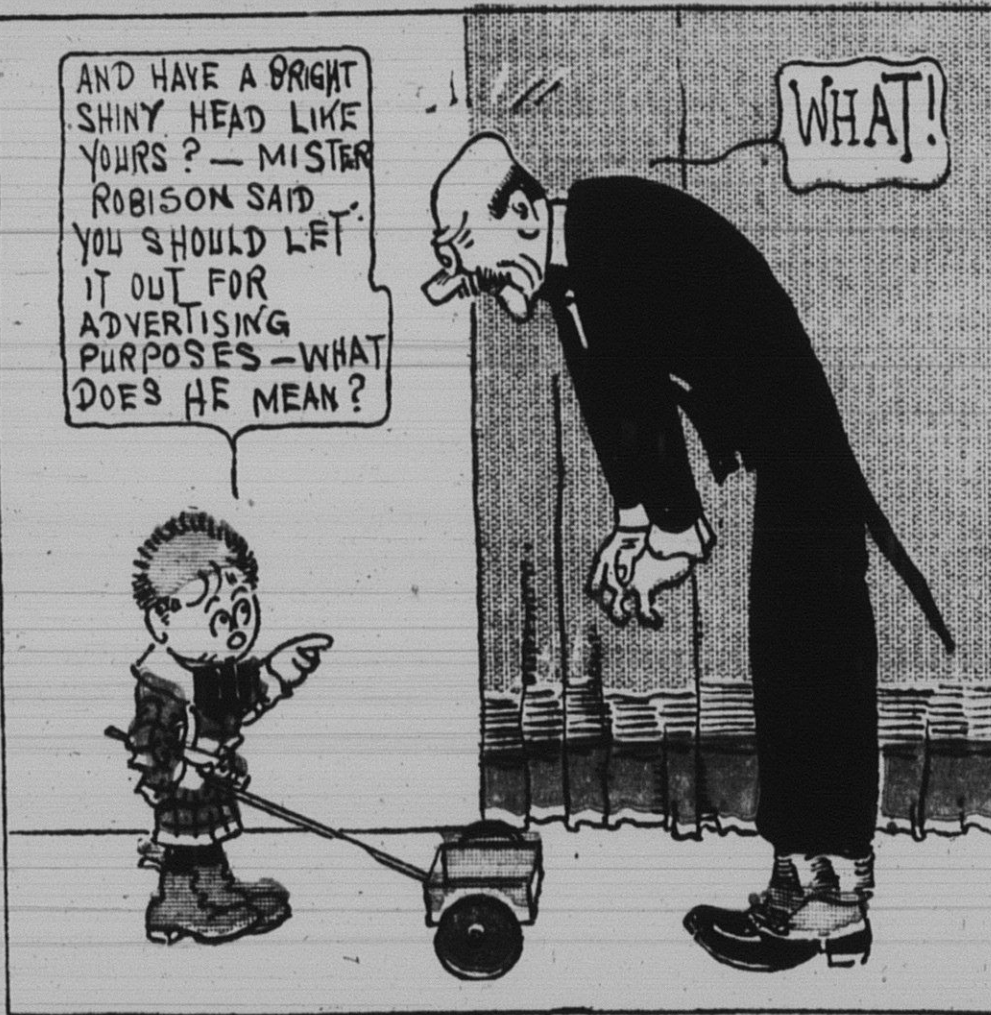
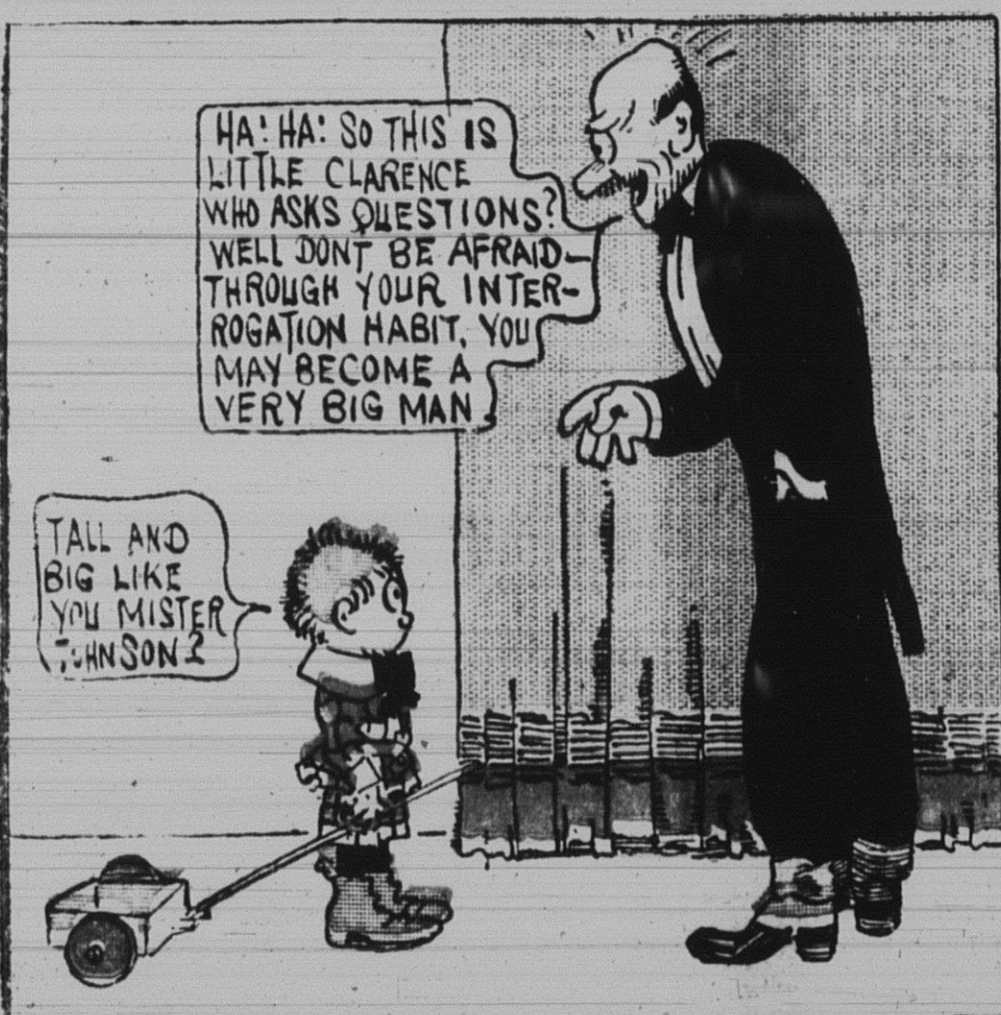
LAYER CAKE—One and one-half cups sugar, one-half cup butter, or part lard, one egg, one cup milk, large measure, two teaspoons baking powder, flavoring, and

THE most sumptuous of fur coats is herewith depicted, made of exquisitely matched sable skins. The yoke and collar are fashioned of heavy Irish lace, outlined with shirred motifs of dark brown satin. At the four corners of the yoke gleam topaz centered brilliant buttons set within a ripple of brown satin ribbon. A wide band of fur, with the stripes running horizontally, is used to finish the knee-length skirt of the coat.

MAMMA'S GIRL~DADDY'S BOY



INQUISITIVE CLARENCE



Ladies Children

Do Not Be Like the Spaniards



Who are forever saying
"MANANA"
Meaning Tomorrow,
for you know that time never comes.
Start an account TODAY in your
special department at the Chelsea
Savings Bank.

CHELSEA SAVINGS BANK

MRS. A. K. STIMSON,

Cashier Women and Children's Department

CLEVER CLOTHES FOR WELL DRESSED MEN.



HAVE YOU BOUGHT
YOUR NEW WINTER
SUIT OR OVERCOAT
YET?

If not, do not lose any more time,
but come at once before our large
assortment of new and up-to-date
goods has been broken.

Something more we wish to say, that
is, that our display of CLEVER
Suits and Overcoats is more exten-
sive and more desirable than ever
before, if that were possible.

Something New.

We have just received a fine assort-
ment of Fancy Shirts, Neckwear,
Handkerchiefs, Collars and Cuffs,
Hosiery, Gloves and Mittens and
Underwear. Ask to see the new
things.

YOUR BEST FRIENDS

Are treated with greatest attention. Those good friends, your feet,
are often given the smallest consideration. Sooner or later they
even up the score, and you're "all in." Feet to blame? No, the
shoes. The fit's at fault.

Nettleton, Thompson or Dittmann Shoes

end all foot torture. Comfort commences the first minute. "Makes
Life's Walk Easy." Fit, finish, fashion, to please the most par-
ticular.

DANCER BROS.,

ONE PRICE. PLAIN FIGURES. A SQUARE DEAL

Fall and Winter Showing OF

Foreign and Domestic Woolens

All Woolens of exceptional quality and style, all in suitable quantity
to judge style and weave. No Sample Book or Cards.

300 Different Styles

Of Suits, Trousers, Fancy Vesting, Top Coats and Overcoats.
Our assortment of odd trousers ranging from \$4.00 to \$6.00 is the largest
ever shown in any city compared to ours. We are also showing a fine
line of Woolens suitable for

Ladies' Tailor Made-to-Order Skirts.

For the next 30 days we shall endeavor to make such prices as to
warrant steady employment for our large staff of workers, and to make our
clothing manufacturing business the largest in this section of the country.

Yours for Good Clothing and Home Industry.

RAFTREY, The Tailor.

LOCAL ITEMS.

Martin Wackenhut shipped a carload
of old iron Tuesday to Ann Arbor parties

Born, Tuesday, November 19, 1907, to
Mr. and Mrs. Albert Nicolai, a daughter.

Dr. J. T. Woods returned to his Chelsea
home from Watford, Ontario, Wednes-
day.

Otto Kannowski and family have
moved into the Lehman house on Cong-
don street.

Cavanaugh and Four Mile lakes were
reported as being frozen over the first
of the week.

A pedro social will be held in St.
Mary's hall this evening. All are in-
vited to be present.

Gust Grieb was in Jackson the first
of the week taking an examination for a
position as fireman on the M. C.

Remember the anniversary services
in the M. E. church next Sunday even-
ing, by Rev. Thos. Holmes, D. D.

The young ladies of St. Paul's church
will meet with Miss Marie Lambrecht
next Monday evening, November 25.

Patrick Smith, of Sylvan, has just had
a fine sheep and cattle barn built on his
farm. Frank Young did the work.

John O. Thompson, editor of the
Dexter Leader was a pleasant caller
at the Standard-Herald office Wednes-
day.

The department stores of W. P. Schenk
& Company and H. S. Holmes Mercantile
Co. will be closed all day Thanksgiving
Day.

Mrs. F. H. Sweetland will entertain
the Bay View Reading Circle at her
home on South street next Monday
evening.

Mrs. George W. Irwin has been called
to Lansing on account of the serious
illness of her grand-daughter, Miss
Hazel Nelson.

Mrs. C. W. Maroney is having a resi-
dence built on McKinley street on the
property which she recently purchased
of Jas. Taylor.

The Chelsea and Stockbridge high
school football teams will play a game
in Ahnemann's park, Saturday after-
noon of this week.

Mrs. J. T. Woods and her sister, Miss
McLean, were called to their former
home in Ontario, Saturday, by the serious
illness of their mother.

The Washtenaw county Fair, a comedy
drama, will be given in the opera house
December 12 and 13 for the benefit of
Olive Chapter, O. E. S.

Frank Guerin has sold his residence
property on west Middle street to Mr.
and Mrs. Muscott, of Lima, who will
make Chelsea their home.

Luke Reilly, of Lyndon, has purchased
the Chas. Eisele residence on Grant
street. Mr. and Mrs. Reilly expect to
make Chelsea their future home.

The Union service on Thanksgiving
day will be held at the Congregational
church at 7 p. m. Rev. D. H. Glass of
the M. E. church will preach the sermon.

The second number of the Peoples'
Popular Lecture Course will be a con-
cert by the Otterbein Male Quartette
Co. on Wednesday evening, November
27th.

Geo. T. English shipped, Monday from
Manchester station, ten yearling ewes
and one ram to Lenawee county parties
for which he received a good round
price.

There will be a special meeting of
Olive Lodge, No. 156, F. & A. M., at
Masonic hall, Tuesday evening, Novem-
ber 26. There will be work in the third
degree.

The Western Washtenaw Union
Farmers' Club which met at the home of
Mrs. W. E. Stooking, of Lima, last Fri-
day was well attended and a good pro-
gram was carried out.

The bazaar and chicken pie supper
held in the town hall, Wednesday after-
noon and evening by the ladies of the
Baptist church, was well patronized by
the residents of this place.

Chelsea was well represented at the
football game in Ann Arbor last Satur-
day, between the Pennsylvania and
Michigan teams. The score was 6 to 0
in favor of the Pennsylvania team.

County Clerk Harkins issued a mar-
riage license Monday to Godfrey C.
Jedele and Emma Feldkamp both of
Freedom. The Rev. J. Reichert will
unite the couple in marriage next Sat-
urday.

A number of farmers, who reside near
Pinckney, have had their milling done in
Chelsea during the past week. Since
the mill pond in Pinckney has been
lowered the mill in that village is un-
able to run most of the time.

Dr. J. T. Woods was called to Watford,
Ont., Sunday by the death of his father.

Born, Friday, November 16, 1907, to
Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Pierce, of Lima, a
son.

Born, Sunday, November 17, 1907, to
Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Mackey, of Grant
street, a daughter.

The Ladies' Research Club will meet
at the home of Mrs. O. T. Hoover next
Monday evening.

R. M. Hoppe recently sold two lots in
his grove at Crooked Lake, to George
Weeks, Jr., of Ann Arbor.

The Chelsea and Dexter high school
football teams will play a game of foot-
ball in Dexter, Thanksgiving day.

Chauncy Freeman and wife are mov-
ing into the Emmett Page residence on
the corner of South and Grant streets.

Frank Guerin and family have moved
into the residence on Grant street re-
cently vacated by H. P. Glazier and wife.

Hon. W. W. Wedemeyer of Ann Arbor,
will deliver an address at the Thanks-
giving banquet in St. Mary's hall next
Tuesday evening.

Wednesday, December 4, is the date
of the Christmas sale and supper to be
given by the Ladies' Guild of the Con-
gregational church.

Clarice Watson entertained a number
of her little friends at the home of her
parents last Monday, the occasion being
the fifth anniversary of her birth.

The post office will close at 9 o'clock
a. m. Thanksgiving Day, and will remain
closed until 6 p. m. The rural carriers
will not make a delivery on that day.

Dr. Wm. Quayle, of Chicago, will de-
liver a lecture for the third number of
the People's Popular Lecture Course
the date of which will be announced later.

The social given by the young people
of St. Paul's church, at the home of
Fred Gross, of Lima, last evening, was
well attended and a financial success.
The net proceeds were \$20.

The Standard-Herald will be issued on
Wednesday of next week as Thursday is
Thanksgiving Day. Our advertisers and
correspondents will please get their
copy and items in as early in the week
as possible.

The 18th annual convention of the
Christian Endeavor Societies will be
held in Grand Rapids on Thursday, Fri-
day and Saturday of this week. The
committee in charge expect to enter-
tain a thousand delegates and visitors.

Special services will be held in the
Church of Our Lady of the Sacred Heart
on Thanksgiving Day at 9 a. m. The
litany of the saints and the prayer for
the civil authorities will be recited and
the choir will prepare a special musical
program.

The reception given last Saturday
afternoon to the Sisters of St. Dominic,
who have charge of St. Mary's school, at
their residence, St. Mary's convent, was
well attended by the ladies of Chelsea
and vicinity, who spent a very enjoyable
afternoon with the Sisters.

Friday evening, the Epworth League
will give a colonial social at the par-
sonage. This will be a Thanksgiving
occasion with music, reading, tableaux,
and refreshments a la colonial. A cor-
dial invitation is extended to the young
people of the congregation and their
friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Michael Wackenhut
have issued cards announcing the mar-
riage of their daughter, Ola M. and Mr.
John Pistor, of Jackson. The marriage
will take place at the bride's home on
Wednesday evening, November 27. The
young couple will make their home in
Jackson.

Vera Boyce, of Lyndon, entertained
twenty-five of her playmates at the home
of her parents last Saturday. The day
was spent in singing, speaking and
games. The occasion was the tenth an-
niversary of the hostess' birth and she
was presented with a number of gifts by
her little friends.

There is an ordinance which prohibits
throwing ashes in the streets. Some of
the residents of Chelsea are in the habit
of throwing ashes from their stoves in-
to the streets. Marshal Young would
like to have the practice stopped or he
will be forced to enter complaint be-
fore a justice of the peace for violating
the ordinance.

Mrs. Edward Gorman having moved
to Detroit, she will sell at public auc-
tion, on her farm, four and one-half miles
north-west of Chelsea, on the Stock-
bridge road, on Monday, November 25th,
commencing at 10 o'clock a. m. the fol-
lowing personal property: Eight head
of horses, fourteen head of cattle, nine-
teen hogs, a fine line of farm tools, a
quantity of hay, grain and bean pods.
Hot coffee and lunch served at noon. E.
W. Daniels, auctioneer.

Standard-Herald liners bring results.

Ladies' Coats.

Misses' Coats.

Children's Coats.



Every garment has the style and snap only to be
found in garments brought out by the largest and best
equipped manufacturers in the land. We have them
here, exact duplicates of the most popular style gar-
ments shown today by the leading large city stores
for Ladies', Misses' and Children's wear.

YOU CAN SAVE MONEY BY BUYING HERE.

Until present lot is closed we are selling a ladies full length,
all wool, satin lined throughout, winter coat at **\$10.00**

Can't be duplicated anywhere at the price. Regular \$18.00 to \$20.00
satin lined coats we are selling at \$12.00 to \$15.00.

Regular \$25.00 and \$30.00 coats we are selling at \$20.00 to \$25.00.



LADIES' FUR COATS.

We are showing a full line of Ladies Fur Coats,
and Caracal Imitation Fur Coats at very
attractive prices.

COAT BARGAINS.

Every Misses and Child's Coat in this house is a
bargain at the price we ask.

COME SEE THE NEW COATS.

W. P. SCHENK & COMPANY

You Take No Risk

When You Buy of Us.

We Guarantee Every Article

as Represented or Your Money Back.

SPECIALS.

For a short time only, we offer in our
Clothing Department

Choice of any Best 50c Necktie at **39c**

Best Shaw-Knit Socks, always **12-2c**
25c, now

Best Canvas Gloves, per pair, **7c**
or four pairs for **25c**

CADET STOCKINGS.

"Cadet Socks" 25c pair and warranted
to wear. We give a new pair for every
pair that does not wear ENTIRELY SAT-
ISFACTORY.

MONEY SAVING SALE.

You can save \$2.00 to \$5.00 on a Suit
or Overcoat, or 10 to 20 per cent on Un-
derwear by BUYING OF US NOW.

H. S. Holmes Mercantile Co.



THE DAY OF NATIONAL
THANKSGIVING

WILL SOON BE HERE AGAIN
when it behooves everyone to think
of the many blessings enjoyed dur-
ing the past year. We will be
closed on that day, but up till then
and afterward we will be there to
attend to your Financial and Bank-
ing Interests with zealous care.

The Kempf Commercial
& Savings Bank

H. S. HOLMES, Pres.
C. H. KEMPF, Vice Pres.
GEO. A. BEGLEY, Cashier.
JOHN L. FLETCHER, Asst. Cashier

We meet all cut prices

GO TO THE

CITY MARKET

For Choice

FRESH MEATS

Salted and Smoked Meats
of all kinds, Sausages and
Bolognas.

DRESSED POULTRY.

We solicit your patronage.

J. G. ADRION.

Free delivery. Phone 61.

We meet all cut prices

Subscribe for The Standard-Herald.